

# Groundwater quality assessment in the Khan- and Swakop-River catchment with respect to geogenic background concentrations of dissolved uranium



Hannover, July 2010



Commissioned by:



Bundesanstalt für  
Geowissenschaften  
und Rohstoffe



Federal Ministry  
for Economic Cooperation  
and Development

Author: Dr. Robert Kringel, Dr. Frank Wagner & Dr. Hans Klinge

Commissioned by: Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development  
(Bundesministerium für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung, BMZ)

Project: Human Resources Development for the Geological Survey of Namibia, Engineering & Environmental Geology Subdivision

BMZ-No.: 2008.2007.6  
BGR-No.: 05-2332  
BGR-Archive No.: 0129666

Date: July 2010



# Summary

**Author:** Dr. Robert Krügel, Dr. Frank Wagner & Dr. Hans Klinge

**Title:** Groundwater quality assessment in the Khan- and Swakop-River catchment with respect to geogenic background concentrations of dissolved uranium

**Keywords:** ephemeral river, geogenic background, groundwater, mine discharge, Namibia, uranium

In 2009, 78 locations were sampled in the catchment areas of the ephemeral Swakop River and the tributary Khan River within the framework of a strategic environmental assessment (SEA) prior to new uranium mining activities. Samples were analysed for main components, dissolved uranium, and trace elements.

Alluvial groundwater in the upper Khan and Swakop River catchments is freshwater of drinking water quality, whereas groundwater in the lower river catchment is saline. Nitrate concentrations are elevated yet below the WHO guideline value apart from a few exceptions.

Potentially toxic trace element concentrations are without critical implications for drinking water quality. Drinking water samples from the municipalities of Swakopmund and Walvis Bay meet the requirements of the Namibian and the WHO drinking water standards. Process and seepage water samples from uranium mines have elevated concentrations of uranium, arsenic and fluoride, manganese and a number of other trace elements like lithium, nickel and cobalt.

Uranium is a common trace element in the groundwater of the catchment and mostly present at elevated concentrations. Only 21 % of analysed groundwater samples have uranium concentrations below the provisional WHO guideline value of 15 µg/L. Six groundwater samples in the vicinity of the Rössing and Langer Heinrich Uranium Mines and the lower Swakop River Valley have uranium concentrations above the regional background level. The chemical composition of water samples alone is insufficient and inconclusive to identify the source for the high uranium level in the respective groundwater samples.

# Table of Contents

1 Background.....	5
2 Objectives .....	5
3 Methods .....	7
3.1 Sampling campaign.....	7
3.2 Analysis .....	7
4 Results .....	9
4.1 Main components and parameters.....	9
4.1.1 Water temperature .....	9
4.1.2 Electrical Conductivity (EC).....	9
4.1.3 Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) .....	11
4.1.4 Cations and anions .....	12
4.1.5 Redox conditions.....	18
4.2 Trace elements.....	21
4.2.1 Uranium.....	21
4.2.2 Other trace elements of concern.....	23
4.3 Classification of water types.....	24
4.3.1 Process water .....	24
4.3.2 Drinking water samples.....	26
5 Conclusions .....	28
6 Extended summary.....	31
7 Acknowledgements .....	32
8 Bibliography .....	33
Appendix .....	34
Analytical methods .....	35
Correlation matrices .....	36
Secondary uranium minerals .....	39
Classification of water types.....	40
Water analysis sheets .....	42

## List of figures

Fig. 1: Location of sampling points .....	8
Fig. 2: Distribution of electrical conductivity in all samples including mine process waters .....	9
Fig. 3: Spatial distribution of electrical conductivity (EC).....	10
Fig. 4: Correlation between TDS and EC for alluvial groundwater samples (S 13 not included) ....	10
Fig. 5: E-W-projection of sampling depth for chloride as a measure of salinity (samples from Rössing and Langer Heinrich mine included) .....	11
Fig. 6: Sodium hazard versus salinity hazard of alluvial groundwater in sampled water <5000 µS/cm.....	11
Fig 7: Piper-diagram of all water samples, colour-table depending on percentiles of EC.....	13
Fig. 8: Br/Cl molar ratios of alluvial groundwater samples .....	14
Fig. 9: Spatial distribution of chloride .....	14
Fig 10: E-W-projection of the molar ratio of chloride to sodium (log10 scale).....	15
Fig. 11: Correlation between sulphate and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater .....	16
Fig. 12: Correlation between boron and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater.....	16
Fig. 13: Correlation between fluoride and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater .....	17
Fig. 14: Correlation between bicarbonate and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater	18
Fig. 15: Spatial distribution of iron (samples from Rössing and Langer Heinrich mine included) ...	19
Fig. 16: Spatial distribution of nitrate in alluvial groundwater .....	19
Fig. 18: Spatial distribution of uranium in alluvial groundwater .....	22

## List of tables

Tab. 1: Groundwater samples with dissolved uranium concentrations above the 90 % percentile.	22
Tab. 2: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved Uranium and other anion-forming elements (red (>0.75) for “strong correlation”, bold black (>0.35) for “positive correlation” and bold blue ( $\leq 0.35$ ) “disputed correlation, but higher than background”. .....	23
Tab. 3: List of water samples from the Langer Heinrich and Rössing uranium mines .....	25
Tab. 4: Chemical composition of water samples from the Langer Heinrich and Rössing uranium mines .....	26
Tab. 5: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved uranium and trace elements .....	36
Tab. 6: Linear correlation matrix of main components .....	37
Tab. 7: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved uranium and other anion-forming elements .....	38
Tab. 8: Secondary uranium minerals containing carbonate as groups; citation: <a href="http://un2sg4.unige.ch/athena/mineral/mineral.html">http://un2sg4.unige.ch/athena/mineral/mineral.html</a> .....	39
Tab. 9: Classification of water types with regard to German hardness, salinity and water type.....	40

## Abbreviations

BGR	Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe (Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources)
GSN	Geological Survey of Namibia
IHF	Institute of Hydrology, Freiburg
LHM	Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine Ltd.
RM	Rössing Uranium Mine Ltd.
SEA	Strategic environmental assessment
TDS	Total dissolved solids
UFZ	Helmholtz Zentrum für Umweltforschung (Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research), Leipzig
WHO	World Health Organization
meq/L	Concentration in milliequivalents per liter solution
mg/L	Concentration in milligramm per liter solution
µg/L	Concentration in microgramm per liter solution

## 1 Background

The current and planned mining activities in the Swakop River Basin and other areas in the Erongo Region will have large impacts on the availability and quality of water resources. In order to minimize negative impacts and to develop environmentally sound strategies for social and economic development, it is of paramount importance to understand the distribution of water resources and the processes affecting them. A Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) has been initiated assessing all the sector development scenarios in the Namib Uranium Province. One part of this SEA is a water quality study conducted under the auspices of the GSN (aiming at establishing baseline water quality values).

The institutions involved in the water quality study were:

- Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe (BGR)), Hannover: Major, minor and trace elements (including uranium)
- Institute of Hydrology (IHF), Freiburg: Hydrofluorocarbon analyses
- Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research (Helmholtz Zentrum für Umweltforschung (UFZ)), Leipzig: Stable isotopes, radionuclides, radon

This report is the hydrogeochemical contribution based on a dataset of 78 water samples collected in June/July 2009. It can be considered as a baseline study before the onset of new, additional mining operations. The report complements other specialized reports within the framework of the “Strategic Environmental Assessment” (SEA), in particular the “Water Balance Study” (BIWAC 2009b).

## 2 Objectives

The **main** objective of this report is to evaluate the groundwater samples from the Swakop River- and the Khan River catchment taken during the sampling campaign 2009 with respect to:

- main chemical components
- classification into different water types
- patterns of dissolved trace elements with special emphasis on uranium.

The discussion of the spatial distribution of the respective parameters is largely based on distribution curves. The distribution curve is also used to define the local geogenic background for dissolved uranium. Other trace elements (As, V, Mo, Th, Ni, Pb and Zn) are briefly discussed. Linear correlations are plotted to identify relationships between trace elements and main compo-

nents.

All alluvial groundwater samples<sup>1</sup> are screened for concentrations above the WHO Groundwater Guidelines values (WHO Groundwater Guidelines 2004) to identify potential health risks. Radiological aspects are not covered in this report.

As a **second** objective, six samples of surface water, process water, and groundwater from the Rössing Mine Uranium Ltd. (RM) and five respective samples from the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine Ltd. (LHM) are analysed for the same range of parameters to characterize their chemical composition with respect to potential groundwater contamination.

As a **third** objective, two drinking water samples from the distribution systems of Walvis Bay and Swakopmund are analysed for the same spectra of parameters like their composition of main constituents and the concentrations of potentially harmful trace elements.

---

<sup>1</sup> A certain number of wells are screened in basement rocks. Groundwater samples are therefore no “alluvial samples” in a strict sense. Alluvial samples therefore stands for samples from boreholes in the Swakop and Khan River valley.

## **3 Methods**

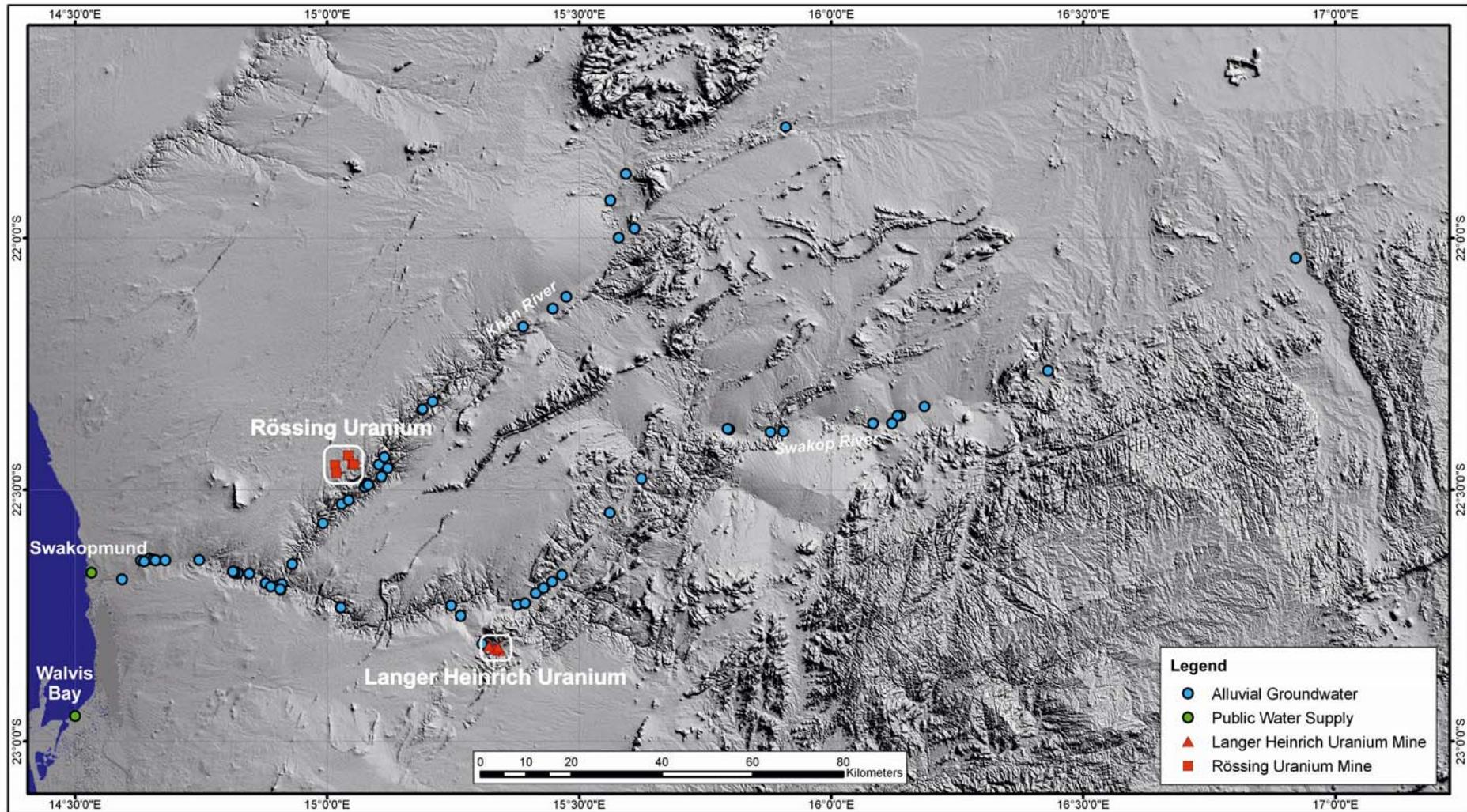
### ***3.1 Sampling campaign***

The field campaign in the Swakop-and Khan River alluvial beds was conducted between June/July 2009 consisting of 2 vehicle teams with local specialists and experts from the involved German institutions BGR, IHF and UFZ. The water samples were extracted by means of sampling pumps (Grundfos MP1) and a low yielding submersible pump mounted on a trailer with generator. For boreholes equipped with pumps, connectors were used to establish take-off points from the well head assembly.

Altogether 78 water samples were extracted, chemically stabilized and subsequently sent to BGR / Hannover for analysis. Physicochemical parameters (T, EC, pH, Eh) and alkalinity were measured during the sampling procedure. For further details please refer to Wagner et al. (2009) and BIWAC (2009b). The location of the sampling points is shown in Fig. 1.

### ***3.2 Analysis***

The samples were analysed for their inorganic chemical components and trace elements in the BGR-laboratories. For selected trace elements such as uranium, arsenic and rare earth elements the quadrupole ICP-MS was applied. The analytical methods applied are described in the appendix of this report.



**Fig. 1: Location of sampling points**

## 4 Results

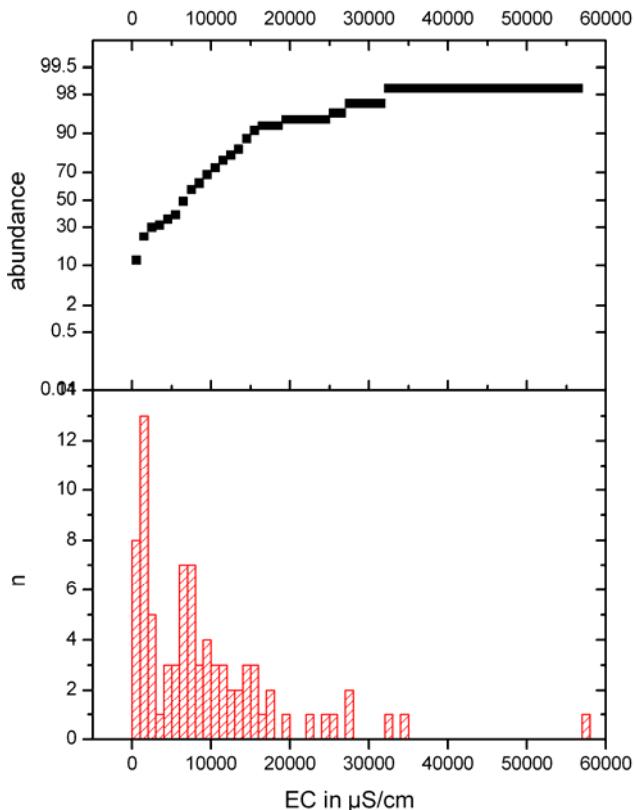
### 4.1 Main components and parameters

#### 4.1.1 Water temperature

The median (p50) temperature of groundwater samples is 27.8°C (min. 18.1°C, max. 31.5°C). As the mean annual temperature is between 16°C and 22°C in the river catchments, the groundwater temperatures are higher than expected. This is most probably due to the fact that measured temperatures from the flow-through cell may include artefacts from warming of the sample by heat dissipation of the pump and heat exchange in the tubing.

#### 4.1.2 Electrical Conductivity (EC)

The mean electrical conductivity (EC) as a measure of salinity of all groundwater samples is 6700 µS/cm (min. 503 µS/cm, max. 34700 µS/cm). The distribution plot of all analysed samples (Fig.



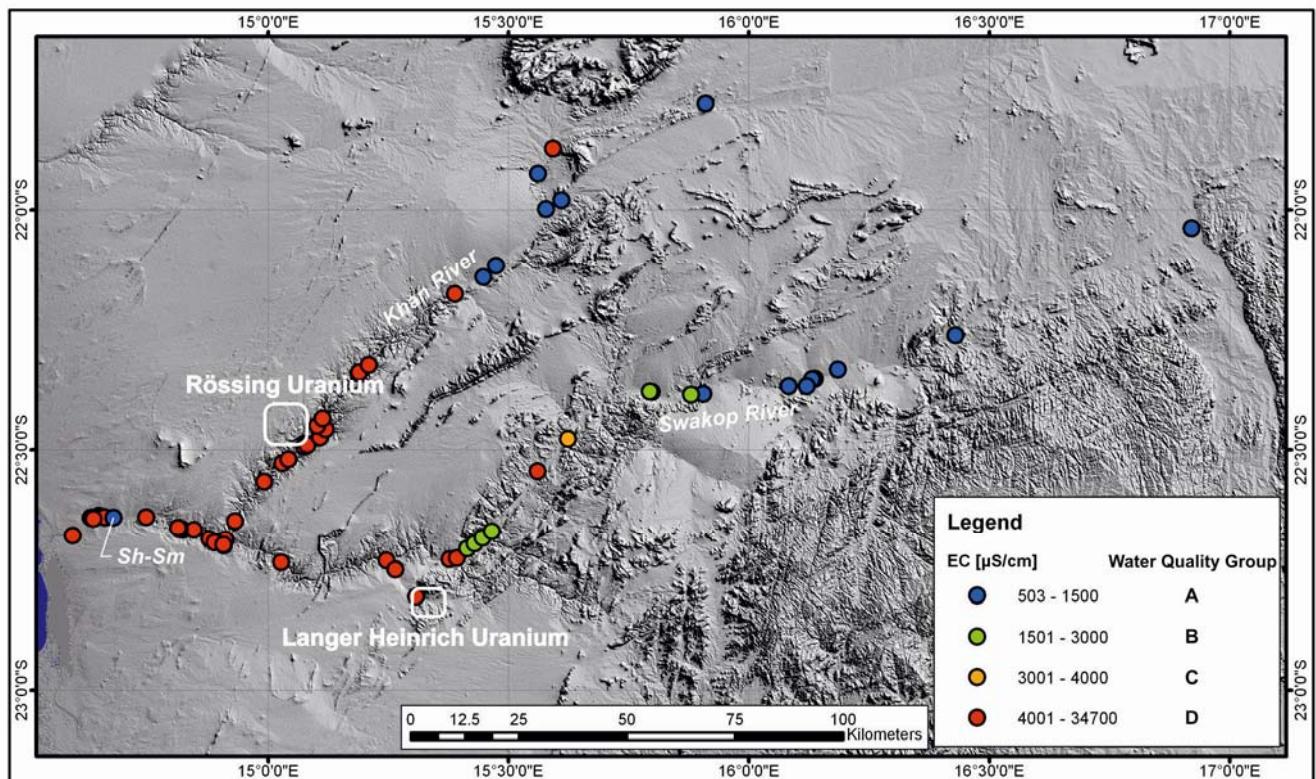
**Fig. 2: Distribution of electrical conductivity in all samples including mine process waters**

2) depicts two maxima, one at 1000 µS/cm and a second one at 7000 µS/cm. Process waters plot above 20000 µS/cm. According to the classification of the Water Act (1956) only 23 groundwater samples (34 %) have an EC making them “acceptable” (B) or “excellent” (A) as a potential drinking water source. The majority of samples (44) are unsuitable for human consumption (group D) because of their elevated salinities.

The spatial distribution of EC from groundwater samples is shown in Fig. 3. In general, the occurrence of low salinity groundwater is restricted to the headwater region of the two rivers. In the downstream region groundwater is saline.

For the Khan River catchment samples with high EC also occur upstream of any

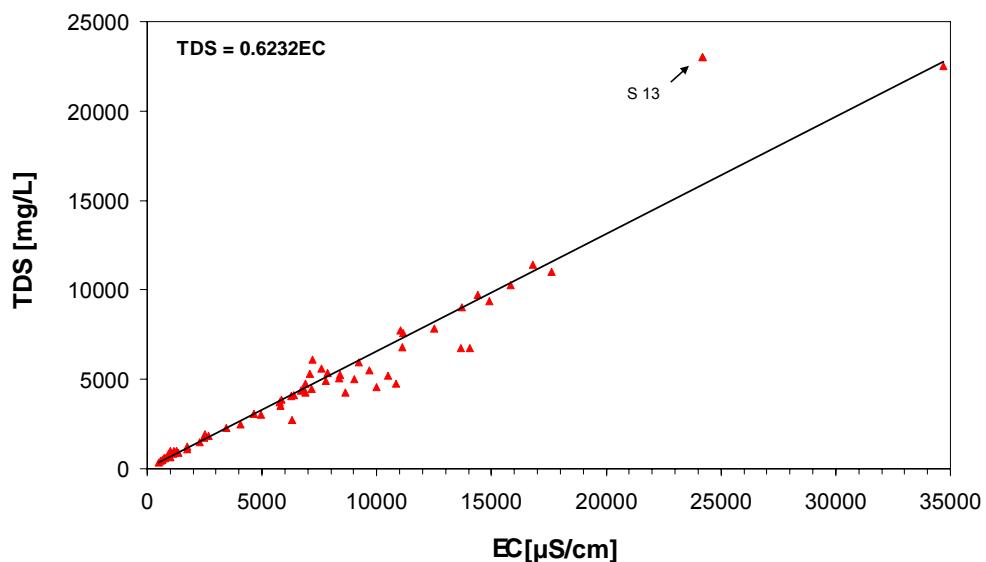
discharge point from the Rössing Uranium Mine Ltd. (RM). Elevated EC is also found upstream of the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine Ltd (LHM). Apart from a few exceptions, samples east of 15.35° latitude are in group “excellent” (A) and “acceptable” (B) while to the west of this latitude the groundwater is in group C or lower, making it unsuitable for human consumption.



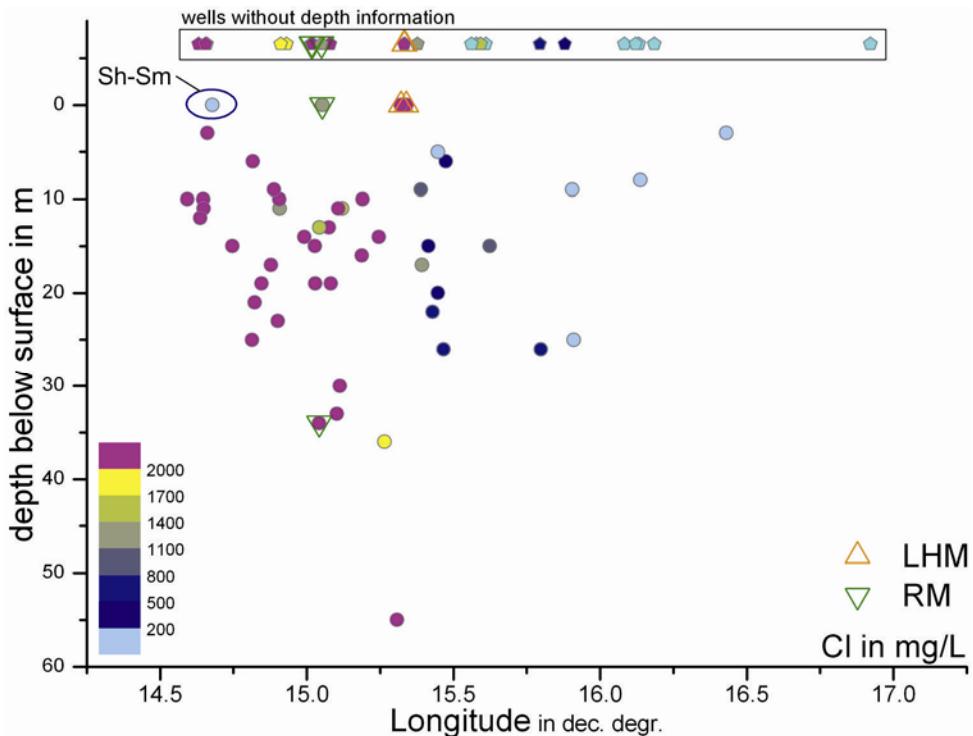
**Fig. 3: Spatial distribution of electrical conductivity (EC)**

The correlation plot (Fig. 4) shows the expected linear relationship between TDS and EC. Sample S13 is an outlier due to an extraordinary high sulphate concentration. Sulphate generally does not contribute to the electrical conductivity of aquatic solutions. The correlation factor between TDS and EC is 0.6232 (Sample S13 not included).

As an exception from the general trend, one sample (SH-SM) in the lower course of the Khan River has a low salinity of 1001  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  (649 mg/L TDS). The sample obviously represents water from a locally occurring freshwater lense on top of the saline water in a generally saline environment (Fig.5).



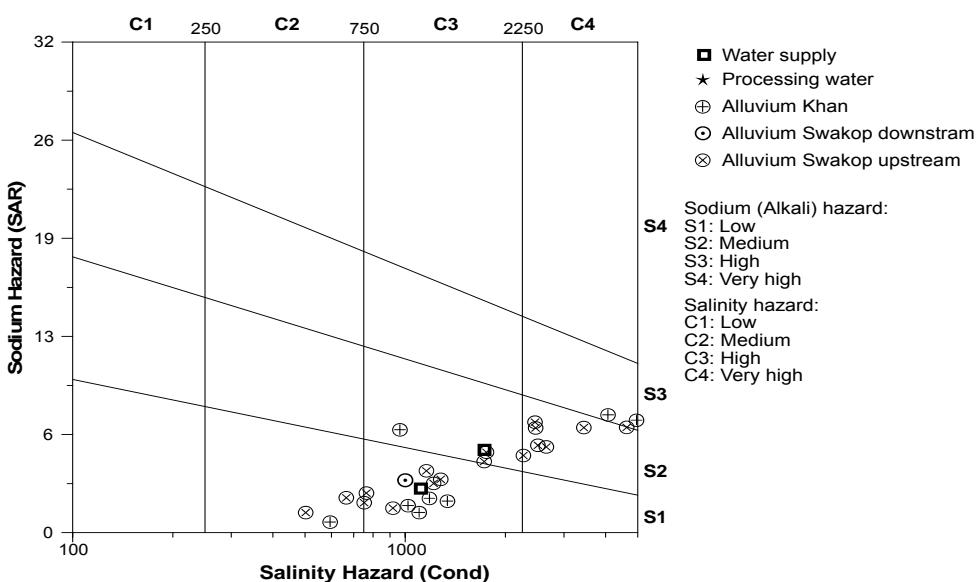
**Fig. 4: Correlation between TDS and EC for alluvial groundwater samples (S 13 not included)**



**Fig. 5: E-W-projection of sampling depth for chloride as a measure of salinity (samples from Rössing and Langer Heinrich mine included)**

#### 4.1.3 Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR)

A classification of the alluvial groundwater with respect to its suitability for irrigation on the basis of the **sodium adsorption ratio** (SAR) in relation to the **salinity hazard** (electrical conductivity) according to Lloyd and Heathcote (1985) is depicted in Fig. 6. The plot includes all groundwater samples with an EC <5000 µS/cm and the samples from the Swakopmund and Walvis Bay public



**Fig. 6: Sodium hazard versus salinity hazard of alluvial groundwater in sampled water <5000 µS/cm**

water supply.

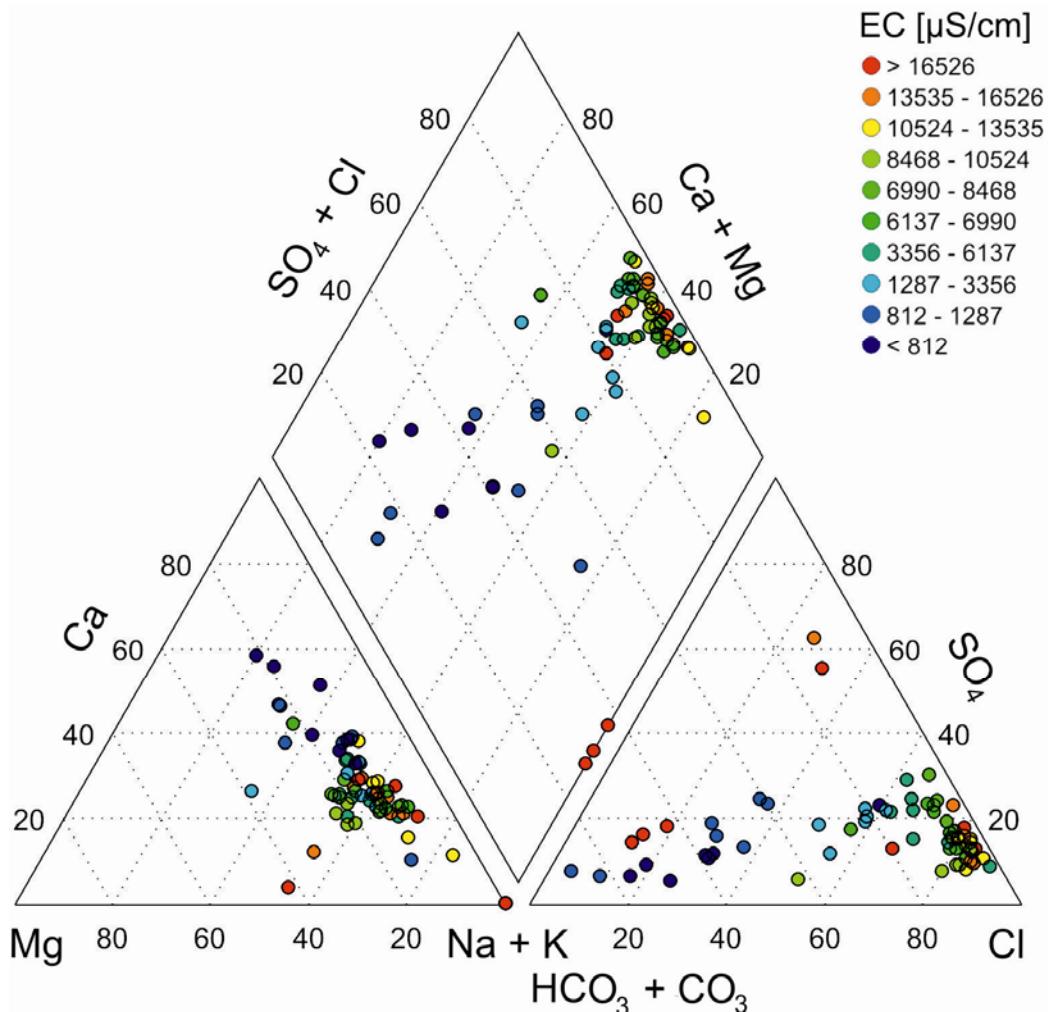
The freshwater samples with an EC <1500 µS/cm plot in the S1 field, saline water samples predominantly have a medium sodium hazard (S 2).

#### 4.1.4 Cations and anions

The Piper-diagram is a useful representation to visualize clusters and chemical trends in water quality for a group of related water samples. All major cations and anions are plotted in their molar concentrations in two ternary and one quaternary diagram (Fig. 7). In order to indicate salinity-dependent chemical trends, the symbols are classified into percentiles with colours assigned according to their EC. As a general rule, samples with low EC are Ca-HCO<sub>3</sub>-dominated waters, while samples with EC above 3000 µS/cm have more than 60 % chloride and sodium. NaCl is therefore the dominant constituent in all alluvial groundwater samples with elevated EC.

In general, the occurrence of saline groundwater, as well as increasing salinity of groundwater downstream of river channel alluvia, is a common phenomenon in arid environments. It is commonly attributed to evapotranspiration and groundwater evaporation, especially in areas with shallow groundwater tables. In coastal regions, sea water intrusions may be an additional source of salinity. Furthermore, in case of the Swakop und Khan River catchments, the elevated salinities could be linked to Tertiary sediments with terrestrial evaporite layers (Proto-Swakop Karfenkliff Formation) (CSIR 1997).

Different sources of salinity may be identified on the basis of bromide concentrations, more specifically their bromide/chloride ratio. During the evaporation process of a sodium chloride-dominate water, bromide is progressively accumulated in the residual brine during the different stadiums of salt precipitation. The bromide/chloride ratio of rock salt (halite) is therefore depleted by a factor of 7 to 13 compared to sea water (HERRMANN et al. 1973). Hence, saline waters formed by dilution of rock salt exhibit a substantially lower bromide/chloride ratio than sea water or saline waters formed by mixing of sea water and freshwater. Because sea salt is the main salt source in rain water, the bromide/chloride ratio of rain water is more or less similar to that of sea water. Saline groundwater, which is formed by evaporation of freshwater, is therefore expected to have a bromide/chloride ratio like that of sea water.



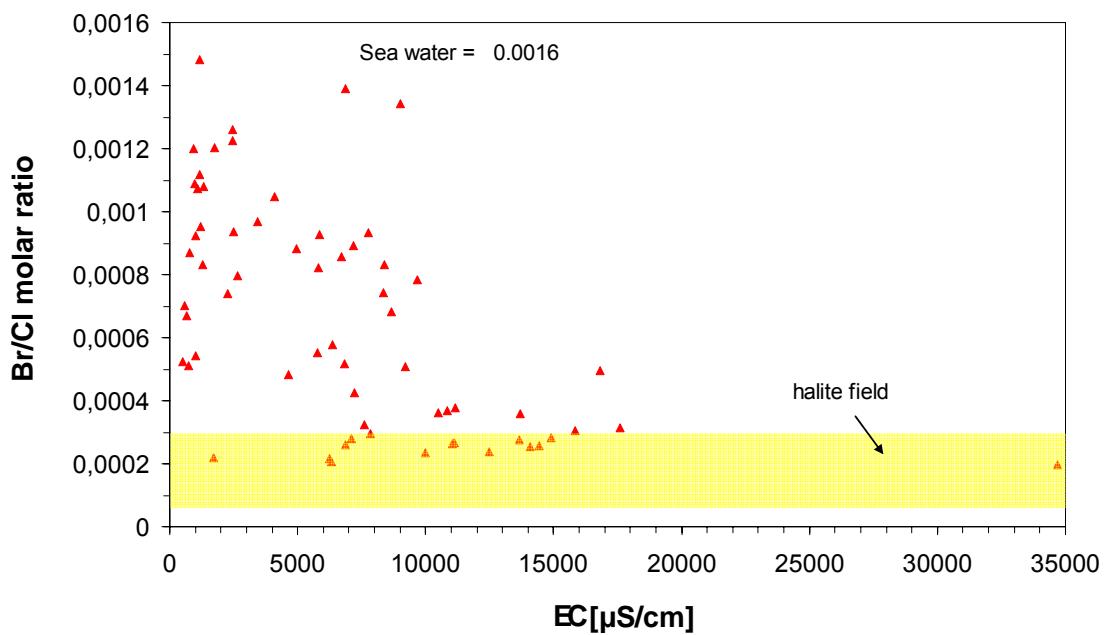
**Fig 7: Piper-diagram of all water samples, colour-table depending on percentiles of EC.**

In Fig. 8 the respective bromide/chloride molar ratios of the groundwater samples are plotted against EC. The plot exhibits two different groups of samples with respect to their Br/Cl ratios:

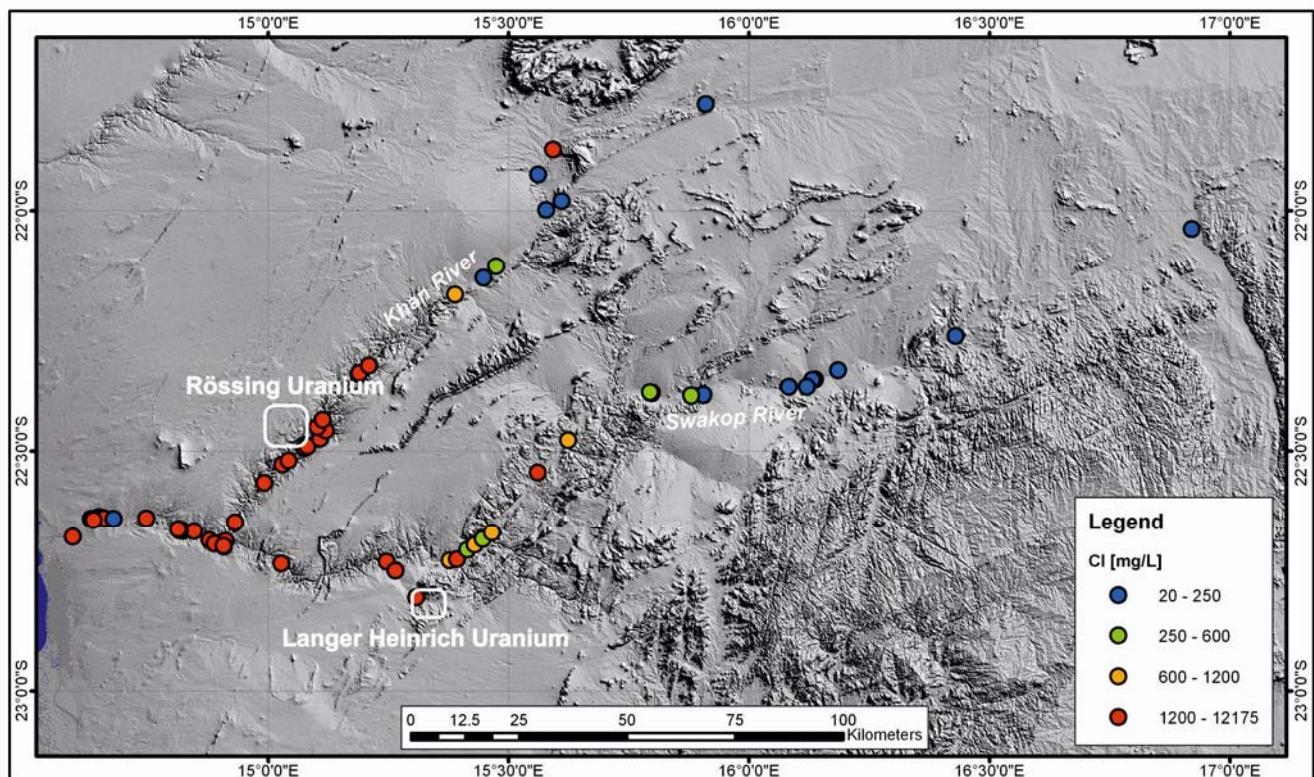
1. Saline water of  $>10000 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  plot in or slightly above the halite field.
2. Water samples with an EC  $<10000 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  exhibit a wide range of values, which are generally substantially higher than the respective sea water ratio.

Fig. 8 therefore supports the hypothesis, that dilution of rock salt is a major source of salinity in alluvial groundwater in the lower Swakop und Khan River valley.

**Chloride** is the dominating anion in saline water. The spatial distribution of **chloride** (Fig. 9) is therefore more or less identical with the EC pattern (Fig. 3).



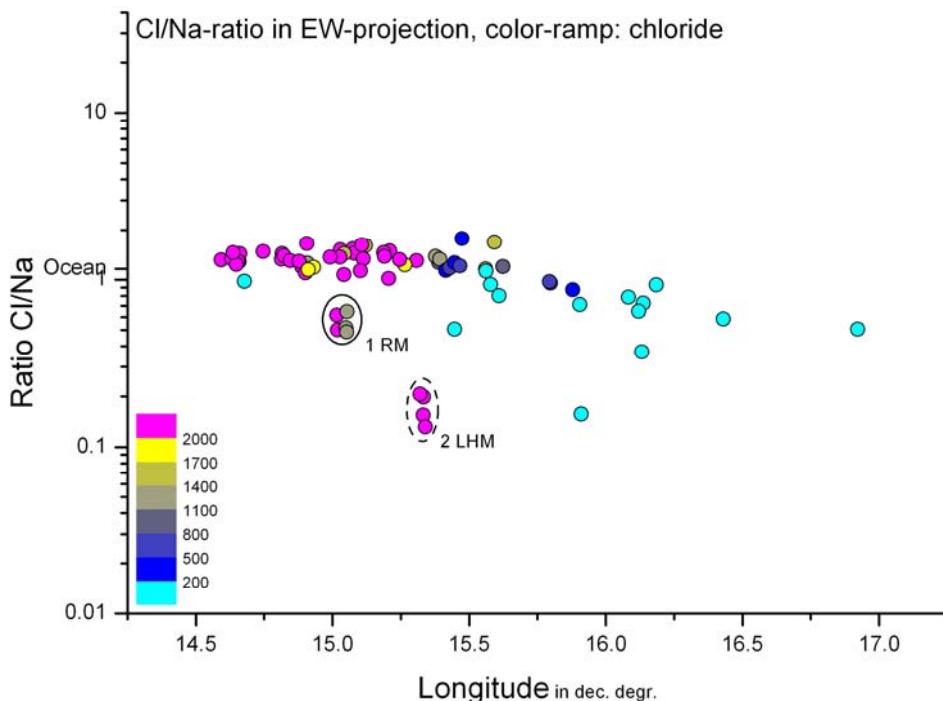
**Fig. 8:** Br/Cl molar ratios of alluvial groundwater samples



**Fig. 9:** Spatial distribution of chloride

In Fig. 10, the chloride/sodium molar ratio is plotted against the longitude of the sampling points. As a general trend, the plot exhibits increasing Cl/Na ratios with increasing water salinity. Freshwater samples have a sodium surplus (Cl/Na ratio <1) whereas saline waters exhibit a sodium deficit relative to chloride. The median (p50) value of all analysed salt water samples is 1.32. The observed

trend is a result of water-rock interaction in fresh and saline water environments. There are two main resources for sodium and chloride in fresh water: a) sea salt in rain water with a Cl/Na ratio of 1.17 and b) the hydrolytic decomposition of silicates, which leads to the release of additional sodium (but not chloride). Freshwater therefore commonly has Cl/Na ratios of <1.

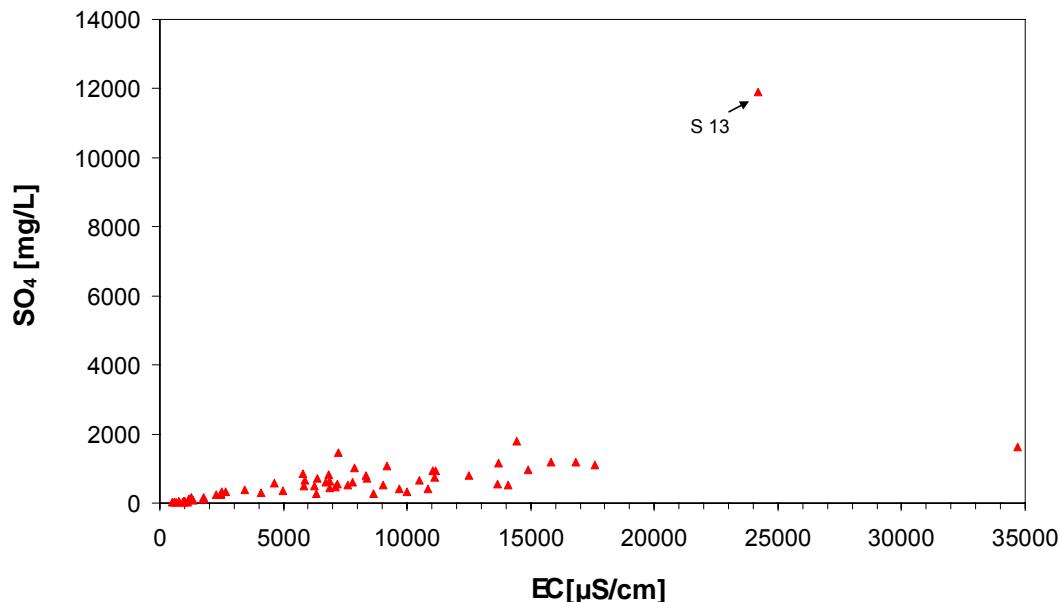


**Fig 10: E-W-projection of the molar ratio of chloride to sodium (log10 scale)**

In saltwater-bearing sediments, the chemical interactions between water and rock take place in a reverse direction: the contact of saltwater with alkali-earth bearing minerals leads to enrichment in calcium and magnesium and a corresponding depletion in sodium in the water. In addition, feldspars and clay minerals become unstable in contact with saline solutions. Weathering reactions give rise to sodium-rich clay minerals and the release of alkali-earth elements calcium, magnesium and strontium. Saline waters therefore do not contain stoichiometric compositions of sodium and chloride as would be expected in saline waters resulting from dilution of rock salt. Instead, they have a sodium deficit with respect to chloride and associated excess alkali-earth elements (KLINGE et al. 2007).

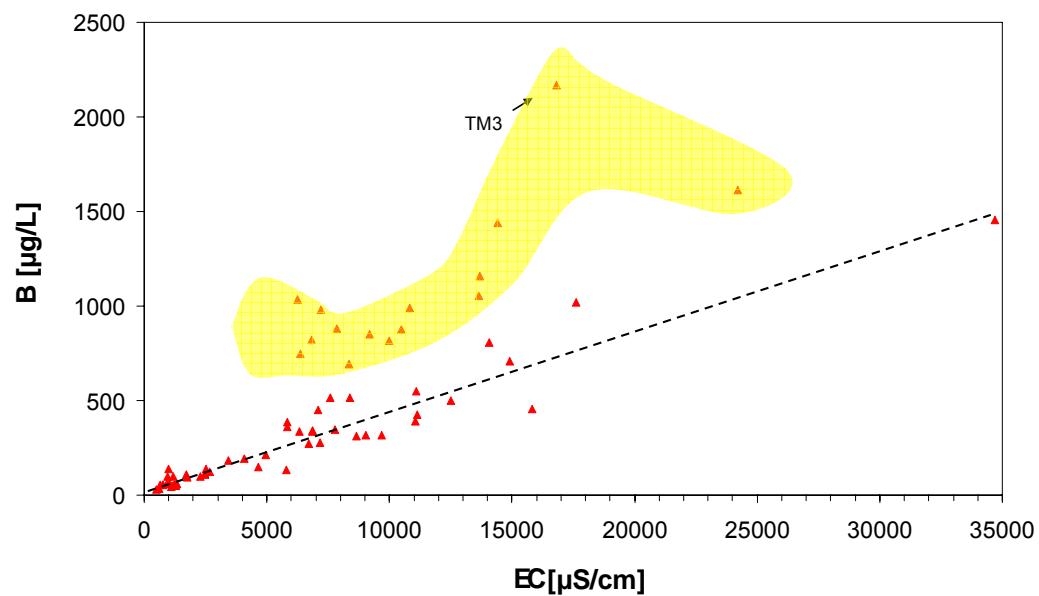
The clusters 1 (RM) and 2 (LHM) of mine water samples in Fig. 10 show the strong influence of mining and processing technology on the Cl/Na ratio. The alkaline sodium bicarbonate extraction method employed at Langer Heinrich Mine (LHM) is clearly visible in cluster 2.

The median (p50) **sulphate** concentration of all water samples is 494 mg/L (min. 18 mg/L, max. 11890 mg/L). The plot of sulphate versus EC (Fig. 11) shows a clear positive relation between sulphate und salinity. The borehole (S13) is located in vicinity to the Rössing Uranium Mine and exhibits an outstanding high sulphate concentration of 11890 mg/L. The chemical composition of this respective sample will be discussed in detail in connection with the spatial distribution of uranium.



**Fig. 11: Correlation between sulphate and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater**

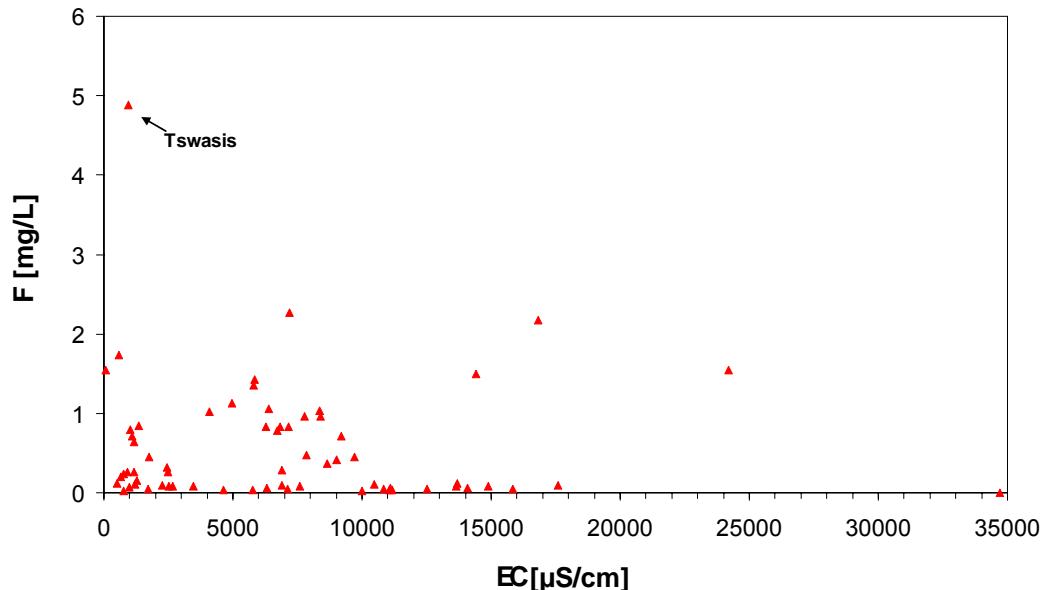
Water Samples also show a positive correlation between boron and EC (Fig. 12). Two groups of samples can be distinguished: a) samples with a linear correlation between boron and EC (hatched line in Fig. 12), b) samples with a higher boron concentration compared to group a) (yellow field)



**Fig. 12: Correlation between boron and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater**

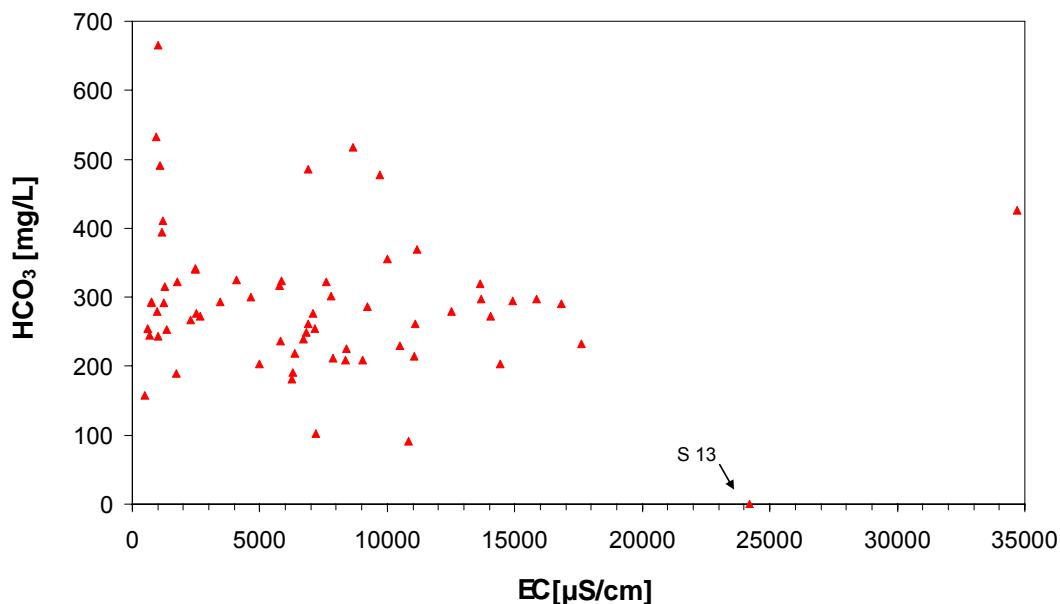
Boron minerals are typically associated with terrestrial evaporites. Group a) therefore represents samples with evaporation and evapotranspiration as the main source of salinity; group b) includes samples with dissolution of rock salt as an additional salinity source. Again there is one outlier (TM3 in vicinity of the Langer Heinrich Mine) with a considerably higher boron concentration.

The median (p50) concentration of **fluoride** is 0.48 mg/L (min. <0.02 mg/L, max. 4.88 mg/L). Unlike boron and sulphate, there is no positive correlation between fluoride and salinity (Fig. 13). Except for one sample, all samples with freshwater quality fall into quality group A (< 1 mg/L F), or group B (< 2 mg/L). One outlier (Tsawasis) has a considerably higher fluoride concentration of 4.9 mg/L which is harmful for human consumption.



**Fig. 13: Correlation between fluoride and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater**

The **pH** of the alluvial groundwater is controlled by the  $\text{HCO}_3^-$  -  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3^*$ -buffer system, where  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3^*$  stands for the sum of carbonic acid and  $\text{CO}_2$ . For alluvial samples, median (p50) is pH 7.01 (min. pH 4.3, max. pH 8.23) and thus clearly not in the alkaline range which would go along with higher concentrations of  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ . In Fig. 14 the bicarbonate ( $\text{HCO}_3^-$ ) concentration is plotted against EC. The majority of samples exhibit bicarbonate concentrations of between approx. 150 and 350 mg/l. A group of freshwater samples from the upper Kahn River catchment and a small number of saline water samples have considerably higher concentrations of up to 666 mg/L. Bicarbonate concentrations at this level are typically found in a carbonate environment. The previously mentioned sample S13 in the vicinity to the Rössing mine is free of bicarbonate due to a pH of 4.3.



**Fig. 14: Correlation between bicarbonate and electrical conductivity (EC) in alluvial groundwater**

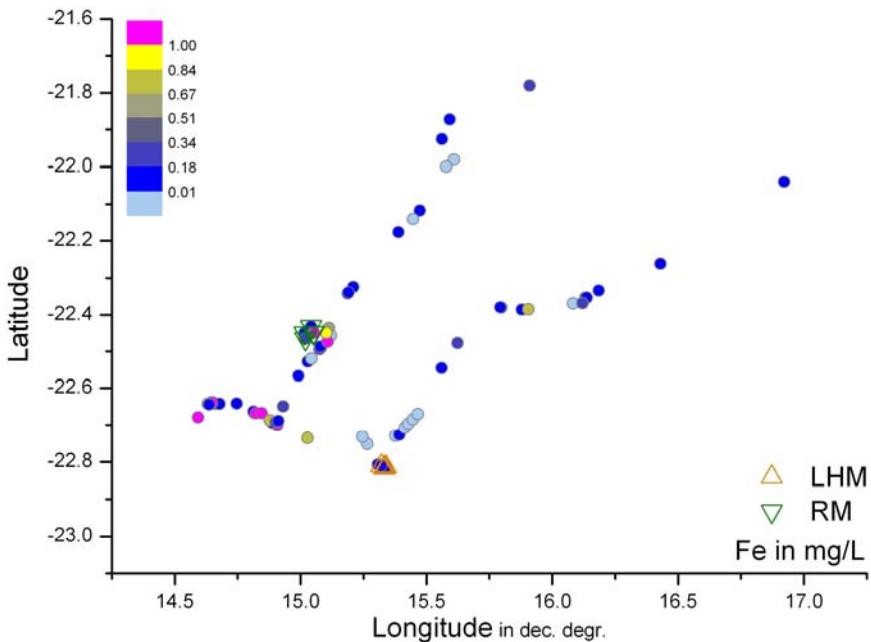
#### 4.1.5 Redox conditions

The oxidation-reduction (**redox**) condition of groundwater is of vital importance because it controls the aqueous speciation of trace elements, in particular of uranium. Uranium is soluble under oxic conditions. **Dissolved iron** in a carbonate buffered groundwater is a robust indicator of reducing conditions. It is present as Fe(II) within the pH-range discussed above. Exposing the water to oxygen would lead to rapid oxidation and subsequent precipitation as Fe(OH)<sub>3</sub>. Median (p50) dissolved iron in alluvial groundwater is 0.173 mg/L (min. <0.003 mg/L, max. 95.2 mg/L). The median value together with the maximum clearly shows, that reducing conditions do exist in the alluvial aquifers of the Khan and the Swakop River at a number of sites. Taking 0.05 mg/L dissolved Fe as an arbitrary value for the onset of iron-reducing conditions, 30 out of 60 alluvial samples could thus be classified as reduced, anoxic groundwater. The spatial distribution of dissolved Fe is given in Fig. 15.

A number of saline water samples from the Swakop River valley downstream of the confluence with the Khan River have elevated iron concentrations of up to 95 mg/L indicating reducing conditions.

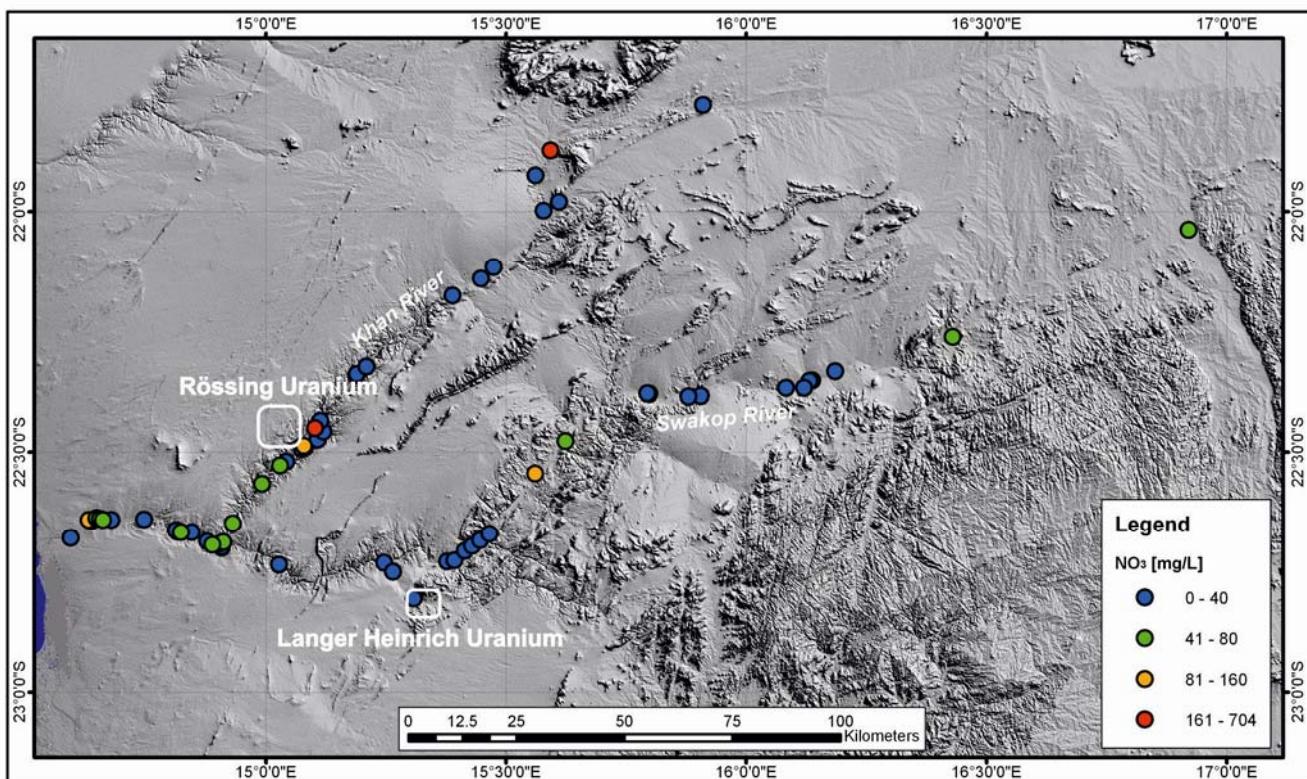
Anoxic groundwater is rarer in subtropical and arid regions than in temperate regions, because of higher rates of organic carbon mineralisation due to increased temperature and much slower and infrequent transport of **TOC** through the unsaturated zone (median (p50) 1.3 mg/L; min. 0.3 mg/L, max. 7.1 mg/L) with high groundwater temperatures.

Other redox-sensitive parameters are the nitrogen compounds: **nitrate** (median (p50) 24.6 mg/L, min. <0.1 mg/L, max. 704 mg/L) for oxic and suboxic conditions, and **ammonia** (median (p50) 0.05 mg/L, min <0.01 mg/L, max. 1.58 mg/L) as well as **manganese** (median (p50) 0.12 mg/L, min. 0.001 mg/L, max. 10.7 mg/L) for anoxic conditions.



**Fig. 15: Spatial distribution of iron (samples from Rössing and Langer Heinrich mine included)**

The spatial distribution of nitrate is shown in Fig. 16. 90 % of the fresh water samples (EC <3000  $\mu\text{cm}$ ) have concentration below 40 mg/L (group A). As a general trend, saline groundwater from the lower Swakop River valley has a higher nitrate level than the fresh water from the headwater region. This may reflect nitrate enrichment due to agricultural activities in this area.



**Fig. 16: Spatial distribution of nitrate in alluvial groundwater**

There are two samples with an outstanding high nitrate concentration of 222 mg/L (S13 in vicinity of the Rossing Uranium Mine) and 704 mg/l (borehole Pos1 in the upper Khan River valley). The reason for such extremely high nitrate levels remains unclear.

## 4.2 Trace elements

### 4.2.1 Uranium

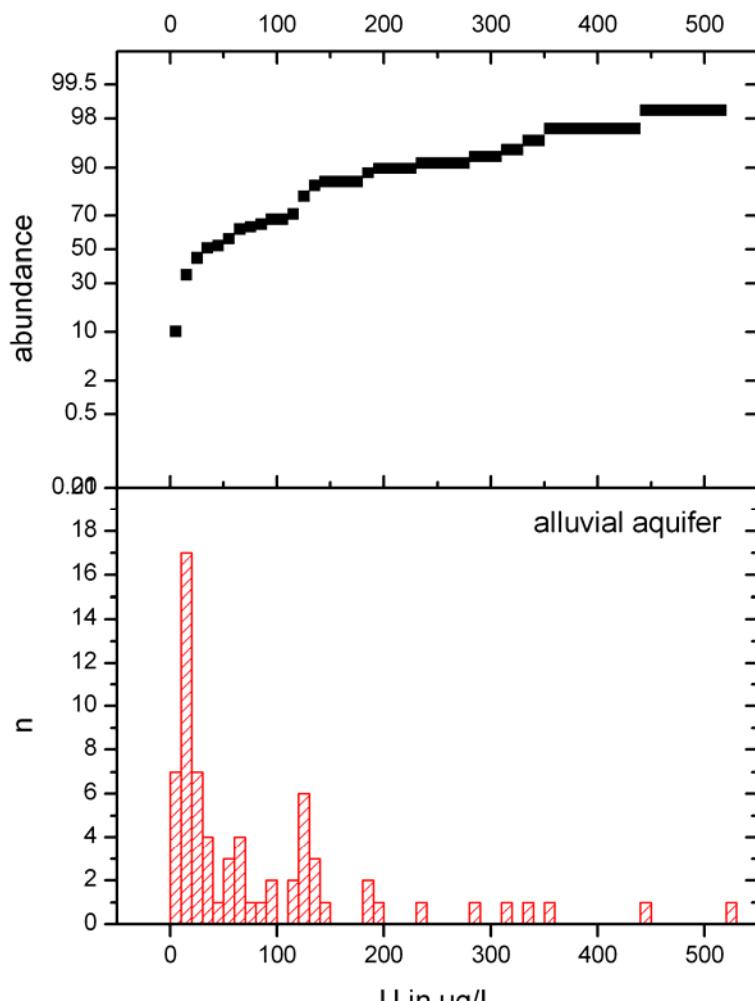
Uranium is widespread in nature occurring in crystalline rocks as well as in sediments. It is present in groundwater as a result of water rock interactions (leaching processes). Due to its toxicity WHO has established a provisional guideline value of 15 µg/L. The guideline value has been designated as provisional because of uncertainties regarding the toxicology and epidemiology of uranium as well as difficulties concerning its technical achievability for smaller suppliers (WHO 2004). The Namibian standard of 1000 µg/L uranium needs to be adjusted to this international standard.

The median (p50) concentration of dissolved uranium (U) in analysed alluvial groundwater samples is 39 µg/L ranging between min. 2 µg/L and max. 528 µg/L (Fig 17). No values below the detection limit were found. U is therefore a common trace metal in the groundwater of the catchment and

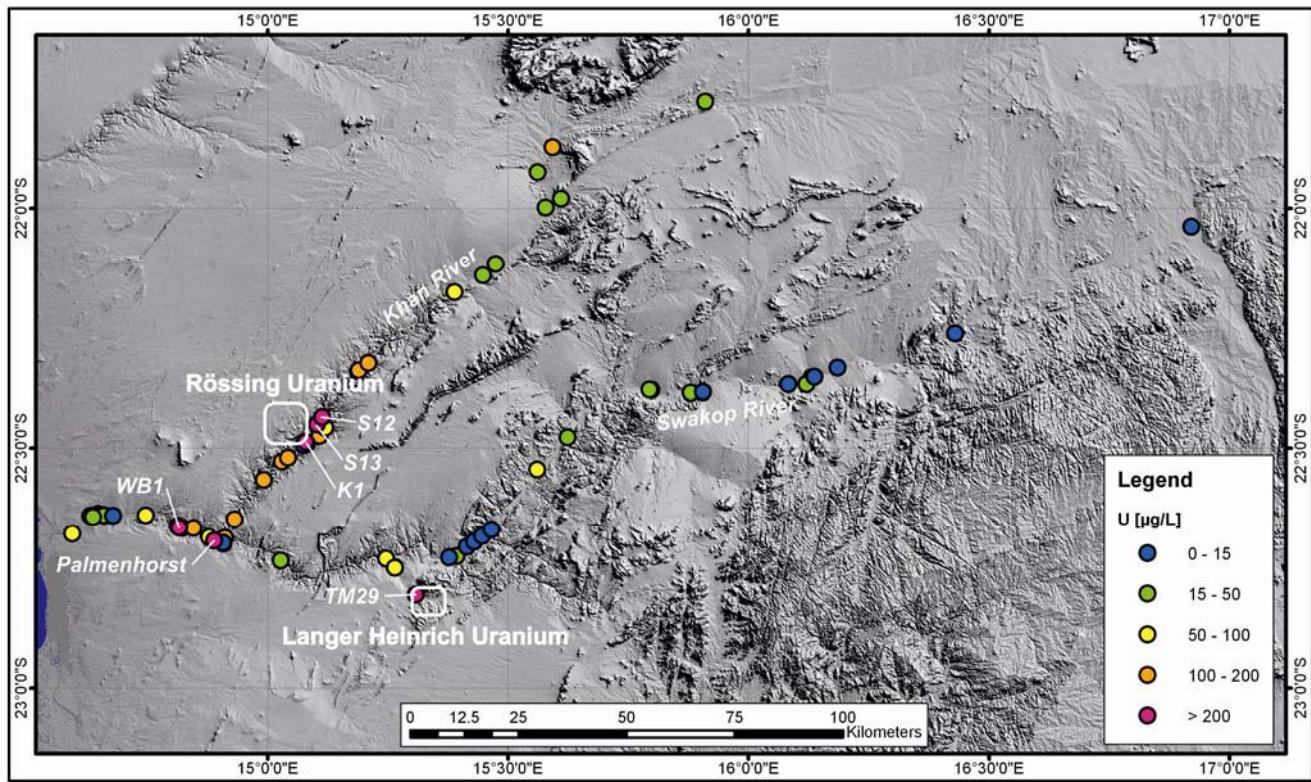
mostly present at elevated concentrations. Only 14 out of 66 of the analysed alluvial water samples (21 %) have uranium concentrations below the provisional WHO guideline value. The spatial distribution of dissolved uranium in the two alluvial valleys is shown in Fig. 18.

The main conclusions which can be derived from the distribution pattern are:

- Fresh groundwater in the headwater region of the Swakop River valley and in the valley upstream of the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine shows low concentrations below the WHO guideline value.



**Fig. 17: Distribution of dissolved uranium in alluvial groundwater. Process water samples from mines are not included**



**Fig. 18: Spatial distribution of uranium in alluvial groundwater**

- Uranium concentrations in the Khan River valley are generally higher than in the Swakop River alluvial valley. The concentrations in freshwater samples from the upper Khan River valley are generally above the WHO guideline value.
- Saline water in the lower part of the Khan River valley and the Swakop River valley downstream from the confluence has considerably higher concentrations of 50 up to 230 µg/L.
- If the 90 % percentile of the alluvial groundwater uranium (U) distribution is chosen to define geogenic background levels, background concentrations would be 230 µg/L. Altogether six groundwater samples have uranium concentrations exceeding 230 µg/L (Tab 1).

**Tab. 1: Groundwater samples with dissolved uranium concentrations above the 90 % percentile**

<b>Sampling Point</b>	<b>Uranium [µg/L]</b>	<b>Location</b>
S12	332	vicinity of Rössing Uranium Mine
S13	354	
K1	449	
TM29	281	vicinity of Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine
WB1	528	Swakop River Valley downstream of the confluence of Swakop and Khan River
Palmenhorst	239	

**Tab. 2: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved Uranium and other anion-forming elements** (red (>0.75) for “strong correlation”, bold black (>0.35) for “positive correlation” and bold blue ( $\leq 0.35$ ) “disputed correlation, but higher than background”.

Korrelationen	TDS	AL_40	ALK	AS_69	CA_40	F_36	FE_40	HCO3_37	K_40	LF_35	LI_40	MN_40	MO_69	NH4_39	NI_69	NO3_36	PB_69	PH_35	PO4_39	SiO2_40	SO4_36	SR_40	TH_69	TOC_81	U_40	U_69	V_69	ZN_40
TDS	1																											
AL_40	0.54	1																										
ALK	-0.04	-0.10	1																									
AS_69	-0.13	-0.03	0.06	1																								
CA_40	0.84	0.07	-0.05	-0.18	1																							
F_36	0.02	0.16	-0.11	0.65	-0.04	1																						
FE_40	0.11	0.02	-0.11	-0.06	0.28	-0.09	1																					
HCO3_37	-0.04	-0.10	1.00	0.06	-0.05	-0.11	-0.11	1																				
K_40	0.78	-0.01	-0.16	-0.12	0.90	-0.01	0.08	-0.16	1																			
LF_35	0.96	0.35	-0.05	-0.13	0.88	-0.06	0.10	-0.05	0.87	1																		
LI_40	0.57	0.99	-0.14	-0.03	0.12	0.22	-0.02	-0.14	0.07	0.39	1																	
MN_40	0.66	0.95	0.04	-0.02	0.24	0.08	0.17	0.04	0.14	0.50	0.93	1																
MO_69	0.12	-0.12	-0.39	0.15	0.25	0.55	-0.12	-0.39	0.38	0.14	-0.02	-0.14	1															
NH4_39	0.16	0.20	-0.15	0.17	0.05	-0.14	0.21	-0.15	0.18	0.20	0.17	0.33	0.02	1														
NI_69	0.54	1.00	-0.13	-0.03	0.07	0.16	0.00	-0.13	-0.02	0.35	0.99	0.95	-0.12	0.19	0.25	1												
NO3_36	0.18	0.25	0.14	-0.10	0.15	0.04	-0.05	0.14	-0.02	0.12	0.26	0.19	-0.04	-0.01	0.25	0.28	1											
PB_69	0.62	0.92	0.12	-0.03	0.22	0.17	0.00	0.12	0.17	0.45	0.93	0.88	-0.03	0.14	0.92	0.28	0.1	1										
PH_35	-0.40	-0.47	-0.13	0.22	-0.19	0.04	-0.01	-0.13	-0.10	-0.30	-0.47	-0.45	0.14	0.02	-0.47	-0.21	-0.45	1										
PO4_39	-0.25	-0.13	0.09	0.17	-0.24	-0.26	-0.10	0.09	-0.22	-0.23	-0.18	-0.22	0.18	-0.13	-0.19	-0.15	0.09	1										
SiO2_40	0.45	0.53	0.05	0.01	0.25	0.46	-0.14	0.05	0.35	0.34	0.62	0.44	0.27	-0.08	0.53	0.18	0.64	-0.35	1									
SO4_36	0.72	0.96	-0.23	-0.09	0.31	0.17	0.03	-0.23	0.22	0.54	0.97	0.94	0.02	0.17	0.96	0.28	0.92	-0.48	-0.21	0.59	1							
SR_40	0.73	-0.13	-0.03	-0.11	0.87	-0.08	0.05	-0.03	0.93	0.86	-0.06	0.03	0.25	0.10	-0.13	0.04	0.03	-0.03	-0.21	0.21	0.09	1						
TH_69	0.42	0.62	-0.15	-0.05	0.11	0.03	0.05	-0.15	0.13	0.36	0.61	0.59	-0.07	0.13	0.61	0.16	0.60	-0.29	-0.11	0.40	0.61	0.05	1					
TOC_81	0.20	0.14	0.23	0.06	0.18	-0.06	0.03	0.23	0.04	0.17	0.14	0.21	-0.17	0.20	0.15	0.61	0.17	0.01	0.28	-0.04	0.15	0.12	-0.01	1				
U_40	0.41	0.07	-0.10	-0.04	0.52	0.11	0.25	-0.10	0.48	0.44	0.11	0.18	0.42	0.34	0.06	0.11	0.07	-0.18	0.01	0.19	0.21	0.45	0.13	0.02	1			
U_69	0.46	0.32	-0.15	0.10	0.39	0.33	-0.09	-0.15	0.44	0.44	0.40	0.35	0.62	0.39	0.32	0.20	0.33	-0.22	-0.03	0.45	0.44	0.36	0.25	0.08	0.71	1		
V_69	0.02	-0.06	0.01	0.47	0.09	0.55	-0.08	0.01	0.27	0.01	0.04	-0.12	0.28	-0.15	-0.06	0.10	0.04	-0.08	0.59	-0.05	0.15	-0.03	0.01	-0.01	0.12	0.1	1	
ZN_40	0.06	0.07	0.34	-0.05	0.10	-0.02	-0.02	0.34	-0.09	0.03	0.08	0.06	-0.15	0.00	0.07	0.84	0.14	-0.11	-0.12	0.03	0.07	0.02	-0.01	0.61	0.05	0.07	-0.04	1
	>0.75																											
	>0.35																											
	=<0.35																											

Additionally a linear correlation matrix has been calculated for uranium from:

- water constituents known to interact with U in aqueous solution
- other trace elements forming anion complexes.

The results are shown in Tab. 2 (ref. appendix for a large copy). To highlight the results, boundaries have been drawn for the mark-up colours: red (>0.75) for “strong correlation”, bold black (>0.35) for “positive correlation” and bold blue ( $\leq 0.35$ ) “disputed correlation, but higher than background”.

Positive correlations with uranium (U) are found in the order of decreasing strength for BO<sub>2</sub>, Mo, TDS, SiO<sub>2</sub>, (SO<sub>4</sub>, K), Li, NH<sub>4</sub>, Sr. For the anion forming trace elements the strongest correlation is found with molybdenum (Mo), while no correlation is found for either vanadium (V) or arsenic (As).

A negative correlation exists with iron (Fe), alkalinity (ALK) and phosphate. A high iron concentration as an indicator of reducing conditions in the aquifer (s.a.) means a low uranium concentration and vice versa. Phosphate anions are part of the structure of a number of secondary uranium minerals, as is the case with hydrogen carbonate. A list of secondary uranium minerals with the carbonate anion in the structure has been compiled by PERROUD (2010) and is included in Tab. 8 in the appendix. The negative correlation with alkalinity might be tentatively interpreted in connection with the strength of calcrete forming processes in the aquifer, but must remain unresolved here.

#### 4.2.2 Other trace elements of concern

Other trace elements of concern including arsenic (As), vanadium (V), nickel (Ni), thorium (Th), molybdenum (Mo) and zinc (Zn) are briefly summarized below. As, V and Mo are chosen for their

anionic properties in aqueous solution. Ni and Zn are chosen as elements which are common and readily solubilize under acidic conditions. The correlation factors are found in Tab. 1 above.

**As** Like uranium arsenic is highly toxic. The WHO guideline value is 10 µg/L. Again the Namibian standard of 100 to 600 µg/L needs to be adjusted to the international standard. The median (p50) concentration of As is 0.1 µg/L (min. 0.12 µg/L, max. 21.4 µg/L) for all alluvial groundwater samples. Only one sample from Tsawisis exceeds the WHO guideline value. Arsenic positively correlates with fluoride and vanadium.

**V** The median (p50) concentration of vanadium is 6.1 µg/L (min. 0.1 µg/L, max. 136 µg/L) for all alluvial groundwater samples. 12 samples have concentrations ≥10 µg/L, which are Arueis, Horebis, Nord, K1, Kranzberg, Naob, Safier, TM29, Tsawisis, Ukuib 1, Ukuib 2, WW25025, and WW41180. Vanadium has a positive correlation with SiO<sub>2</sub> and arsenic. All water samples from LHM have high or extreme concentrations of vanadium, high concentrations of tungsten and other trace elements. Vanadium is not included in the WHO guidelines.

**Mo** The median (p50) concentration of Molybdenum is 4.9 µg/L (min. 0.7 µg/L, max. 33.3 µg/L) for all alluvial groundwater samples. 11 samples have concentrations ≥10 µg/L, which are Borehole 1.6A, Horebis Nord, K1, KEM3, NN1, S12, SH-SM, TM29, TR5A, Tsawisis, WW41180. All values are below the WHO guideline value of 70 µg/L. Mo positively correlates with uranium, fluoride and potassium.

**Th** The median (p50) concentration of thorium is 0.006 µg/L (max. 0.23 µg/L) close to the detection limit for all alluvial groundwater samples. Only 4 samples have concentrations ≥0.1 µg/L.

**Ni** The median (p50) concentration of nickel is 0.5 µg/L (min. <0.3 µg/L, max. 1508 µg/L) for all alluvial groundwater samples. Five samples have concentrations of 2 to max. 9 µg/L, which are well below the WHO guideline value of 20 µg/L. Sample S13 is an outlier with an extremely high concentration of 1508 µg/L. The sample has a low pH of 4.3 and contains elevated concentrations of Al and other trace elements. Nickel positively correlates in the order of decreasing strength with Al, Li, (SO<sub>4</sub>, Mn), Pb, TDS, SiO<sub>2</sub>. It should be noted, that **lead** (Pb) displays a similar pattern.

**Pb** The median (p50) concentration of lead is 0.12 µg/L (min. <0.04 µg/L, max. 3.8 µg/L in sample S13) for all alluvial groundwater samples. The measured concentrations are well below the WHO guideline value of 10 µg/L.

**Zn** The median (p50) concentration of zinc is 0.03 mg/L (min. <0.003 mg/L, max. 2.6 mg/L) for all alluvial groundwater samples. 7 samples have concentrations ≥0.05 mg/L, which are: BH 1.6A, BH1.4, Pos 1, Pos 3, R1, S12, S13. Zinc correlates in the order of decreasing strength with NO<sub>3</sub>, TOC, and bicarbonate. Zinc is not included in the WHO guidelines.

### **4.3 Classification of water types**

A classification of all samples analysed is included in the appendix in Tab. 9.

#### **4.3.1 Process water**

In the course of the sampling campaign water samples were taken on the premises of the Rössing and Langer Heinrich Uranium Mines with the support of both mining corporations. The purpose of this sampling was to chemically characterise process waters and seepage water from the tailings as potential contamination sources.

Five samples were taken on the premises of the **Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd. Mine**. They include one sample from an observation borehole, two samples from production boreholes for process water and two surface water samples from the tailing storage facilities (Tab. 3).

All samples are saline waters with ECs between 12000 and 58000 µS/cm (TDS: 5.2 – 25.9 g/L). Sample LHU 2278 from the observation borehole on one hand, and the process and seepage waters on the other hand have strongly different water chemistries. LHU 2278 is a Na-Cl-type water with a salinity typically found in this region. The water has a slightly elevated uranium concentration of 317 µg/L (background value 230 µg/L, p90), and a low arsenic concentration of 6.5 µg/L. Other trace elements are in a typical range of alluvial groundwater. In contrast to this sample, the process and seepage water samples are extremely alkaline waters with a pH of around 10, high sodium and bicarbonate/carbonate as main constituents as well as high sulphate concentrations. Their chemistry reflects the alkaline extraction methods of the calcrete based mineralization at the LHM. The concentration range of uranium and arsenic are approx. three orders of magnitude and that of fluoride two orders of magnitude above the regional background level. Vanadium is well above 6 mg/L and tungsten is elevated together with a number of rare earth elements (Tab. 4).

**Tab. 3: List of water samples from the Langer Heinrich and Rössing uranium mines**

<b>Mine</b>	<b>Sample No.</b>	<b>Sample type</b>	<b>Field Remarks</b>
Langer Heinrich Mine Uranium Ltd.	LHU 2278	Observation well	upstream of TSF, bailer (3.), casing 10 cm diameter
	LHU-DW11	Production well	production borehole in use
	LHU-TM6	Production well	production borehole in use
	LHU-TSF	Pond	Tailings storage facility, surface water sample
	W.-trench	Pond	protocol is missing
Rössing Mine Uranium Ltd.	RU-D1	Production well	from production borehole around tailings
	RU-DW3	Production well	from production borehole around tailings
	U-N13	Observation well	upstream of tailings, own pump used, casing 20 cm diameter
	RU-SRK1	Borehole	tailings water, seepage from production borehole
	RU-TP	Pond	tailing pond water (surface)
	RU-TP2	Shaft	seepage from tailings dam

Six samples were taken on the premises of the **Rössing Mine** (Tab 3). These include one sample from an observation borehole located upstream form the tailings storage facilities, three samples

from production boreholes and two samples of seepage water from tailing dams. The observation borehole sample RU-N13 is a saline Na-Cl-type water (EC: 25800 µS/cm; TDS: 18.2 g/L) with high calcium and sulphate concentrations and an elevated nitrate concentration of 314 mg/L. The water has a neutral pH around 7 and a low uranium concentration of 118 µg/L. Apart from the elevated nitrate concentration, there is no indication of a contamination through mining activities.

The samples form the production boreholes and from the tailing facilities are Na-SO<sub>4</sub>-Cl- types waters. Compared to sample RU-N 13 the samples have a slightly lower pH. Due to sulphuric acid leaching of the ore bearing felsic uranium host rock the tailing pond samples RU-TP and RU-TP 2 are strongly acidic solutions with zero bicarbonate and elevated iron concentrations. Manganese concentrations are very high in all samples. Uranium concentrations are between 1600 and 3100 µg/L in the groundwater samples and sample RU-TP 2, while the concentration range in RU-TP is one order of magnitude higher (33000 µg/L). In addition, the latter sample has a high arsenic concentration of 500 µg/L whereas the former samples have very low arsenic concentrations. All Rössing Mine samples show elevated concentrations for Li, Ni, and Co, while Pb, Cu, V, Mo, and Cr concentrations are only elevated in the tailings pond sample (Tab 4).

**Tab. 4: Chemical composition of water samples from the Langer Heinrich and Rössing uranium mines**

	Langer Heinrich Mine Uranium Ltd.					Rössing Mine Uranium Ltd.					
sample No.	LHU-2278	LHU-DW11	LHU-TM6	LHU-TSF	W.-trench	RU-N13	RU-D1	RU-DW3	RU-SRK1	RU-TP	RU-TP2
EC [µS/cm]	12100	27700	32000	57800	22500	25800	19180	15500	15990	27500	17000
TDS [mg/L]	5186	26857	29713	40425	25893	18232	14130	14924	10134	29525	11859
pH	7.04	9.5	9.7	10.7	10	7.15	6.72	6.8	6.4	2.1	4.2
Na [mg/L]	1617	9078	10570	16325	9299	5084	2607	2763	1653	1655	1372
K [mg/L]	71.5	150	130	372	139	123	129	226	72	207	47.9
Ca [mg/L]	209	2.75	1.92	1.7	3.4	1298	183	579	193	355	147
Mg [mg/L]	54.6	1.59	0.562	4.37	4.16	292	1161	950	815	1936	1004
Cl [mg/L]	2536	2779	2523	3317	2960	8430	2472	2133	1317	1243	1366
NO <sub>3</sub> [mg/L]	1.55	66.5	66.4	0.16	59.4	314	214	75.4	24.1	133	16.5
SO <sub>4</sub> [mg/L]	320	3611	3738	4867	3415	2578	5883	6837	5083	21615	7390
HCO <sub>3</sub> [mg/L]	355	6622	5557	1056	3918	111	1472	1349	961	0	0
CO <sub>3</sub> [mg/L]	0	4538	7072	14396	6050	0	0	0	0	0	0
U [µg/L]	317	229906	176892	141804	65434	118	2540	3136	1612	33350	2244
As [µg/L]	6.45	554	772	2251	1040	0.36	2.05	0.76	0.73	508	11.1
F [mg/L]	1.19	8.52	53.7	85.5	45.2	2.12	8.96	11.7	9.54	-	28.6
Fe [mg/L]	19.9	0.079	0.078	0.049	0.019	0.014	0.025	0.253	6.49	2381	487
Mn [µg/L]	1235	2.4	6	4.4	134	1.1	26592	19838	79647	1309296	523718

#### 4.3.2 Drinking water samples

Two samples were taken from taps of the Swakopmund and Walvis Bay water supply to get a first indication on trace metal concentration in the public drinking water system. Consequently, metals

contained in alloys used in the tubing and distribution system may be elevated in concentration with regard to groundwater. Drinking water sources are the Omdel dam (Swakopmund) and the Kuiseb River (Walvis Bay).

Both samples have an EC below 2000 µS/cm and a pH in the circum-neutral range.

The **Swakopmund** sample is a hard, slightly brackish water of Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub>-type. With respect to uranium (14.4 µg/L) it is well below the median concentration from alluvial groundwater samples and below, but close to, the provisional WHO Guideline value of 15 µg/L.

The **Walvis Bay** sample is a hard, non-saline water of Na-Ca-Mg-HCO<sub>3</sub>-Cl-SO<sub>4</sub>-type. It has a low uranium concentration of 4.1 µg/L.

Nitrate is below the WHO Guideline value for both samples. All relevant potentially harmful or toxic trace elements, among them fluoride, arsenic, lead and cadmium are well below the WHO guideline value (see appendix).

## 5 Conclusions

The main findings of the water quality study can be summarized as:

- Alluvial groundwater in the upper Khan and Swakop River catchments is Ca-Mg-HCO<sub>3</sub> dominated **freshwater** of “acceptable” (B) or “excellent” (A) quality as a potential drinking water source according to the classification of the Water Act (1956).
- Downstream of the E15.3° longitude the Ca-HCO<sub>3</sub> dominated freshwater of the upper catchment changes into Na-Cl-dominated **saline groundwater** with electrical conductivities of up to 17000 µS/cm (11000 mg/L TDS). The saline water is unsuitable for domestic use. Locally, freshwater lenses exist on top of saline groundwater.
- Apart from evapotranspiration and groundwater evaporation, characteristic bromide/chloride molar ratios as well as high boron concentrations indicate that dissolution of rock salt from evaporitic sediments is most likely a major source of the NaCl in saline water.
- The **pH** of the alluvial groundwater is controlled by the HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> - H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>\* -buffer system and has a median (p50) of pH 7.01. One sample (S 13) in the vicinity to the Rössing mine has an acidic pH of 4.3.
- Nitrate concentrations are largely elevated, but 90 % of the freshwater samples (<3000 µS/cm) have **nitrate** concentrations below the Namibian Drinking Water Standard of 10 mg/L N (40 mg/L nitrate).
- Concentrations of potentially harmful or toxic elements such as **fluoride, arsenic, lead or cadmium** are – with the exception of one or two outliers – below the standard of the Namibian Water Act.
- **Drinking water samples** from the municipalities of Swakopmund and Walvis Bay meet the requirements of the Namibian and the WHO drinking water standards with respect to salinity, main constituents and potentially toxic trace elements.
- **Process and seepage water** samples from the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine are alkaline sodium-carbonate waters with extraordinary high concentrations of uranium, arsenic and fluoride. The respective samples from the Rössing Uranium Mine premises are acidic solutions with elevated concentrations of uranium, manganese and a number of trace elements like Li, Ni, and Co. At both sites, samples from observation wells show no clear indication of contamination by process waters.
- **Uranium** is a common trace metal in the groundwater of the catchment and mostly present at elevated concentrations. To define the geogenic background concentration the 90 % percentile of the alluvial groundwater uranium (U) distribution of 230 µg/L is chosen. Only 21 % of analysed groundwater samples have uranium concentration below the provisional WHO guideline value of 15 µg/L. The natural concentrations are generally higher in the upper Khan

River catchment compared to the upper Swakop River catchment. Saline water samples from lower Swakop River catchment generally exhibit higher uranium concentrations than the respective samples from in the headwater regions.

- Six groundwater samples have uranium concentrations exceeding 230 µg/L (239 - 528 µg/L). Three of the sampling points are located in vicinity of Rössing Uranium Mine, one in vicinity of Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine, and two samples are from wells in the Swakop River Valley downstream the confluence of Swakop and Khan River.

The question to be discussed in this context is whether high concentrations of dissolved uranium in the respective six samples are an indicator for contamination by mine effluents or whether they represent the local natural elevated uranium background level in vicinity to the mines. As far as the samples in the Lower Swakop River valley are concerned a contamination by mine effluents is unlikely for 2 reasons: a) the boreholes are located far downstream from the two mines b) samples from adjacent boreholes have substantially lower uranium concentrations (Fig. 14).

Among the three samples in the vicinity of the Rössing Mine (K1, S12, S 13), sample S12 has a remarkable chemical composition with an acidic pH of 4.3, an extremely high sulphate concentration of 11.90 g/L (!), elevated concentrations of Al, Mn, and trace elements including U, Li, Cu Pb, Zn, Mo and Ce as well as an elevated nitrate concentration. The samples K1 and S13 have a neutral pH and – apart from elevated uranium concentrations – no elevated concentrations of trace elements. As sulphuric acid leaching is applied in the mine, the chemical composition of S12 could theoretically be seen as an indication for a groundwater contamination by process waters from the mine.

On the other hand, the borehole S12 is located in a small tributary, flowing parallel to the Khan outside the surface and groundwater catchment of the Rössing mine. Groundwater was struck in Khan/Rössing formation meta-sediments. The S12 and S13 boreholes are located in an Fe-anomaly area or sulphidic ore, which was delineated already in the 1970s. The acidic pH of groundwater therefore could be a result of oxidization of metal sulphids leading to the pH reduction and release of metals into the groundwater. A report about this issue is currently compiled (pers. communication Arnold Bittner).

The sample TM29 in the vicinity of the Langer Heinrich Mine is a saline groundwater of a regionally typical salinity. Besides an elevated uranium concentration the sample has the highest vanadium concentration of all alluvial groundwater samples. Process water from the mine exhibits very high vanadium concentrations as well. Other trace elements, like arsenic, which are found in high concentrations in mine process waters are at a normal level in sample TM29.

The above discussion shows that the chemical composition of water samples alone is insufficient and inconclusive to identify the source for the high uranium level in the respective groundwater

samples. Further information and data in particular on the local hydrogeological situation have to be considered to clearly identify or exclude a groundwater contamination by mine waters. This may include the installation of a network of quality monitoring wells up and downstream of the mines. The analysis of important daughter elements of the uranium decay series could be a helpful tool to identify different uranium sources.

## **6 Extended summary**

A strategic environmental assessment (SEA) has been initiated to provide a scientific basis for environmental planning and water management prior to an extension of uranium mining activities in the catchment of the Swakop River and the tributary Kahn River. The scope of this study is firstly to assess the groundwater quality in the catchment with regards to a) main chemical components (solutes) and b) dissolved uranium and a limited number of trace elements. Secondly, samples from both currently operating mines are included for characterization of the potential contamination sources. Thirdly, two samples from the public water supply system of Swakopmund and Walvis Bay are analysed. For these objectives 78 samples, most of them groundwater from river alluvium, were sampled in a campaign designed and headed by BIWAC CC / Windhoek. Laboratory analysis was carried out at BGR / Hannover. All analytical results are documented in this report.

Alluvial groundwater in the upper Khan and Swakop River catchments is a Ca-Mg-HCO<sub>3</sub> dominated freshwater of drinking water quality. In the lower river catchments downstream of E15.3° longitude, Na-Cl-dominated saline groundwater, unsuitable for domestic use, is found. Apart from evapotranspiration and groundwater evaporation dissolution of rock salt from evaporitic sediments is most likely a major source of the NaCl in the saline water. Nitrate concentrations are elevated yet below the WHO guideline value (WHO 2004) apart from a few exceptions. Only a few samples are above the WHO guideline values with respect to their main chemical components apart from salinity.

Other trace elements screened in this study, including arsenic (As), vanadium (V), molybdenum (Mo), thorium (Th), nickel (Ni), lead (Pb) and zinc (Zn), showed no elevated concentrations resulting in no critical implications for groundwater quality. These low trace element concentrations, with the exception of uranium, are due to a strongly buffered circum-neutral pH and abundant calcrete in the aquifer.

Drinking water samples from the municipalities of Swakopmund and Walvis Bay meet the requirements of the Namibian and the WHO drinking water standards. Process and seepage water samples from the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine are alkaline sodium-carbonate waters with extraordinary high concentrations of uranium, arsenic and fluoride. The respective samples from the Rössing Uranium Mine premises are acidic solutions with elevated concentrations of uranium, manganese and a number of trace elements like lithium, nickel and cobalt.

Uranium is a common trace element in the groundwater of the catchment and mostly present at elevated concentrations. If the 90 % percentile of the alluvial groundwater uranium (U) distribution is chosen to define geogenic background levels, background concentrations would be 230 µg/L. Only 21 % of the analysed groundwater samples have uranium concentrations below the provisional WHO guideline value of 15 µg/L. The natural concentrations are generally higher in the upper Khan

River catchment compared to the upper Swakop River catchment. Saline water samples from the lower Swakop River catchment generally exhibit higher uranium concentrations than the respective samples from in the headwater regions. Six groundwater samples have uranium concentrations exceeding 230 µg/L (239 – 528 µg/L). Three of the sampling points are located in the vicinity of the Rössing Uranium Mine, one in the vicinity of the Langer Heinrich Uranium Mine, and two samples are from wells in the Swakop River Valley downstream of the confluence of the Swakop and Khan River. The chemical composition of water samples alone is insufficient and inconclusive to identify the source for the high uranium levels in the respective groundwater samples. Further information and, in particular, data on the local hydrogeological situation have to be considered to clearly identify or exclude a groundwater contamination by mine waters. This may include the installation of a network of quality monitoring wells up and downstream of the mines. The analysis of important daughter elements of the uranium decay series could be a helpful tool to identify different uranium sources.

## 7 Acknowledgements

The work of both Namibian field teams and the logistic preparations required for the field campaign (BIWAC) are gratefully acknowledged together with the indispensable work in the laboratory at BGR Hannover, naming Mr. Glatte, Mr. Flohr, Mrs. Degtjarev (main components and traces) and Mr. Harazim and Mr. Lorenz (trace elements including uranium and REE). The fruitful discussions with Mr. Schwarz-Schampera are highly appreciated.

BUNDESANSTALT FÜR GEOWISSENSCHAFTEN UND ROHSTOFFE

Im Auftrag:

(Dr. M. Kosinowski)  
-Abteilungsleiter B2)

Sachbearbeiter:

(Dr. R. Kringel)

(Dr. F. Wagner)

(Dr. H. Klinge)

## 8 Bibliography

- BIWAC (2009a): Strategic Assessment of the Uranium Province: Water Balance Study of the Swakop and Khan Rivers --- Overview of the sampling campaign conducted in June/July 2009. Unpublished report by Bittner Water Consult CC issued by the Ministry of Mines and Energy / Republic of Namibia, August 2009, 14 pages & appendices
- BIWAC (2009b): Groundwater Model for the Swakop-Kahn-system and a water balance assessment as part of the strategic environmental assessment (SEA) --- "Central Namib Uranium Rush", Erongo Region, Namibia. Unpublished draft-report by Bittner Water Consult CC issued by the Ministry of Mines and Energy / Republic of Namibia, November 2009, 60 pages.
- CSIR (1997): An Assessment of the Potential Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Aquifer Recharge Scheme on the Khan River, Namibia. Final Report by CSIR Division of Water, Environment & Forest Technology to Rössing Uranium Ltd., Swakopmund, Namibia.
- DIGITALER ATLAS VON NAMIBIA: web-document: [http://www.uni-koeln.de/sfb389/e/e1/download/atlas\\_namibia](http://www.uni-koeln.de/sfb389/e/e1/download/atlas_namibia) based on: „Atlas of Namibia Project“ (2002): Directorate of Environmental Affairs, Ministry of Environment and Tourism <http://www.dea.met.gov.na>, [http://209.88.21.36/Atlas/Atlas\\_web.htm](http://209.88.21.36/Atlas/Atlas_web.htm).
- GEVERS, T.W. & VAN DER WESTHUIZEN, J.P. (1931): The occurrence of salt in the Swakopmund area, South West Africa. Trans. Geol. Soc. S. Afr., 34, pp 61-80.
- HERRMANN, A.G., KNAKE, D., SCHNEIDER, J. & PETERS, H. (1973): Geochemistry of modern seawater and brines from salt pans: main components and bromine distribution. - Contr. Mineral. and Petrol., Vol. **40**, S. 567-598.
- <http://www.infomine.com/minesite/minesite.asp?site=langerheinrich>
- KLINGE, H., BOEHME, H., GRISSEMAN, C., Houben, G., LUDWIG, R.R., RÜBEL, A., SCHELKES, K., SCHILDKNECHT, F. & SUCKOW, A. (2007): Standortbeschreibung Gorleben, Teil 1, Die Hydrogeologie des Salzstocks Gorleben, Geol. Jb., C71, 147 S., 2007, Hannover.
- LLOYD, J. W. & HEATHCOTE, J. A. (1985): Natural inorganic hydrochemistry in relation to groundwater - An Introduction. Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- MILLER, R. McG. (2008): The Geology of Namibia. Chapter: 25 Namib Group, Vol 3, Geological Survey of Namibia, Windhoek.
- PERROUD, P. (2010) "Athena Mineralogy", Université de Geneve, dynamic web-document, permanently updated at <http://un2sg4.unige.ch/athena/mineral/mineral.html>
- VAN WYK, A.E., STRUB, H. & STRUCKMEYER, W.F. (Eds.) (2001): Hydrogeological Map of Namibia 1 : 1000000. Published by DWA, GSN, Namwater and BGR, Windhoek.
- WATER ACT (1956): "The Water Act (Act 54 of 1956) and its requirements in terms of water supplies for drinking water and for waste water treatment and discharge into the environment", R.S.A., Adopted by the cabinet of the Transitional Government for National Unity in 1.04.1988.
- WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO) (2004): Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality; Vol 1., 3.ed., Geneva [http://www.who.int/water\\_sanitation\\_health/dwq/chemicals/uraniumsum.pdf](http://www.who.int/water_sanitation_health/dwq/chemicals/uraniumsum.pdf)

## Appendix

- Analytical methods
- Correlation matrices
- Secondary uranium minerals
- Classification of water types
- Water analysis sheets

## **Analytical methods**

### **Main components**

Concentrations of main components Na, K, Ca, Mg, B, Al, Si, Mn and Fe and other trace elements including Zn, Cu and others are analyzed from acidified solution with ICP-OES (inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectroscopy) based on standard DIN EN ISO 11885 (1998). The elemental concentrations of S, Cl, P, Br are determined in the oxygen-free chamber. S and P are recalculated to the appropriate oxides present in solution.

### **Trace elements**

Concentrations of trace elements As, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Hg, Mo, Ni, Pb, Pt, Sb, Sn, Tl and Zn are analyzed from acidified solution with quadruple ICP-MS (inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry).

### **Alkalinity**

For the determination of alkalinity (acid neutralizing capacity) of a water sample a 10 mL aliquot of the unfiltered sample is titrated with 0.02 N HCl down to pH=4.3. (DIN 38409, 1979; Schuster, 2002). The Endpoint is determined potentiometrically using a 2-cell pH-glass electrode.

### **Anions**

For the determination of the anions F<sup>-</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, Br<sup>-</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, an IC method (ionic chromatography) based on DIN EN ISO 10304-1 (1995) is used. The anions-peaks are detected by electrical conductivity, following neutralization of the alkaline KOH-eluent with a membrane suppressor technique; H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is used for regenerating the system.

### **TOC/TIC**

The concentration of DOC (dissolved organic carbon) is determined according to DIN EN 1484 (1997). Prior to analysis, TIC (total inorganic carbon) is removed by acidification and sparging with CO<sub>2</sub>-free air. TIC is detected IR-spectrometrically as CO<sub>2</sub>. The remaining non-volatile organic substances are oxidized under CO<sub>2</sub>-free O<sub>2</sub> in the oven and detected IR-spectrometrically as CO<sub>2</sub>. The result is given as NPOC (non purgeable organic carbon). NPOC is molar to DOC for most practical applications in the range of groundwaters.

### **Ammonium**

Ammonium is determined photometrically as a complex based on standard DIN 38406 (1983).

## **Correlation matrices**

**Tab. 5: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved uranium and trace elements**

**Tab. 6: Linear correlation matrix of main components**

Korrelationen	NA_40	K_40	CA_40	MG_40	BA_40	SR_40	FE_40	MN_40	SO4_36	HCO3_36	NO3_36	CL_36	BR_36	F_36	PO4_39	BO2_40	SiO2_40	U_69	NH4_39			
<b>NA_40</b>	1																					
<b>K_40</b>		0.90	1																			
<b>CA_40</b>			0.91	0.90	1																	
<b>MG_40</b>				0.44	0.20	0.29	1															
<b>BA_40</b>					-0.10	0.05	0.07	-0.11	1													
<b>SR_40</b>						0.89	0.93	0.87	0.11	0.05	1											
<b>FE_40</b>							0.08	0.28	0.01	0.19	0.05	1										
<b>MN_40</b>								0.39	0.14	0.24	0.96	-0.05	0.03	0.17	1							
<b>SO4_36</b>									0.43	0.22	0.31	0.99	-0.13	0.09	0.03	0.94	1					
<b>HCO3_37</b>										-0.16	-0.05	0.02	0.24	-0.03	-0.11	0.04	-0.23	1				
<b>NO3_36</b>											-0.04	0.15	0.27	0.54	0.04	-0.05	0.19	0.28	0.14	1		
<b>CL_36</b>												0.99	0.91	0.93	0.39	-0.06	0.91	0.13	0.35	0.39	1	
<b>BR_36</b>													0.62	0.67	0.64	0.79	0.18	0.77	0.02	0.20	0.62	0.04
<b>F_36</b>														-0.05	-0.01	-0.04	0.14	-0.23	-0.08	-0.09	0.08	0.17
<b>PO4_39</b>															-0.20	-0.22	-0.24	-0.20	0.28	-0.10	-0.07	-0.21
<b>BO2_40</b>															0.77	0.85	0.71	0.39	-0.11	0.73	0.00	0.32
<b>SiO2_40</b>															0.30	0.35	0.25	0.55	-0.14	0.21	-0.14	0.44
<b>U_69</b>															0.36	0.44	0.39	0.41	0.03	0.36	-0.09	0.44
<b>NH4_39</b>															0.12	0.13	0.05	0.19	0.22	0.10	0.21	0.33
																>0.75						
																	>0.35					
																	=<0.35					

**Tab. 7: Linear correlation matrix of dissolved uranium and other anion-forming elements**

	TDS	AS_69	BO2_40	BR_36	CL_36	CR_40	F_36	HCO3_37	I_69	MO_69	NO3_36	PO4_36	SO4_36	TIC_81	U_69	V_69	ZN_40
TDS	1																
AS_69	-0.13	1															
BO2_40	0.89	-0.07	1														
BR_36	<b>0.75</b>	-0.06	0.82	1													
CL_36	<b>0.67</b>	-0.16	0.72	<b>0.52</b>	1												
CR_40	<b>0.92</b>	-0.13	0.73	<b>0.74</b>	<b>0.65</b>	1											
F_36	0.21	-0.18	0.37	0.21	-0.06	0.13	0.05	1									
HCO3_37	0.02	<b>0.65</b>	0.18	0.09	0.08	-0.07	-0.09	1									
I_69	-0.04	0.06	-0.14	-0.25	-0.04	0.03	-0.05	-0.16	<b>-0.11</b>	1							
MO_69	<b>0.44</b>	0.09	0.74	<b>0.78</b>	<b>0.42</b>	0.46	-0.04	0.26	-0.18	1							
NO3_36	0.12	0.15	0.49	<b>0.46</b>	0.30	0.24	0.16	-0.03	<b>0.55</b>	-0.39	<b>0.55</b>	1					
PO4_39	0.18	-0.10	0.12	0.12	0.23	0.41	0.04	0.04	0.14	0.07	-0.04	1					
SiO2_40	-0.25	0.17	-0.23	-0.28	-0.37	-0.42	-0.22	0.04	-0.26	0.09	-0.18	-0.22	<b>-0.19</b>	1			
SO4_36	0.45	0.01	0.30	<b>0.60</b>	<b>0.35</b>	0.40	0.25	0.20	<b>0.46</b>	0.05	<b>0.51</b>	0.27	0.18	-0.35	1		
TIC_81	0.72	-0.09	0.51	<b>0.44</b>	<b>0.62</b>	<b>0.39</b>	<b>0.42</b>	0.17	-0.23	0.20	0.02	0.28	-0.21	<b>0.59</b>	1		
U_69	-0.17	0.02	-0.24	-0.23	-0.01	-0.12	-0.08	-0.29	-0.18	<b>0.97</b>	-0.14	-0.33	0.18	0.04	-0.34	1	
V_69	0.46	0.10	0.36	<b>0.66</b>	<b>0.41</b>	<b>0.36</b>	0.18	0.33	-0.15	<b>0.54</b>	<b>0.62</b>	0.20	-0.03	<b>0.45</b>	<b>0.44</b>	-0.29	1
ZN_40	0.02	<b>0.47</b>	0.32	<b>0.36</b>	0.13	0.07	0.05	-0.11	<b>0.55</b>	0.01	<b>0.57</b>	0.28	-0.06	0.59	-0.05	0.12	1
		<b>&gt;0.75</b>															
		<b>&gt;0.35</b>															
		<b>=&lt;0.35</b>															

## Secondary uranium minerals

**Tab. 8: Secondary uranium minerals containing carbonate as groups; citation:**  
<http://un2sg4.unige.ch/athena/mineral/mineral.html>

Mineral	Formula	System	PP
ALBRECHTSCHRAUFITE	Ca <sub>4</sub> Mg(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> F <sub>2</sub> .17H <sub>2</sub> O	A	0
ANDERSONITE	Na <sub>2</sub> Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O	R	1
ASTROCYANITE-(Ce)	Cu+ <sub>2</sub> (Ce,Nd,La,Pr,Sm,Ca,Y) <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	H	0
BAYLEYITE	Mg <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .18H <sub>2</sub> O	M	1
BIJVOETITE-(Y)	[ (Y,REE) <sub>8</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>25</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>16</sub> O <sub>8</sub> (OH) <sub>8</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>16</sub> ] (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>14</sub>	M ps O	0
BLATONITE	(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ).H <sub>2</sub> O	H/R (?)	0
CEJKAITE	Na <sub>4</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	A	0
FONTANITE	Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	O	0
GRIMSELITE	K <sub>3</sub> Na(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O	H	1
JOLIOTITE	(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ).2H <sub>2</sub> O	O	0
KAMOTOITE-(Y)	(Y,Nd,Gd)2U+++++4(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> O <sub>12</sub> .14,5H <sub>2</sub> O	M	1
LIEBIGITE	Ca <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .11H <sub>2</sub> O	O	1
MCKELVEYITE-(Y)	Ba <sub>3</sub> Na(Ca,U)Y(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	A ps R	0
METAZELLERITE	Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	O	0
OSWALDPEETERSITE	(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> .4H <sub>2</sub> O	M	0
RABBITTITE	Ca <sub>3</sub> Mg <sub>3</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (OH) <sub>4</sub> .18H <sub>2</sub> O	M	0
ROUBAULTITE	Cu <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> .4H <sub>2</sub> O	A	0
RUTHERFORDINE	UO <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> )	O	1
SCHROCKINGERITE	NaCa <sub>3</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> )F.10H <sub>2</sub> O	A	1
SHABAITE-(Nd)	Ca(Nd,Y) <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (OH) <sub>2</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O	M	1
SHARPITE	Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> (OH) <sub>4</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O	O	1
SWARTZITE	CaMg(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> .12H <sub>2</sub> O	M	0
URANCALCARITE	Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> )(OH) <sub>6</sub> .3H <sub>2</sub> O	O	0
VOGLITE	Ca <sub>2</sub> Cu++(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> .6H <sub>2</sub> O (?)	M	0
WIDENMANNITE	Pb <sub>2</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	O	0
WYARTITE	CaU+++++(UO <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> (OH).7H <sub>2</sub> O	O	1
ZELLERITE	Ca(UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .5H <sub>2</sub> O	O	0
ZNUCALITE	CaZn <sub>11</sub> (UO <sub>2</sub> )(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (OH) <sub>20</sub> .4H <sub>2</sub> O	A	1

## Classification of water types

Tab. 9: Classification of water types with regard to German hardness, salinity and water type

Sample Id	Sample name	Sample type	classification	Calculated EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	German hardness class	Salinity class	water type
0918578	Arueis	groundwater	alluvial	1262	hard	water	Na-Ca-HCO <sub>3</sub> -Cl-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918579	BH 1.6A	groundwater	alluvial	9238	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918580	BH1.4	groundwater	alluvial	7872	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Mg-Cl*
0918581	BH4	groundwater	alluvial	7698	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Mg-Cl*
0918582	Birkenfels 1	groundwater	alluvial	17944	very hard	salt water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918583	HH production borehole	groundwater	alluvial	4647	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918584	HH 2	groundwater	alluvial	13887	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Cl*
0918585	Hodygos	groundwater	alluvial	757	moderately hard	water	Ca-Na-HCO <sub>3</sub> *
0918586	Horebis Nord	groundwater	alluvial	6490	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918587	K1	groundwater	alluvial	10538	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Cl*-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918588	KEM 3	groundwater	alluvial	5312	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Mg-Cl*
0918589	Kranzberg	groundwater	alluvial	1254	hard	water	Ca-Na-Mg-HCO <sub>3</sub> -Cl
0918590	LHU 2278	groundwater	LHM	8737	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Cl*
0918591	LHU-DW11	groundwater/process	LHM	36512	very soft	salt water	Na*-CO <sub>3</sub> -HCO <sub>3</sub>
0918592	LHU-TM6	groundwater/process	LHM	42294	very soft	salt water	Na*-CO <sub>3</sub>
0918593	LHU-TSF	surface water, pond	LHM	62472	very soft	salt water	Na*-CO <sub>3</sub> *
0918594	LIK 4B	groundwater	alluvial	8664	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Mg-Cl*
0918595	Lilof	groundwater	alluvial	16288	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918596	Marmor	groundwater	alluvial	3740	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918597	Naob	groundwater	alluvial	1371	hard	water	Mg-Na-Ca-Cl*-HCO <sub>3</sub>
0918598	NN1	groundwater	alluvial	6065	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918599	NN2	groundwater	alluvial	551	moderately hard	water	Ca*-Mg-HCO <sub>3</sub> *
0918600	Palmenhorst	groundwater	alluvial	10193	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918601	Pos 1	groundwater	alluvial	7697	very hard	brackish water	Ca-Na-Mg-Cl*
0918602	Pos 3	groundwater	alluvial	1082	hard	water	Ca*-Na-HCO <sub>3</sub> -Cl
0918603	R1	groundwater	alluvial	37725	very hard	salt water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918604	RU-D1	groundwater/process	RM	22071	very hard	salt water	Na*-Mg-SO <sub>4</sub> -Cl
0918605	RU-DW3	groundwater/process	RM	23121	very hard	salt water	Na*-Mg-SO <sub>4</sub> -Cl
0918606	RU-N13	groundwater	RM	30358	very hard	salt water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918607	RU-SRK1	groundwater	RM	15932	very hard	salt water	Na-Mg-SO <sub>4</sub> -Cl
0918608	RU-TP	surface water, pond	RM		very hard	salt water	Mg-SO <sub>4</sub> *
0918609	RU-TP2	leachate, tailings	RM		very hard	salt water	Mg-Na-SO <sub>4</sub> *
0918610	S12	groundwater	alluvial	16915	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO <sub>4</sub>
0918611	S13	groundwater	alluvial		very hard	salt water	Mg*-Na-SO <sub>4</sub> -Cl
0918612	Safier	groundwater	alluvial	4120	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Mg-Ca-Cl*
0918613	SH-EH	groundwater	alluvial	9166	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918614	SH-Hoppe	groundwater	alluvial	19008	very hard	salt water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918615	SH-Mooncity	groundwater	alluvial	11877	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918616	SH-Santa 1	groundwater	alluvial	9622	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918617	SH-SM	groundwater	alluvial	925	moderately hard	water	Na*-Ca-Mg-Cl*-HCO <sub>3</sub>
0918618	Spes Bona	groundwater	alluvial	1052	hard	water	Ca-Na-Mg-HCO <sub>3</sub> *
0918619	SS10C	groundwater	alluvial	11722	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*

0918620	Swakop River - IDA dome	groundwater	alluvial	7344	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918621	Swp small holdings	groundwater	alluvial	13673	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918622	TM29	groundwater	alluvial	19733	very hard	salt water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918623	TR5A	groundwater	alluvial	8804	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918624	Tsawisis	groundwater	alluvial	962	soft	water	Na*-HCO3-Cl
0918625	Ukuib 1	groundwater	alluvial	2702	hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-HCO3
0918626	Ukuib 2	groundwater	alluvial	2794	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-HCO3-SO4
0918627	Valencia springs	groundwater	alluvial	8954	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Mg-Cl*
0918628	WB 1	groundwater	alluvial	7865	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918629	WB 2	groundwater	alluvial	11734	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918630	Western trench	process/groundwater	LHM	38138	very soft	salt water	Na*-CO3
0918631	WH	groundwater	alluvial	1316	moderatly hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-HCO3-Cl
0918632	WW200393	groundwater	alluvial	9604	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Mg-Ca-Cl*
0918633	WW200395	groundwater	alluvial	7276	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Mg-Cl*
0918634	WW200411	groundwater	alluvial	7036	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918635	WW200413	groundwater	alluvial	15635	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918636	WW200414	groundwater	alluvial	8357	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Cl*
0918637	WW25025	groundwater	alluvial	1845	hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl-HCO3
0918638	WW25054	groundwater	alluvial	507	mittelhard	water	Ca*-Na-HCO3*-Cl
0918639	WW25055	groundwater	alluvial	931	hard	water	Ca-Na-Mg-HCO3*
0918640	WW25056	groundwater	alluvial	664	mittelhard	water	Na-Ca-HCO3*-Cl
0918641	WW25575	groundwater	alluvial	1373	hard	water	Na-Ca-HCO3-Cl-SO4
0918642	WW27107	groundwater	alluvial	778	moderatly hard	water	Na-Ca-HCO3*-Cl
0918643	WW41073	groundwater	alluvial	9085	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918644	WW41075	groundwater	alluvial	9204	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918645	WW41076	groundwater	alluvial	7571	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918646	WW41180	groundwater	alluvial	7018	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918647	WW41182	groundwater	alluvial	13125	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918648	WW41183	groundwater	alluvial	5192	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918649	WW41184	groundwater	alluvial	6275	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918650	WW41188	groundwater	alluvial	2356	hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918651	WW41189	groundwater	alluvial	2951	very hard	brackish water	Na-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918652	WW41190	groundwater	alluvial	1738	hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*
0918653	WW41191	groundwater	alluvial	3135	very hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-SO4
0918654	Swakomund	drinking water	tap	1696	hard	brackish water	Na*-Ca-Cl*-HCO3
0918655	Walfishbay	drinking water	tap	1151	hard	water	Na-Ca-Mg-HCO3-Cl-SO4

## ***Water analysis sheets***

Sample-ID

Arueis

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1219 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1262
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	907
pH	7.3	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	3.4	TIC	62.3	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	13.8	0.353	2.7	Cl <sup>-</sup>	165	4.654
Na <sup>+</sup>	136	5.916	45.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	144	2.998
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	22.7	1.867	14.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	292	4.785
Ca 2+	98.8	4.930	37.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	13.9	0.224
	Sum	13.079	Error 3.1%		Sum	12.685

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 18.6

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co 2+	0.049	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	13.9	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	2.00
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	36.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.410	Pb 2+	0.110	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	498
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	13.4								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	640	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	250	F <sup>-</sup>	106	Br <sup>-</sup>	364
Ag	0.002	As	1.07	Ba	98.0	Be	0.005	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.021	Ce	0.009	Cr	0.100	Cs	0.007	Dy	0.001
Er	0.000	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.003	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.005	Lu	0.000
Mo	4.26	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.006	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.81
Sb	0.053	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.82	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.014
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.007	Th	0.001	Ti	0.030
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.000	U	10.00	V	14.3	W	0.105
Y	0.007	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.010				

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID BH 1.6A

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	8390 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	9238
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5292
pH	6.8	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	21.0	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.4	TIC	46.0
------	-----	-----	------

	Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	53.5	1.368	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2437	68.745
Na <sup>+</sup>	1043	45.368	51.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	721	15.011
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	198	16.283	18.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	225	3.687
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	518	25.848	29.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	43.3	0.698
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.86	0.111	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.45	0.057
				Br <sup>-</sup>	4.69	0.059
Sum	89.008		Error 0.8%	Sum	88.309	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	39.6
------------------	------

	Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.056	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.640	Fe 2+	12.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	183
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.540	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.120	Zn 2+	85.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	40.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	960				
Ag	0.081	As	0.870	Ba	36.0	Be	0.013	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.018	Ce	0.016	Cr	0.840	Cs	0.032	Dy	0.004
Er	0.003	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.005	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.015	Lu	0.001
Mo	11.7	Nb	0.008	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.002	Rb	9.97
Sb	0.020	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.26	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.024
Ta	0.008	Tb	0.000	Te	0.020	Th	0.006	Ti	0.050
Tl	0.009	Tm	0.001	U	186	V	5.70	W	0.182
Y	0.032	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.021				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

BH1.4

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	7160 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7872
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4518
pH	6.9	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	17.5	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.6	TIC	58.9	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	44.7	1.143	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2104	59.351
Na <sup>+</sup>	901	39.191	51.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	563	11.722
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	197	16.201	21.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	255	4.179
Ca 2+	378	18.862	25.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	28.7	0.463
Fe 2+	1.10	0.039	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.22	0.028
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.03	0.092	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	4.35	0.054
Sum	75.584		Error 0.4%	Sum	75.853	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 33.8

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	14.0	Co 2+	0.523	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.400	Li <sup>+</sup>	130	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	325
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	380	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.750	Pb 2+	0.090	Zn 2+	85.0		
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	70.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	489	F <sup>-</sup>	836				
Ag	0.006	As	0.830	Ba	67.0	Be	0.010	Bi	0.003
Cd	0.020	Ce	0.134	Cr	0.120	Cs	0.046	Dy	0.009
Er	0.005	Eu	0.005	Ga	0.018	Gd	0.008	Ge	0.090
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.002	La	0.040	Lu	0.001
Mo	6.63	Nb	0.013	Nd	0.029	Pr	0.008	Rb	6.24
Sb	0.014	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.16	Sm	0.009	Sn	0.009
Ta	0.003	Tb	0.001	Te	0.018	Th	0.008	Ti	1.20
Tl	0.010	Tm	0.001	U	92.2	V	3.50	W	0.160
Y	0.055	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.017				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

BH4

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6700 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7698
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4418
pH	7.5	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	17.0	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.5	TIC	52.6
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	44.5	1.138	1.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2047
Na <sup>+</sup>	860	37.408	51.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	600
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	185	15.214	20.9	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	240
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	377	18.812	25.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	28.7
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.87	0.088	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.14
				Br <sup>-</sup>	4.06
Sum	72.719	Error 2.8%		Sum	74.755

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	24.8
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.082	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.410	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	215	Li <sup>+</sup>	119
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	594	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	220	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.360	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.060	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	2.20
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	20.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	210	F <sup>-</sup>	781				
Ag	0.006	As	0.330	Ba	213	Be	0.006	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.054	Cr	0.040	Cs	0.018	Dy	0.004
Er	0.003	Eu	0.010	Ga	0.027	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.070
Hf	0.008	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.015	Lu	0.001
Mo	5.95	Nb	0.009	Nd	0.018	Pr	0.004	Rb	8.95
Sb	0.017	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.04	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.017
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.001	Te	0.045	Th	0.005	Ti	0.420
Tl	0.001	Tm	0.001	U	12.0	V	0.400	W	0.083
Y	0.036	Yb	0.007	Zr	0.019				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Birkenfels 1	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	15840 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	17944
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	10292
pH	6.9	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	38.8	

<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>			
NPOC	1.6	TIC	61.3

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	75.0	1.918	1.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	5087
Na <sup>+</sup>	2226	96.825	54.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1199
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	315	25.905	14.7	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	297
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1040	51.896	29.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	11.9
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.95	0.159	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.72
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.58
Sum	176.710	Error 1.8%		Sum	173.609

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.3
------------------	------

<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.091	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.48	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	12.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	29.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	23.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.03	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.170	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	19.7
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	100.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	51.0				
Ag	0.370	As	0.960	Ba	50.0	Be	0.023	Bi	0.004
Cd	0.121	Ce	0.015	Cr	2.02	Cs	0.025	Dy	0.005
Er	0.007	Eu	0.007	Ga	0.021	Gd	0.013	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.040	Ho	0.002	La	0.020	Lu	0.002
Mo	4.21	Nb	0.025	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.004	Rb	8.85
Sb	0.035	Sc	<1.000	Se	8.14	Sm	0.005	Sn	0.016
Ta	0.008	Tb	0.002	Te	0.092	Th	0.004	Ti	0.160
Tl	0.037	Tm	0.002	U	51.0	V	7.10	W	0.125
Y	0.250	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.011				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID	HH production borehole	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6310	EC, calc. [µS/cm] Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	7.2	

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	33.3	0.852	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1276
Na <sup>+</sup>	656	28.534	65.1	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	280
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	50.8	4.178	9.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	191
Ca 2+	204	10.180	23.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	25.2
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.48	0.057	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.51
	Sum	43.803	Error 3.6%	Sum	45.409

#### **Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	29.7
------------------	------

<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.060	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.13	Fe 2+	6.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	17.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.000	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.190	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.440	Zn 2+	16.7
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	180	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	64.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	609		
Ag	0.015	As	0.620	Ba	40.0	Be	0.008	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.010	Ce	0.008	Cr	0.730	Cs	0.022	Dy	0.001
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.012	Gd	0.003	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.006	Lu	0.001
Mo	4.31	Nb	0.009	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.001	Rb	4.49
Sb	0.018	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.08	Sm	0.004	Sn	0.007
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.000	Te	0.013	Th	0.001	Ti	0.140
Tl	0.007	Tm	0.000	U	27.7	V	6.40	W	0.076
Y	0.011	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.006				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

HH 2

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	11050	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	13887
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	7875
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	33.6		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.7	TIC	48.3
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	56.3	1.440	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3807	107.391
Na <sup>+</sup>	1487	64.680	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	952	19.821
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	182	14.967	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	214	3.507
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1048	52.295	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	5.23	0.084
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	95.2	3.410	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.60	0.037
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	2.11	0.077	Br <sup>-</sup>	2.33	0.029
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.02	0.092			
Sum	137.018	Error 4.6%	Sum	130.886	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	16.9
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	207	Co <sup>2+</sup>	4.89	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.11	Li <sup>+</sup>	19.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	9.91	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.180	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	30.3			Dy
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	10.00	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	682	F <sup>-</sup>	35.0	Gd	0.029	Ge
Ag	0.013	As	0.190	Ba	165	Be	0.007	Bi
Cd	0.011	Ce	0.319	Cr	0.150	Cs	0.045	Lu
Er	0.012	Eu	0.007	Ga	0.108	La	0.121	0.002
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.004	Pr	0.019	Rb
Mo	0.763	Nb	0.032	Nd	0.078	Sm	0.017	10.5
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.68	Th	0.036	Sn
Ta	0.009	Tb	0.003	Te	0.050	V	0.200	3.19
Tl	0.010	Tm	0.002	U	3.81			W
Y	0.131	Yb	0.018	Zr	0.039			0.044

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Hodygos

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	754 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	757
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	634
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	2.4	

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	10.7	0.274	3.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	54.2
Na <sup>+</sup>	69.3	3.014	37.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	35.8
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	19.1	1.571	19.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	293
Ca 2+	64.3	3.209	39.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	60.9
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.438	0.010	0.1		
	Sum	8.092	Error 0.3%	Sum	8.068

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 25.8

Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co 2+	0.041	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	2.47	Fe 2+	142	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	120	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.700	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.310	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	310	NO <sub>2</sub> -	<30.0	BO <sub>2</sub> -	210	F <sup>-</sup>	26.0	Br <sup>-</sup>
Ag	0.004	As	0.600	Ba	204	Be	0.002	Bi
Cd	0.043	Ce	0.014	Cr	0.660	Cs	0.004	Dy
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.008	Gd	0.003	Ge
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.010	Lu
Mo	1.03	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.009	Pr	0.002	Rb
Sb	0.012	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.430	Sm	0.002	Sn
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.003	Th	0.002	Ti
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.000	U	1.97	V	8.10	W
Y	0.009	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.014			

It is a moderately hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID	Horebis Nord		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	5850	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	6490
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	3940
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.4		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.9	TIC	74.4
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	46.0	1.176	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1493	42.116	67.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	835	36.320	58.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	664	13.825	22.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	117	9.622	15.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	324	5.310	8.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	305	15.220	24.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	92.1	1.485	2.4
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.18	0.073	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.65	0.039	0.1
				F <sup>-</sup>	1.42	0.075	0.1
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.20	0.040	0.1
Sum	62.434		Error 0.7%		Sum	62.891	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	53.8
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	14.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.126	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.07	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	108	Li <sup>+</sup>	113
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	11.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.11	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.740	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	12.2
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	180	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0						
Ag	0.053	As	1.47	Ba	44.0	Be	0.003	Bi	0.007
Cd	0.019	Ce	0.082	Cr	1.39	Cs	0.013	Dy	0.008
Er	0.005	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.013	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.011	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.002	La	0.035	Lu	0.001
Mo	16.0	Nb	0.014	Nd	0.035	Pr	0.008	Rb	3.71
Sb	0.049	Sc	<1.000	Se	6.78	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.030
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.002	Te	0.030	Th	0.011	Ti	1.25
Tl	0.007	Tm	0.001	U	68.0	V	14.2	W	0.150
Y	0.046	Yb	0.006	Zr	0.097				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

K1

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	7200 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	10538
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	6136
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	24.5	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.6	TIC	22.0
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	47.9	1.225	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2390	67.419
Na <sup>+</sup>	1074	46.716	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1474	30.689
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	144	11.842	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	103	1.688
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	748	37.325	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	102	1.645
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.34	0.099	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.92	0.092
			F <sup>-</sup>	2.27	0.119
			Br <sup>-</sup>	2.35	0.029
Sum	97.249	Error 4.5%	Sum	101.681	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	39.5
------------------	------

Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.072	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.480	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	24.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	266
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	2.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	20.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.300	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.070	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	22.7
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	10.00	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.106	As	1.18	Ba	22.0	Be	0.042	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.036	Ce	0.011	Cr	0.620	Cs	0.811	Dy	0.002
Er	0.002	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.005	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.100
Hf	0.005	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.008	Lu	0.001
Mo	33.3	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.013	Pr	0.001	Rb	29.3
Sb	0.025	Sc	<1.000	Se	9.74	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.007	Tb	0.000	Te	0.058	Th	0.006	Ti	0.240
Tl	0.033	Tm	0.001	U	449	V	10.3	W	3.90
Y	0.019	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.015				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

KEM 3

Location

alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	4970 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	5312
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	3062
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	11.8	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.1	TIC	44.6
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	32.8	0.839	1.7	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1433
Na <sup>+</sup>	578	25.141	50.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	362
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	133	10.938	22.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	203
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	253	12.625	25.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	28.8
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.77	0.063	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	1.13
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.93
Sum	49.622	Error 4.4%		Sum	51.868

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	30.2
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.082	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.570	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	7.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	103
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.000	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.350	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.040	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	16.4
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	30.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	880				
Ag	0.028	As	0.930	Ba	26.0	Be	0.005	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.021	Ce	0.007	Cr	0.810	Cs	0.017	Dy	0.001
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.008	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.006	Lu	0.000
Mo	15.3	Nb	0.006	Nd	0.005	Pr	0.001	Rb	4.47
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.71	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.020
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.018	Th	0.000	Ti	0.050
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.000	U	65.7	V	5.80	W	0.204
Y	0.009	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.010				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Kranzberg	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1185 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1254
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	980
pH	7.3	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	4.2	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	03	TIC	87.3
------	----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	6.80	0.174	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	130	3.667	27.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	105	4.567	34.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	122	2.540	19.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	41.5	3.413	26.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	411	6.735	50.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	99.4	4.960	37.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	23.7	0.382	2.9
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.16	0.026	0.2	F <sup>-</sup>	0.639	0.034	0.3
Sum	13.151		Error 1.7%	Sum	13.374		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	38.2
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.008	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.720	Fe 2+	9.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	68.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.000	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.080	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.130	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	3.50
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	40.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	420	Br <sup>-</sup>	446		
Ag	0.001	As	2.20	Ba	72.0	Be	0.022	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.006	Ce	0.005	Cr	0.110	Cs	0.028	Dy	0.002
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.004	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.110
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.006	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.17	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.004	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.29
Sb	0.013	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.41	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.003
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.009	Th	0.001	Ti	0.170
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.000	U	22.2	V	26.0	W	0.102
Y	0.016	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.005				

It is a hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID LHU 2278

Location Mine Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	12100	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	8737
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5359
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	7.4		

	Cations			Anions			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	71.5	1.829	2.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2536	71.537	84.8
Na <sup>+</sup>	1617	70.335	78.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	320	6.663	7.9
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	54.6	4.490	5.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	355	5.818	6.9
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	209	10.429	11.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.55	0.025	0.0
Al <sup>3+</sup>	13.9	1.546	1.7	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	2.30	0.024	0.0
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	19.9	0.713	0.8	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	7.75	0.181	0.2
Li <sup>+</sup>	0.758	0.109	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	1.19	0.063	0.1
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.20	0.044	0.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	2.89	0.036	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.44	0.147	0.2				
	Sum	89.651	Error 6.1%		Sum	84.346	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 138

				Trace elements [µg/l]			
				NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	70.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	Pb 2+
Co <sup>2+</sup>	309	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	33.3				
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	66.7						
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.087	As	6.45	Ba	282	Be	0.637
Cd	0.062	Ce	106	Cr	66.6	Cs	11.2
Er	1.15	Eu	0.818	Ga	7.92	Gd	5.67
Hf	0.038	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.487	La	32.4
Mo	220	Nb	1.43	Nd	35.2	Pr	9.37
Sb	0.023	Sc	4.00	Se	4.02	Sm	6.95
Ta	0.121	Tb	0.675	Te	0.079	Th	12.9
Tl	0.448	Tm	0.126	U	317	V	247
Y	107	Yb	0.721	Zr	1.16		W

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID LHU-DW 11

Location Mine Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	27700	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	36512
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	26893
pH	9.5		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	0.1		

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	150	3.836	1.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2779	78.392	18.9
Na <sup>+</sup>	9078	394.867	99.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	3611	75.182	18.1
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1.59	0.131	0.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	6622	108.522	26.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	2.75	0.137	0.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	66.5	1.072	0.3
				CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	4538	151.216	36.4
				PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	8.67	0.089	0.0
				BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	9.30	0.217	0.1
				F <sup>-</sup>	8.52	0.448	0.1
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.38	0.017	0.0
Sum		399.015	Error 4.0%		Sum	415.157	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	15.3
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	38.0	Co 2+	4.72	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	20.3	Fe 2+	79.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	206
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	53.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	3.90	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.520	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	167
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	5.30								
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<100.0								
Ag	0.381	As	554	Ba	12.0	Be	21.8	Bi	0.017
Cd	0.230	Ce	32.4	Cr	17.4	Cs	0.095	Dy	0.417
Er	0.510	Eu	0.017	Ga	0.116	Gd	0.381	Ge	0.450
Hf	0.053	Hg	0.150	Ho	0.132	La	0.232	Lu	0.138
Mo	304	Nb	0.047	Nd	0.547	Pr	0.106	Rb	9.21
Sb	0.113	Sc	<39.0	Se	15.3	Sm	0.204	Sn	<0.003
Ta	0.014	Tb	0.061	Te	0.405	Th	5.61	Ti	1.15
Tl	0.010	Tm	0.106	U	229906	V	6470	W	564
Y	3.50	Yb	0.745	Zr	9.58				

It is a soft Na<sup>+</sup>-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID LHU-TM6

Location Mine Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	32000 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	42294
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	29833
pH	9.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	0.1	

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	130	3.325	0.7	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2523
Na <sup>+</sup>	10570	459.765	99.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	3738
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	0.562	0.046	0.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	5557
Ca 2+	1.92	0.096	0.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	66.4
				CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	7072
				PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	11.4
				BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	7.64
				F <sup>-</sup>	53.7
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.91
Sum		463.255	Error 3.5%	Sum	479.944

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 98.2

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	16.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	2.93	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	16.2	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	78.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	68.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	44.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	50.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	5.25	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.790	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	162
Zn 2+	10.00								
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	316								
Ag	0.150	As	772	Ba	19.0	Be	13.7	Bi	0.012
Cd	0.153	Ce	6.30	Cr	2.85	Cs	0.040	Dy	0.053
Er	0.067	Eu	0.013	Ga	0.250	Gd	0.046	Ge	0.450
Hf	0.060	Hg	0.140	Ho	0.015	La	0.054	Lu	0.013
Mo	158	Nb	0.081	Nd	0.111	Pr	0.021	Rb	10.8
Sb	0.096	Sc	<29.0	Se	17.7	Sm	0.033	Sn	0.009
Ta	0.049	Tb	0.013	Te	0.590	Th	4.16	Ti	0.000
Tl	0.015	Tm	0.012	U	176892	V	2083	W	907
Y	0.316	Yb	0.070	Zr	0.449				

It is a soft Na<sup>+</sup>-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID LHU-TSF

Location Mine Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	57800 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	62472
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	40594
pH	10.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	0.2	

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	372	9.514	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	93.568
Na <sup>+</sup>	16325	710.091	98.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	101.333
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	4.37	0.359	0.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	17.306
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1.70	0.085	0.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.003
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	2.98	0.162	0.0	CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	14396
				PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	12.4
				NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.67
				BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	11.5
				F <sup>-</sup>	85.5
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.67
Sum	720.250	Error 3.3%		Sum	697.022

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 131

Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	28.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	1.96	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	9.33	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	49.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	179
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	30.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	2.44	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	1.02	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	252	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	9.10
Ag	0.090	As	2251	Ba	104	Be	163	Bi	0.017
Cd	0.202	Ce	2.42	Cr	30.8	Cs	0.580	Dy	0.099
Er	0.125	Eu	0.009	Ga	1.07	Gd	0.052	Ge	0.810
Hf	0.111	Hg	0.170	Ho	0.035	La	0.034	Lu	0.037
Mo	216	Nb	0.110	Nd	0.051	Pr	0.009	Rb	52.9
Sb	0.928	Sc	<22.0	Se	10.7	Sm	0.030	Sn	0.037
Ta	0.091	Tb	0.009	Te	0.455	Th	3.07	Ti	0.770
Tl	0.042	Tm	0.022	U	141804	V	141056	W	958
Y	0.618	Yb	0.167	Zr	1.96				

It is a soft Na<sup>+</sup>-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

LIK 4B

Location

alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	7780	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	8664
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4974
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	19.8		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.4	TIC	53.2
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	45.3	1.159	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2358	66.516	78.5
Na <sup>+</sup>	940	40.887	50.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	612	12.742	15.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	225	18.503	22.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	302	4.949	5.8
Ca 2+	422	21.058	25.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	23.0	0.371	0.4
Fe 2+	1.03	0.037	0.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.42	0.033	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.82	0.110	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	5.09	0.064	0.1
Sum	81.779		Error 3.5%		Sum	84.728	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	32.9
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	19.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.223	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.480	Li <sup>+</sup>	133	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	73.0
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.800	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	9.60		
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	230	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	80.0	F <sup>-</sup>	959				
Ag	0.009	As	0.470	Ba	48.0	Be	0.006	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.022	Ce	0.060	Cr	0.160	Cs	0.027	Dy	0.006
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.019	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.017	Lu	0.000
Mo	7.77	Nb	0.009	Nd	0.013	Pr	0.002	Rb	6.86
Sb	0.025	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.52	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.012
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.001	Te	0.017	Th	0.024	Ti	0.410
Tl	0.011	Tm	0.001	U	128	V	4.00	W	0.178
Y	0.033	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.008				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

Lilof

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ )]	14900 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	16288
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	9445
pH	6.8	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	29.7	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.7	TIC	67.4
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$
K <sup>+</sup>	70.9	1.813	1.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4607	129.958	83.1
Na <sup>+</sup>	2332	101.435	62.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	976	20.321	13.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	225	18.503	11.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	294	4.818	3.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	820	40.918	25.1	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	72.3	1.166	0.7
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	7.06	0.161	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.18	0.074	0.0
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.01	0.038	0.0
Sum		162.842	Error 4.0%		Sum	156.380	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	34.0
------------------	------

**Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	8.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.076	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.31	Fe 2+	48.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	46.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	10.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.450	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.060	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.1
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	110	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	81.0				
Ag	0.240	As	0.630	Ba	44.0	Be	0.010	Bi	0.004
Cd	0.047	Ce	0.030	Cr	0.520	Cs	0.044	Dy	0.005
Er	0.004	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.005	Gd	0.004	Ge	0.000
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.011	Lu	0.001
Mo	4.54	Nb	0.007	Nd	0.015	Pr	0.003	Rb	7.29
Sb	0.016	Sc	<1.000	Se	9.95	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.002
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.025	Th	0.011	Ti	0.410
Tl	0.017	Tm	0.001	U	75.3	V	5.80	W	0.121
Y	0.041	Yb	0.006	Zr	0.002				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Marmor	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	3450 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	3740
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	2316
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	7.8	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	10	TIC	65.1
------	----	-----	------

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	33.1	0.847	2.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	816	23.018	62.6
Na <sup>+</sup>	440	19.139	53.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	379	7.891	21.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	81.6	6.711	18.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	293	4.802	13.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	178	8.882	24.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	61.4	0.990	2.7
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.86	0.042	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.83	0.023	0.1
Sum	35.657		Error 3.1%	Sum	36.770		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.0
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.066	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.300	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	215	Li <sup>+</sup>	49.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	26.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	370	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.340	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	7.80
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	120	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1000	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	800	F <sup>-</sup>	81.0		
Ag	0.009	As	1.22	Ba	45.0	Be	0.003	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.012	Cr	0.570	Cs	0.089	Dy	0.002
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.010	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.007	Lu	0.000
Mo	4.71	Nb	0.003	Nd	0.007	Pr	0.001	Rb	2.80
Sb	0.021	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.75	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.003
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.010	Th	0.002	Ti	0.270
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.000	U	29.8	V	8.30	W	0.165
Y	0.009	Yb	0.000	Zr	0.004				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Naob

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ )]	1342 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	1371
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	913
pH	7.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	4.5	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	24	TIC	51.8
------	----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$
K <sup>+</sup>	17.2	0.440	3.2	Cl <sup>-</sup>	271	7.645	55.2
Na <sup>+</sup>	99.3	4.319	31.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	77.9	1.622	11.7
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	64.1	5.271	38.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	253	4.146	29.9
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	73.0	3.643	26.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	22.8	0.368	2.7
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.992	0.023	0.2	F <sup>-</sup>	0.840	0.044	0.3
Sum	13.710		Error 1.0%	Sum	13.848		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	31.6
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [<math>\mu\text{g}/\text{l}</math>]</b>							
Al <sup>3+</sup>	17.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.056	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.38	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	28.0	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	2.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.520	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.130	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	140	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	340	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	260	Br <sup>-</sup>	677	
Ag	0.002	As	6.44	Ba	8.00	Be	0.003	Bi
Cd	0.014	Ce	0.040	Cr	0.100	Cs	0.025	Dy
Er	0.003	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.007	Gd	0.006	Ge
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.025	Lu
Mo	4.33	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.021	Pr	0.006	Rb
Sb	0.034	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.82	Sm	0.005	Sn
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.001	Te	0.006	Th	0.002	Ti
Tl	0.006	Tm	0.000	U	26.9	V	29.2	W
Y	0.022	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.004			0.665

It is a hard Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID

NN1

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	5820	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	6065
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	3557
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.4		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.2	TIC	51.1
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	39.3	1.005	1.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1573
Na <sup>+</sup>	710	30.883	54.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	494
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	113	9.293	16.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	237
Ca 2+	310	15.469	27.3	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	35.4
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.63	0.060	0.1	BO 2-	1.65
				F <sup>-</sup>	1.35
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.00
Sum	56.730	Error 4.4%		Sum	59.260

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	36.6
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co 2+	0.070	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.830	Fe 2+	8.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	127
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	8.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.41	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	11.2
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	40.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00						
Ag	0.022	As	0.800	Ba	27.0	Be	0.004	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.016	Ce	0.027	Cr	1.11	Cs	0.014	Dy	0.003
Er	0.003	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.003	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.011	Lu	0.001
Mo	10.00	Nb	0.006	Nd	0.008	Pr	0.003	Rb	6.54
Sb	0.023	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.42	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.008
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.000	Te	0.020	Th	0.005	Ti	0.400
Tl	0.009	Tm	0.000	U	190	V	7.20	W	0.227
Y	0.024	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.007				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

NN2

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	596 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	551
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	458
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	2.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	10	TIC	47.2
------	----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	4.80	0.123	2.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	35.1	0.990	17.3
Na <sup>+</sup>	24.2	1.053	17.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	17.6	0.366	6.4
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	15.6	1.283	21.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	254	4.163	72.6
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	70.1	3.498	58.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	7.27	0.117	2.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.375	0.009	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	1.73	0.091	1.6
Sum	5.968		Error 4.0%	Sum	5.732		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	27.1
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.022	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.380	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	17.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.000	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.020	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	0.400
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	90.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	6.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	140	Br <sup>-</sup>	57.0		
Ag	0.000	As	2.14	Ba	15.0	Be	0.006	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.005	Ce	0.004	Cr	0.070	Cs	0.006	Dy	0.000
Er	0.000	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.005	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.003	Lu	0.000
Mo	4.94	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.002	Pr	0.001	Rb	0.410
Sb	0.017	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.210	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.014
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.000	Te	0.004	Th	0.002	Ti	0.130
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.000	U	17.1	V	7.60	W	0.268
Y	0.006	Yb	0.000	Zr	0.007				

It is a moderately hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID	Palmenhorst	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	9200 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	10193
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	6010
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	19.8	

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	54.2	1.386	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2454
Na <sup>+</sup>	1328	57.764	58.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1082
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	170	13.980	14.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	287
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	514	25.649	25.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	72.1
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.12	0.094	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.81
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.88
Sum		98.917	Error 1.1%	Sum	97.790

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	35.8
------------------	------

Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.893	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.580	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	54.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	136
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	548	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	30.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.490	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.030	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	2.90
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	100.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	397	F <sup>-</sup>	713				
Ag	0.042	As	0.840	Ba	27.0	Be	0.007	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.051	Ce	0.030	Cr	0.290	Cs	0.014	Dy	0.005
Er	0.004	Eu	<0.001	Ga	0.025	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.010	Lu	0.001
Mo	8.16	Nb	0.007	Nd	0.005	Pr	0.003	Rb	6.82
Sb	0.013	Sc	<1.000	Se	8.23	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.015
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.000	Te	0.058	Th	0.013	Ti	0.080
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.000	U	239	V	8.50	W	0.261
Y	0.024	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.005				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

Pos 1

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6880 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7697
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4819
pH	6.6	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	23.6	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	7.1	TIC	131
------	-----	-----	-----

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	23.4	0.598	0.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1513
Na <sup>+</sup>	581	25.272	34.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	640
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	197	16.201	22.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	486
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	623	31.088	42.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	704
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.22	0.096	0.1	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.58
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	2.60	0.080	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.40
				Br <sup>-</sup>	4.87
Sum	73.366	Error 3.0%		Sum	75.618

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.9
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.197	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	2.15	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	64.0	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	35.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	90.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.390	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.340	
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	289					
Ag	0.008	As	0.570	Ba	406	Be	0.032	Bi
Cd	0.053	Ce	0.073	Cr	0.130	Cs	0.134	Dy
Er	0.009	Eu	0.014	Ga	0.010	Gd	0.020	Ge
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.003	La	0.078	Lu
Mo	1.72	Nb	0.008	Nd	0.059	Pr	0.014	Rb
Sb	0.013	Sc	<1.000	Se	7.46	Sm	0.017	Sn
Ta	0.003	Tb	0.002	Te	0.013	Th	0.006	Ti
Tl	0.018	Tm	0.001	U	141	V	6.60	W
Y	0.149	Yb	0.008	Zr	0.009			

It is a very hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

Pos 3

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1104	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1082
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	902
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	4.5		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.7	TIC	116	Anions		
				Cations	% c <sub>eq</sub>	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
				[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	6.60	0.169		1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3.103
Na <sup>+</sup>	63.3	2.753		23.1	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.643
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	28.1	2.311		19.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.047
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	133	6.637		55.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.080
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.679	0.015		0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	0.038
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	1.21	0.037		0.3		
	Sum	11.931		Error 0.1%	Sum	11.920

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 30.5

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.064	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.45	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	110	Li <sup>+</sup>	33.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	6.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.290	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.310		
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	60.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	36.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	190	Br <sup>-</sup>	273		
Ag	0.001	As	1.17	Ba	42.0	Be	0.019	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.020	Ce	0.006	Cr	0.020	Cs	0.081	Dy	0.001
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.007	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.004	Lu	0.000
Mo	0.850	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.005	Pr	0.001	Rb	0.770
Sb	0.019	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.240	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.003	Th	0.001	Ti	0.190
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.000	U	22.4	V	4.60	W	0.076
Y	0.011	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.007				

It is a hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl-water.

Sample-ID

R1

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	34700	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	37725
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	22569
pH	7.1		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	62.4		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	3.4	TIC	99.0	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	149	3.811	1.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	12175	343.441
Na <sup>+</sup>	5991	260.592	66.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1628	33.895
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	550	45.230	11.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	426	6.981
Ca 2+	1597	79.691	20.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<0.100	
Fe 2+	1.54	0.055	0.0	BO 2-	5.27	0.123
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	2.38	0.087	0.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	5.54	0.069
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	15.2	0.347	0.1			
Sum	389.840	Error 1.4%		Sum	384.514	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	22.2
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co 2+	2.24	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.65	Li <sup>+</sup>	47.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	260
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.33	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.500	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	219				
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	330	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	<20.0				
Ag	0.046	As	2.55	Ba	59.0	Be	0.026	Bi	0.010
Cd	0.029	Ce	0.039	Cr	0.170	Cs	0.141	Dy	0.018
Er	0.004	Eu	0.010	Ga	0.101	Gd	0.003	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.009	Hg	0.060	Ho	0.002	La	0.023	Lu	0.003
Mo	3.36	Nb	0.016	Nd	0.020	Pr	0.006	Rb	12.6
Sb	0.021	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.45	Sm	0.024	Sn	0.015
Ta	0.009	Tb	0.004	Te	0.116	Th	0.003	Ti	0.340
Tl	0.010	Tm	0.002	U	88.1	V	1.000	W	0.273
Y	0.040	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.056				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>salt water.

Sample-ID

RU-D 1

Location

Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	19180 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	22071
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	14286
pH	6.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	52.2	

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	129	3.299	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2472
Na <sup>+</sup>	2607	113.397	50.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	5883
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1161	95.477	42.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1472
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	183	9.132	4.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	214
Li <sup>+</sup>	1.98	0.285	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	15.3
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	25.6	0.932	0.4	F <sup>-</sup>	8.96
NH <sup>4+</sup>	55.6	3.022	1.3	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.84
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.97	0.159	0.1		
	Sum	225.713	Error 2.3%	Sum	220.645

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	48.4
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
	Al <sup>3+</sup>	Co <sup>2+</sup>	17.0	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	10.00	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	25.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	74.0
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.130	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	91.0						
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	80.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.133	As	2.05	Ba	4.00	Be	6.30	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.206	Ce	0.423	Cr	0.310	Cs	0.129	Dy	0.080
Er	0.049	Eu	0.008	Ga	0.466	Gd	0.063	Ge	0.680
Hf	0.060	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.017	La	0.291	Lu	0.008
Mo	20.5	Nb	0.031	Nd	0.182	Pr	0.049	Rb	45.8
Sb	0.023	Sc	<1.000	Se	3.69	Sm	0.053	Sn	0.122
Ta	0.022	Tb	0.012	Te	0.092	Th	0.029	Ti	0.380
Tl	0.089	Tm	0.008	U	2540	V	97.3	W	2.03
Y	0.675	Yb	0.059	Zr	0.259				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

RU-DW3

Location

Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	15500	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	23121
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	15087
pH	6.8		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	53.4		

### Cations

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	226	5.780	2.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2133	60.169	26.5
Na <sup>+</sup>	2763	120.183	50.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	6837	142.349	62.7
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	950	78.125	33.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1349	22.108	9.7
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	579	28.892	12.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	75.4	1.216	0.5
Li <sup>+</sup>	1.19	0.171	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	18.4	0.430	0.2
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	19.4	0.706	0.3	F <sup>-</sup>	11.7	0.616	0.3
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	46.8	2.543	1.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	2.28	0.029	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	7.52	0.172	0.1				
	Sum	236.597	Error 4.2%		Sum	226.916	

### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	66.4
------------------	------

### Trace elements [µg/l]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	93.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	29.0	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	7.18	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	253	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	62.9
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.350	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	37.3						
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	60.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.069	As	0.760	Ba	11.0	Be	5.38	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.185	Ce	0.708	Cr	10.7	Cs	0.509	Dy	0.283
Er	0.274	Eu	0.012	Ga	0.399	Gd	0.172	Ge	0.630
Hf	0.017	Hg	<0.010	Ho	0.084	La	0.342	Lu	0.034
Mo	68.6	Nb	0.110	Nd	0.267	Pr	0.060	Rb	65.1
Sb	0.022	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.58	Sm	0.102	Sn	0.181
Ta	0.016	Tb	0.041	Te	0.118	Th	0.186	Ti	11.1
Tl	0.239	Tm	0.039	U	3136	V	13.6	W	0.154
Y	2.55	Yb	0.252	Zr	0.166				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID RU-N13

Location Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	25800 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	30358
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	18314
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	44.3	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.2	TIC	21.9
------	-----	-----	------

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		% c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	123	3.146	Cl <sup>-</sup>	8430	237.800
Na <sup>+</sup>	5084	221.140	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	2578	53.675
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	292	24.013	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	111	1.819
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1298	64.770	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	314	5.064
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	14.8	0.338	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	17.2	0.402
			F <sup>-</sup>	2.12	0.112
			Br <sup>-</sup>	9.80	0.123
Sum	313.454	Error 4.7%	Sum	298.993	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	39.3
------------------	------

<b>Trace elements [<math>\mu\text{g}/\text{l}</math>]</b>								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	7.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.101	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.48	Fe 2+	14.0	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	9.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	20.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.810	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.250	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	20.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<100.0					
Ag	0.159	As	0.360	Ba	3.00	Be	0.059	Bi
Cd	0.129	Ce	0.027	Cr	0.660	Cs	2.34	Dy
Er	0.008	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.036	Gd	0.009	Ge
Hf	0.010	Hg	0.070	Ho	0.003	La	0.026	Lu
Mo	33.4	Nb	0.021	Nd	0.020	Pr	0.004	Rb
Sb	0.056	Sc	<1.000	Se	22.9	Sm	0.027	Sn
Ta	0.008	Tb	0.002	Te	0.149	Th	0.008	Ti
Tl	0.011	Tm	0.001	U	118	V	2.30	W
Y	0.065	Yb	0.009	Zr	0.043			

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID	RU-SRK1	
Location	Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.	
Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	15990	EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]
pH	6.4	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	38.3	

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	72.0	1.841	1.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1317	37.151	23.2
Na <sup>+</sup>	1653	71.901	44.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	5083	105.830	66.2
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	815	67.023	41.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	961	15.749	9.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	193	9.631	5.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	24.1	0.389	0.2
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	6.49	0.232	0.1	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.43	0.031	0.0
Li <sup>+</sup>	2.00	0.288	0.2	BO <sup>2-</sup>	11.4	0.266	0.2
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	83.3	3.032	1.9	F <sup>-</sup>	9.54	0.502	0.3
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	147	7.989	4.9	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.27	0.016	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.49	0.080	0.0				
Sum	162.111	Error 1.4%		Sum	159.934		

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	37.3
------------------	------

#### Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	396	Co <sup>2+</sup>	698	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	52.6	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	380	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.100
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	353								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	<340								
Ag	0.095	As	0.730	Ba	26.0	Be	21.1	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.327	Ce	0.320	Cr	0.050	Cs	1.41	Dy	0.079
Er	0.062	Eu	0.007	Ga	1.69	Gd	0.027	Ge	1.16
Hf	0.162	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.021	La	0.194	Lu	0.013
Mo	12.6	Nb	0.075	Nd	0.050	Pr	0.011	Rb	153
Sb	0.026	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.81	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.275
Ta	0.035	Tb	0.006	Te	0.076	Th	0.055	Ti	0.380
Tl	0.644	Tm	0.015	U	1612	V	5.80	W	0.208
Y	1.27	Yb	0.057	Zr	0.388				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

RU-TP

Location Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  (25°C)] 27500

Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l] 32856

pH 2.1  
Total hardness [mmol/l] 88.3

### Cations

### Anions

	[mg/l]	ceq[mmol/l]	%ceq		[mg/l]	ceq[mmol/l]	%ceq
K <sup>+</sup>	207	5.294	1.1	Cl	1243	35.063	7.1
Na <sup>+</sup>	1655	71.988	15.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	21615	450.031	91.7
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1936	159.211	33.1	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	133	2.145	0.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	355	17.715	3.7	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	341	3.516	0.7
Al <sup>3+</sup>	632	70.300	14.6	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	4.57	0.107	0.0
Cu <sup>2+</sup>	7.13	0.225	0.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.26	0.016	0.0
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	2381	85.279	17.7				
Li <sup>+</sup>	2.98	0.429	0.1				
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1690	61.522	12.8				
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.04	0.035	0.0				
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	3.42	0.033	0.0				
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.25	0.097	0.0				
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	16.9	0.517	0.1				
H <sup>+</sup>		7.943	1.7				
	Sum	480.612	Error 2.1%		Sum	490.878	

### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 626

### Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]

Co <sup>2+</sup>	709						
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<100.0						
Ag	0.348	As	508	Ba	60.0	Be	665
Cd	29.4	Ce	5599	Cr	1982	Cs	24.2
Er	4910	Eu	135	Ga	89.5	Gd	2436
Hf	10.8	Hg	0.260	Ho	1480	La	1782
Mo	225	Nb	20.0	Nd	3211	Pr	666
Sb	2.44	Sc	245	Se	477	Sm	1591
Ta	9.32	Tb	754	Te	2.95	Th	51892
Tl	25.7	Tm	832	U	33350	V	2127
Y	27165	Yb	5375	Zr	20.4		

It is a very hard Mg<sup>2+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

RU-TP2

Location

Mine Rössing Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]

17000

Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]

12444

pH

4.2

Total hardness [mmol/l]

44.9

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	47.9	1.225	0.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1366
Na <sup>+</sup>	1372	59.678	31.1	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	7390
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1004	82.566	43.1	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	16.5
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	147	7.335	3.8	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.21
Al <sup>3+</sup>	58.5	6.507	3.4	F <sup>-</sup>	28.6
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	487	17.443	9.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.46
Li <sup>+</sup>	1.67	0.241	0.1		
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	450	16.382	8.5		
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.83	0.042	0.0		
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	7.18	0.220	0.1		
	Sum	191.751	Error 1.4%	Sum	194.385

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub>

54.5

#### Trace elements [µg/l]

Co <sup>2+</sup>	726	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	29.5	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	723	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	1.08	
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	364							
Ag	0.015	As	11.1	Ba	6.00	Be	110	Bi
Cd	4.58	Ce	605	Cr	0.250	Cs	4.19	Dy
Er	629	Eu	22.2	Ga	11.1	Gd	368	Ge
Hf	1.39	Hg	0.010	Ho	193	La	121	Lu
Mo	1.45	Nb	0.045	Nd	551	Pr	98.8	Rb
Sb	0.024	Sc	0.000	Se	83.2	Sm	244	Sn
Ta	0.388	Tb	102	Te	0.152	Th	2.22	Ti
Tl	0.161	Tm	102	U	2244	V	5.30	W
Y	4011	Yb	624	Zr	0.195			

It is a very hard Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

S12

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	14420 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	16915
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	9760
pH	7.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	36.9	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.1	TIC	43.5	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% C <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% C <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	99.1	2.535	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4270	120.451
Na <sup>+</sup>	2072	90.126	54.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1800	37.477
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	348	28.618	17.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	203	3.327
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	908	45.309	27.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	14.0	0.226
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.93	0.113	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	5.34	0.125
				F <sup>-</sup>	1.50	0.079
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.55	0.032
Sum	166.827	Error 3.1%		Sum	161.717	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 30.0

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	72.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.127	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.650	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	653	Li <sup>+</sup>	497
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	523	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	30.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.21	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.470	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	57.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	90.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.012	As	0.120	Ba	29.0	Be	0.021	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.036	Ce	0.072	Cr	0.200	Cs	6.35	Dy	0.006
Er	0.008	Eu	0.005	Ga	0.036	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.130
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.002	La	0.027	Lu	0.001
Mo	27.8	Nb	0.018	Nd	0.010	Pr	0.005	Rb	48.4
Sb	0.044	Sc	<1.000	Se	8.97	Sm	0.005	Sn	0.029
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.074	Th	0.005	Ti	0.340
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.001	U	332	V	2.80	W	1.31
Y	0.043	Yb	0.006	Zr	0.026				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

S13

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$  ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ )]

24200

Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [ $\text{mg/l}$ ]

23158

pH

4.3

Total hardness [ $\text{mmol/l}$ ]

138.5

**Sum-parameters [ $\text{mg/l}$ ]**

NPOC	2.7	TIC	9.8	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
	[ $\text{mg/l}$ ]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [ $\text{mmol/l}$ ]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$		[ $\text{mg/l}$ ]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [ $\text{mmol/l}$ ]
K <sup>+</sup>	36.8	0.941	0.2	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4647	131.086
Na <sup>+</sup>	2660	115.702	29.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	11890	247.554
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	3048	250.658	63.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	222	3.580
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	535	26.697	6.7	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	5.29	0.124
Al <sup>3+</sup>	7.62	0.848	0.2	F <sup>-</sup>	1.54	0.081
Li <sup>+</sup>	6.29	0.906	0.2			
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	10.7	0.390	0.1			
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.51	0.051	0.0			
Sum	396.340		Error 3.6%	Sum	382.424	

**Uncharged species [ $\text{mg/l}$ ]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 83.8

**Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g/l}$ ]**

Co <sup>2+</sup>	509	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	40.6	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	853	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	550	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	3.80
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	404	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	277						
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	<30.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.447	As	0.950	Ba	7.00	Be	206	Bi	0.010
Cd	0.567	Ce	49.6	Cr	0.590	Cs	105	Dy	15.2
Er	8.68	Eu	8.43	Ga	0.585	Gd	148	Ge	1.44
Hf	0.046	Hg	0.060	Ho	3.14	La	198	Lu	1.14
Mo	0.660	Nb	0.021	Nd	45.9	Pr	948	Rb	629
Sb	0.040	Sc	<1.000	Se	20.3	Sm	12.7	Sn	<0.009
Ta	0.019	Tb	2.47	Te	0.198	Th	0.226	Ti	0.340
Tl	1.98	Tm	1.20	U	354	V	140	W	0.507
Y	99.1	Yb	7.21	Zr	0.030				

It is a very hard Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

Safier

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	4080	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	4120
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	2497
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	8.5		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	2.1	TIC	76.6
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	22.5	0.575	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1009
Na <sup>+</sup>	514	22.358	56.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	294
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	106	8.717	21.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	325
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	165	8.234	20.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	27.6
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.01	0.046	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	1.02
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.45
Sum	39.955	Error 1.3%		Sum	40.466

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.7
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	18.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.083	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.610	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	74.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	119
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	88.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.200	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.010	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	0.800
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	110	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	227	BO <sub>2-</sub>	900				
Ag	0.020	As	2.99	Ba	57.0	Be	0.019	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.022	Ce	0.018	Cr	0.040	Cs	0.104	Dy	0.003
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.009	Gd	0.004	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.015	Lu	0.000
Mo	5.58	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.013	Pr	0.003	Rb	2.65
Sb	0.021	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.19	Sm	0.004	Sn	0.008
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.001	Te	0.005	Th	0.009	Ti	0.240
Tl	0.011	Tm	0.001	U	63.4	V	10.6	W	0.222
Y	0.023	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.006				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	SH-EH							
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan							
Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	7100 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]				9166			
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]				5335			
pH	7.2							
Total hardness [mmol/l]	14.7							
<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>								
NPOC	10	TIC	55.2					
	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>				
	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$		
K <sup>+</sup>	45.7	1.169	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2632	74.245		
Na <sup>+</sup>	1329	57.808	65.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	463	9.640		
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	111	9.128	10.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	276	4.523		
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	406	20.259	22.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	35.9	0.579		
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.84	0.088	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.01	0.047		
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.70	0.021		
	Sum	88.458	Error 0.7%	Sum	89.059	0.0		
	<b>Uncharged species [mg/l]</b>							
SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.8							

Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.078	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	4.70	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	36.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	24.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	15.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.440	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	6.40
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	70.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	45.0				
Ag	0.357	As	0.420	Ba	47.0	Be	0.004	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.029	Ce	0.016	Cr	1.23	Cs	0.006	Dy	0.006
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.009	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.000
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.008	Lu	0.001
Mo	2.60	Nb	0.004	Nd	0.010	Pr	0.001	Rb	4.89
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.85	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.032
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.000	Te	0.025	Th	0.005	Ti	0.090
Tl	0.014	Tm	0.000	U	24.4	V	5.70	W	0.068
Y	0.028	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.005				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	SH-Hoppe		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	17600	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	19008
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	11039
pH	7.1		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	32.7		

<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>
------------------------------

NPOC	0.8	TIC	48.8
------	-----	-----	------

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
----------------	--	--	---------------	--	--

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	85.8	2.194	1.2	Cl <sup>-</sup>	158.138	84.8
Na <sup>+</sup>	2718	118.225	63.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	22.861	12.3
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	244	20.066	10.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.818	2.0
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	909	45.359	24.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.606	0.9
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	8.94	0.204	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub>	0.107	0.1
		186.092		Br <sup>-</sup>	0.051	0.0
Sum			Error 0.3%		4.09	
					Sum	186.587

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.6
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	8.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.744	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	3.05	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	677	Li <sup>+</sup>	87.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	130	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.14	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	12.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	20.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	99.0				
Ag	1.70	As	0.200	Ba	40.0	Be	0.011	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.082	Ce	0.033	Cr	0.080	Cs	0.043	Dy	0.010
Er	0.005	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.018	Gd	0.007	Ge	0.130
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.030	Ho	0.002	La	0.014	Lu	0.001
Mo	4.86	Nb	0.003	Nd	0.018	Pr	0.004	Rb	8.56
Sb	0.012	Sc	<1.000	Se	12.9	Sm	0.005	Sn	0.003
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.002	Te	0.041	Th	0.007	Ti	0.000
Tl	0.019	Tm	0.002	U	53.9	V	2.30	W	0.088
Y	0.052	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.004				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>salt water.

Sample-ID	SH-Mooncity		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	11110	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	11877
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	6837
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	23.4		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.0	TIC	51.8
------	-----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	59.0	1.509	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3346	94.386	81.9
Na <sup>+</sup>	1508	65.594	57.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	752	15.657	13.6
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	175	14.391	12.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	261	4.277	3.7
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	649	32.385	28.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	49.7	0.801	0.7
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.71	0.108	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.24	0.052	0.0
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.06	0.026	0.0
Sum		113.995	Error 1.1%		Sum	115.204	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	27.9
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co 2+	0.168	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.580	Fe 2+	20.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	31.0	
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	39.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.310	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.120	Zn 2+	17.5	
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	70.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	54.0					
Ag	0.223	As	0.450	Ba	55.0	Be	0.003	Bi	0.006	
Cd	0.039	Ce	0.024	Cr	0.460	Cs	0.009	Dy	0.005	
Er	0.006	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.010	
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.002	La	0.015	Lu	0.001	
Mo	4.35	Nb	0.006	Nd	0.014	Pr	0.003	Rb	5.42	
Sb	0.022	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.61	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.022	
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.029	Th	0.009	Ti	0.090	
Tl	0.019	Tm	0.001	U	31.8	V	5.40	W	0.070	
Y	0.045	Yb	0.009	Zr	0.004					

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	SH-Santa 1		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	7600	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	9622
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5635
pH	7.5		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	15.5		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.0	TIC	56.6
------	-----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	52.6	1.345	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2739	77.264	82.2
Na <sup>+</sup>	1377	59.896	64.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	514	10.702	11.4
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	118	9.704	10.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	323	5.293	5.6
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	429	21.407	23.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	44.2	0.713	0.8
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.04	0.092	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.07	0.048	0.1
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.06	0.026	0.0
Sum	92.451		Error 1.7%	Sum	94.050		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	29.4
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co 2+	0.149	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.73	Fe 2+	8.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	33.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	14.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.510	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.450	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	24.7
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	70.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	78.0				
Ag	0.307	As	0.670	Ba	34.0	Be	0.005	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.232	Ce	0.023	Cr	2.24	Cs	0.010	Dy	0.004
Er	0.004	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.004	Gd	0.008	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.002	La	0.013	Lu	0.001
Mo	3.57	Nb	0.003	Nd	0.014	Pr	0.003	Rb	5.63
Sb	0.033	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.79	Sm	0.008	Sn	0.025
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.002	Te	0.029	Th	0.006	Ti	0.270
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.001	U	32.1	V	6.10	W	0.090
Y	0.049	Yb	0.008	Zr	0.015				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID SH-SM

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	1001 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	925
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	657
pH	8.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	2.2	

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	18.5	0.473	4.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4.908
Na <sup>+</sup>	115	5.002	50.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.564
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	24.7	2.031	20.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.982
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	46.2	2.305	23.3	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.020
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	0.830	0.045	0.5	BO <sub>2-</sub>	0.014
Sum	9.878		Error 4.1%	Sum	9.479

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 5.50

Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	32.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	2.27	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.33	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	43.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	1.000
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	194	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	2.62	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.120	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	361	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	1.10
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	180	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	107	F <sup>-</sup>	66.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	219		
Ag	0.001	As	4.73	Ba	38.0	Be	0.008	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.291	Cr	0.130	Cs	0.013	Dy	0.018
Er	0.009	Eu	0.004	Ga	0.037	Gd	0.021	Ge	0.070
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.003	La	0.112	Lu	0.001
Mo	10.6	Nb	0.016	Nd	0.100	Pr	0.027	Rb	2.00
Sb	0.124	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.510	Sm	0.022	Sn	0.013
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.003	Te	0.039	Th	0.014	Ti	2.31
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.001	U	15.0	V	4.60	W	1.06
Y	0.091	Yb	0.008	Zr	0.074				

It is a moderately hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID	Spes Bona		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	1022	EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	1052
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1006
pH	6.8		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	4.2		

<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>
------------------------------

NPOC	05	TIC	158
------	----	-----	-----

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	$c_{eq}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{eq}$		[mg/l]	$c_{eq}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{eq}$
K <sup>+</sup>	6.40	0.164	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	20.1	0.567	4.5
Na <sup>+</sup>	82.9	3.606	29.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	45.4	0.945	7.6
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	33.4	2.747	22.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	666	10.914	87.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	114	5.689	46.5	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.380	0.006	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.568	0.013	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	0.794	0.042	0.3
Sum	12.243		Error 1.9%	Sum	12.482		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	35.3
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [<math>\mu\text{g}/\text{l}</math>]</b>								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.184	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.270	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	298	Li <sup>+</sup>	67.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	120	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.260	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.090	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.2
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	50.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	250	Br <sup>-</sup>	43.0		
Ag	0.000	As	2.21	Ba	74.0	Be	0.017	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.010	Ce	0.024	Cr	0.060	Cs	0.056	Dy	0.004
Er	0.003	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.010	Gd	0.004	Ge	0.070
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.012	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.31	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.003	Rb	0.530
Sb	0.030	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.260	Sm	0.004	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.001	Te	0.006	Th	0.002	Ti	0.150
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.001	U	17.0	V	9.50	W	0.467
Y	0.042	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.013				

It is a hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID	SS 10C	
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	14070 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	11722
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	6795
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	18.2	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.9	TIC	54.3
------	-----	-----	------

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	60.8	1.555	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3415	96.333
Na <sup>+</sup>	1791	77.903	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	520	10.827
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	44	11.842	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	273	4.474
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	494	24.651	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	54.9	0.885
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	1.20	0.043	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.20	0.075
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.49	0.148	Br <sup>-</sup>	2.01	0.025
Sum	116.175	Error 3.1%	Sum	112.623	0.0

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.8
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	187	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.783	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.70	Li <sup>+</sup>	52.0	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	94.0
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.67	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.540	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.4		
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	120	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	63.0				
Ag	0.237	As	0.650	Ba	42.0	Be	0.061	Bi	0.015
Cd	0.050	Ce	1.86	Cr	2.78	Cs	0.300	Dy	0.120
Er	0.060	Eu	0.033	Ga	0.394	Gd	0.174	Ge	0.080
Hf	0.014	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.019	La	1.02	Lu	0.005
Mo	4.79	Nb	0.200	Nd	0.902	Pr	0.262	Rb	11.0
Sb	0.020	Sc	<1.000	Se	8.70	Sm	0.209	Sn	0.079
Ta	0.009	Tb	0.022	Te	0.033	Th	0.194	Ti	81.0
Tl	0.047	Tm	0.007	U	46.7	V	7.00	W	0.128
Y	0.451	Yb	0.036	Zr	0.201				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Swakop River - IDA dome		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6880	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7344
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4287
pH	7.1		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.9		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.7	TIC	54.9
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	42.1	1.077	1.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2049	57.800	80.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	970	42.192	61.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	452	9.411	13.1
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	91.0	7.484	10.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	261	4.277	5.9
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	367	18.313	26.5	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	22.4	0.361	0.5
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.46	0.056	0.1	BO <sup>2-</sup>	1.60	0.037	0.1
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.24	0.016	0.0
Sum	69.167		Error 3.9%		Sum	71.907	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.4
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.325	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.310	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	683	Li <sup>+</sup>	36.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	391	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.280	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.080	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	5.80
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	50.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0	F <sup>-</sup>	92.0				
Ag	0.007	As	0.310	Ba	41.0	Be	0.004	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.025	Ce	0.016	Cr	0.050	Cs	0.012	Dy	0.002
Er	0.002	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.019	Gd	0.003	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.008	Lu	0.000
Mo	5.29	Nb	0.012	Nd	0.007	Pr	0.002	Rb	6.27
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.10	Sm	0.004	Sn	0.004
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.001	Te	0.022	Th	0.004	Ti	0.720
Tl	0.008	Tm	0.000	U	33.2	V	2.70	W	0.110
Y	0.012	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.010				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Swp small holdings		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	12500	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	13673
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	7880
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	25.3		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.2	TIC	59.7
------	-----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	65.4	1.673	1.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4009	113.089	84.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	1780	77.425	59.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	791	16.469	12.2
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	201	16.530	12.7	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	279	4.572	3.4
Ca 2+	685	34.182	26.3	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	24.8	0.400	0.3
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	5.53	0.126	0.1	BO <sub>2-</sub>	1.93	0.045	0.0
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.20	0.028	0.0
Sum	129.972		Error 3.5%		Sum	134.607	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	33.9
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	1.66	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.10	Fe 2+	77.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	29.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	737	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	40.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.960	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.620	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	21.1
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	150	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	48.0				
Ag	0.014	As	1.08	Ba	48.0	Be	0.012	Bi	0.005
Cd	0.042	Ce	0.084	Cr	0.110	Cs	0.021	Dy	0.014
Er	0.018	Eu	0.005	Ga	0.050	Gd	0.003	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.007	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.005	La	0.038	Lu	0.004
Mo	5.13	Nb	0.030	Nd	0.030	Pr	0.005	Rb	5.53
Sb	0.030	Sc	<1.000	Se	8.53	Sm	0.012	Sn	0.009
Ta	0.011	Tb	0.003	Te	0.049	Th	0.065	Ti	0.370
Tl	0.020	Tm	0.002	U	39.2	V	4.50	W	0.512
Y	0.108	Yb	0.019	Zr	0.023				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

TM29

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	16820	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	19733
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	11549
pH	6.5		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	35.8		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	19	TIC	73.8	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	150	3.836	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	5668	159.887
Na <sup>+</sup>	2820	122.662	61.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1184	24.651
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	205	16.859	8.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	291	4.769
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	1098	54.790	27.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	10.4	0.168
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	10.8	0.247	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	9.27	0.217
				F <sup>-</sup>	2.18	0.115
				Br <sup>-</sup>	6.51	0.081
Sum	198.510	Error 4.4%		Sum	189.888	0.0

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 93.2

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.17	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	11.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	787
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	8.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.71	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.870	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	38.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	60.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0						
Ag	0.132	As	3.42	Ba	124	Be	0.088	Bi	0.003
Cd	0.053	Ce	0.135	Cr	0.560	Cs	0.096	Dy	0.013
Er	0.012	Eu	0.010	Ga	0.035	Gd	0.017	Ge	0.250
Hf	0.019	Hg	0.040	Ho	0.004	La	0.107	Lu	0.002
Mo	17.4	Nb	0.017	Nd	0.085	Pr	0.016	Rb	13.4
Sb	0.049	Sc	<1.000	Se	17.1	Sm	0.010	Sn	0.002
Ta	0.010	Tb	0.002	Te	0.124	Th	0.015	Ti	0.370
Tl	0.013	Tm	0.001	U	281	V	136	W	4.51
Y	0.114	Yb	0.008	Zr	0.030				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>salt water.

Sample-ID

TR5A

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	8350 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	8804
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5092
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	18.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.9	TIC	44.6	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	50.2	1.284	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2249	63.441
Na <sup>+</sup>	1062	46.194	54.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	792	16.490
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	177	14.556	17.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	209	3.425
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	446	22.255	26.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	59.4	0.958
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.47	0.102	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.89	0.068
				F <sup>-</sup>	1.03	0.054
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.87	0.048
Sum	84.419	Error 0.1%		Sum	84.485	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 34.7

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	13.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.247	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.04	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	18.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	169
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	13.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	2.44	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	9.60
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	40.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<30.0						
Ag	0.051	As	0.890	Ba	49.0	Be	0.010	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.026	Ce	0.133	Cr	0.530	Cs	0.057	Dy	0.005
Er	0.005	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.020	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.060
Hf	0.009	Hg	0.020	Ho	0.001	La	0.029	Lu	0.001
Mo	13.9	Nb	0.014	Nd	0.017	Pr	0.005	Rb	9.31
Sb	0.025	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.91	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.017
Ta	0.007	Tb	0.001	Te	0.037	Th	0.011	Ti	1.21
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.001	U	184	V	5.50	W	1.42
Y	0.036	Yb	0.005	Zr	0.019				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Tsawisis

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	966 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	962
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	757
pH	7.9	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	1.3	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	16	TIC	56.2
------	----	-----	------

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	9.80	0.251	2.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	135	3.808	37.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	173	7.525	73.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	65.4	1.362	13.2
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	17.7	1.456	14.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	280	4.589	44.6
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	21.3	1.063	10.3	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	16.1	0.260	2.5
				F <sup>-</sup>	4.88	0.257	2.5
Sum	10.309		Error 0.2%	Sum	10.291		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	32.3
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co 2+	0.041	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.23	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	9.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	55.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.170	Pb 2+	0.040	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	291
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	0.900								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	150	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO 2-	430	Br <sup>-</sup>	340		
Ag	0.001	As	21.4	Ba	5.00	Be	0.004	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.006	Cr	0.560	Cs	0.011	Dy	0.001
Er	0.001	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.008	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.000	La	0.003	Lu	0.000
Mo	11.6	Nb	0.004	Nd	0.004	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.03
Sb	0.051	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.49	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.003
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.000	Te	0.008	Th	0.003	Ti	0.330
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.000	U	28.6	V	66.5	W	3.68
Y	0.005	Yb	0.000	Zr	0.013				

It is a moderately soft Na+-HCO<sub>3</sub>--Cl--water.

Sample-ID	Ukuib 1		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	2460	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	2702
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1757
pH	7.3		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	5.1		

<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>
------------------------------

NPOC	23	TIC	72.5
------	----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	25.2	0.645	2.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	550	15.515	58.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	373	16.224	60.0	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	248	5.163	19.4
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	48.7	4.005	14.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	342	5.605	21.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	123	6.138	22.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	13.8	0.223	0.8
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.05	0.024	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.56	0.020	0.1
Sum	27.041		Error 1.8%	Sum	26.554		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	29.7
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>							
Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.043	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.17	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	11.0	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.910	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	190	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	460	F <sup>-</sup>	316	
Ag	0.006	As	1.58	Ba	52.0	Be	0.002	Bi
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.012	Cr	0.380	Cs	0.009	Dy
Er	0.001	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.010	Gd	0.002	Ge
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.006	Lu
Mo	7.82	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.004	Pr	0.002	Rb
Sb	0.019	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.92	Sm	0.003	Sn
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.012	Th	0.003	Ti
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.000	U	16.4	V	14.2	W
Y	0.013	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.007			

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Ukuib 2		
Location	alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan		
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	2470	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	2794
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1800
pH	7.2		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	5.6		

<b>Sum-parameters [mg/l]</b>							
NPOC	11	TIC	70.6	Cations	Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	23.5	0.601	2.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	562	15.853	58.3
Na <sup>+</sup>	373	16.224	57.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	265	5.517	20.3
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	49.3	4.054	14.4	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	341	5.588	20.6
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	145	7.236	25.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	10.2	0.164	0.6
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.14	0.026	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.64	0.021	0.1
	Sum	28.151	Error 3.5%		Sum	27.170	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	27.4
------------------	------

#### Trace elements [µg/l]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	19.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.032	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.500	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	101	Li <sup>+</sup>	24.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.560	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.360	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	2.00
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	170	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	440	F <sup>-</sup>	262		
Ag	0.019	As	1.26	Ba	45.0	Be	0.005	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.063	Cr	0.710	Cs	0.022	Dy	0.005
Er	0.002	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.019	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.032	Lu	0.001
Mo	3.56	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.026	Pr	0.008	Rb	2.98
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.54	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.056
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.010	Th	0.005	Ti	2.64
Tl	0.006	Tm	0.000	U	16.3	V	13.5	W	0.198
Y	0.021	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.008				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Valencia springs

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	9030 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	8954
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5068
pH	7.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	17.7	

Cations			Anions			%C <sub>eq</sub>
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%C <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		
K <sup>+</sup>	43.3	1.107	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2579	72.750	83.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	1117	48.586	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	526	10.951	12.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	238	19.572	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	209	3.425	3.9
Ca 2+	318	15.868	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<0.100		
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	5.71	0.130	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.29	0.030	0.0
	Sum	85.299	Br <sup>-</sup>	8.02	0.100	0.1
		Error 2.3%		Sum	87.279	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 22.1

#### Trace elements [µg/l]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	<3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.272	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.760	Fe 2+	27.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	221
Mn2+	12.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.730	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.120	Zn 2+	4.30
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	30.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	410				
Ag	0.009	As	1.41	Ba	134	Be	0.002	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.019	Ce	0.020	Cr	0.060	Cs	0.020	Dy	0.007
Er	0.004	Eu	0.004	Ga	0.004	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.006	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.015	Lu	0.000
Mo	7.88	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.014	Pr	0.005	Rb	6.64
Sb	0.042	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.630	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.026
Ta	0.006	Tb	0.001	Te	0.029	Th	0.011	Ti	0.280
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.001	U	132	V	2.00	W	0.215
Y	0.030	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.013				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>brackish water.

Sample-ID

WB 1

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	10000	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7865
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4588
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	14.4		

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	57.5	1.471	20	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2274	64.147	83.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	1023	44.498	59.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	345	7.183	9.3
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	125	10.280	13.7	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	356	5.834	7.5
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	371	18.513	24.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.100	0.002	0.0
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	1.05	0.038	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.59	0.084	0.1
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.27	0.046	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.24	0.016	0.0
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	1.58	0.086	0.1				
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.98	0.114	0.2				
Sum	75.059		Error 2.9%		Sum	77.276	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 21.9

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	75.0	Co 2+	0.522	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.350	Li <sup>+</sup>	39.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	2.91
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.090	Zn 2+	5.10						
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	900	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	28.0				
Ag	0.007	As	8.85	Ba	205	Be	0.014	Bi	0.005
Cd	0.016	Ce	0.346	Cr	0.810	Cs	0.075	Dy	0.023
Er	0.016	Eu	0.011	Ga	0.092	Gd	0.025	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.008	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.003	La	0.147	Lu	0.003
Mo	9.31	Nb	0.074	Nd	0.131	Pr	0.035	Rb	8.36
Sb	0.148	Sc	0.000	Se	0.850	Sm	0.037	Sn	0.034
Ta	0.005	Tb	0.005	Te	0.058	Th	0.045	Ti	17.3
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.003	U	528	V	2.40	W	0.611
Y	0.140	Yb	0.012	Zr	0.247				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID

WB 2

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	13650	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	11734
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	6802
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	19.3		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.3	TIC	69.7
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	65.5	1.675	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3451	97.348	84.9
Na <sup>+</sup>	1682	73.162	64.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	552	11.493	10.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	177	14.556	12.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	320	5.244	4.6
Ca 2+	482	24.052	21.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	29.9	0.482	0.4
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.43	0.147	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.99	0.093	0.1
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.21	0.028	0.0
Sum		113.621	Error 0.9%		Sum	114.694	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	29.7
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.760	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.490	Fe 2+	16.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	88.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	381	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.720	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.040	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	6.10
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	80.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	89.0				
Ag	0.020	As	0.910	Ba	34.0	Be	0.016	Bi	0.004
Cd	0.046	Ce	0.060	Cr	0.140	Cs	0.020	Dy	0.006
Er	0.005	Eu	0.004	Ga	0.023	Gd	0.010	Ge	0.000
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.030	Ho	0.001	La	0.032	Lu	0.001
Mo	6.92	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.033	Pr	0.009	Rb	8.89
Sb	0.012	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.57	Sm	0.008	Sn	0.010
Ta	0.011	Tb	0.002	Te	0.025	Th	0.012	Ti	0.190
Tl	0.024	Tm	0.002	U	139	V	5.90	W	0.182
Y	0.043	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.009				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Western trench

Location Mine Langer Heinrich Uranium Ltd.

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	22500 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	38138
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	26046
pH	10.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	0.3	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	95	TIC	2500	Cations		Anions	
				[mg/l]	ceq[mmol/l]	% ceq	[mg/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	139	3.555		Cl <sup>-</sup>	2960	83.498	19.7
Na <sup>+</sup>	9299	404.480		SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	3415	71.101	16.8
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	4.16	0.342		HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3918	64.208	15.1
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	3.40	0.170		NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	59.4	0.958	0.2
				CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	6050	201.599	47.5
				PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	6.12	0.063	0.0
				BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.48	0.198	0.0
				F <sup>-</sup>	45.2	2.379	0.6
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.92	0.037	0.0
Sum	408.580	Error 3.7%		Sum	424.043		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	135
------------------	-----

**Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	15.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	1.52	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	9.18	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	19.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	119
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	20.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	30.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.76	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.700	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	437
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	28.6								
NO <sub>2</sub>	55.0								
Ag	0.012	As	1040	Ba	8.00	Be	13.9	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.146	Ce	1.03	Cr	7.39	Cs	0.062	Dy	0.860
Er	0.715	Eu	0.022	Ga	0.489	Gd	0.332	Ge	0.200
Hf	0.049	Hg	0.120	Ho	0.213	La	0.244	Lu	0.087
Mo	186	Nb	0.145	Nd	0.442	Pr	0.094	Rb	10.7
Sb	0.149	Sc	<10.00	Se	9.93	Sm	0.227	Sn	0.067
Ta	0.041	Tb	0.104	Te	0.202	Th	8.03	Ti	10.3
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.122	U	65434	V	6457	W	736
Y	3.67	Yb	0.690	Zr	0.220				

It is a soft Na<sup>+</sup>-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>-salt water.

Sample-ID

WH

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1160	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1316
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1029
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.2		

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	11.0	0.281	2.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	148	4.175	30.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	165	7.177	51.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	108	2.249	16.1
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	22.0	1.809	13.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	394	6.457	46.4
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	91.0	4.541	32.8	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	62.7	1.011	7.3
	Sum	13.831	Error 0.7%		Sum	13.925	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 25.3

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	14.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.066	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.740	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	36.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	27.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	63.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	20.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.530	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.130	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	524
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	8.70								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	530	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	148	BO <sup>2-</sup>	270	F <sup>-</sup>	259	Br <sup>-</sup>	383
Ag	0.010	As	0.500	Ba	102	Be	0.008	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.024	Ce	0.019	Cr	0.420	Cs	0.006	Dy	0.002
Er	0.001	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.008	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.011	Lu	0.000
Mo	1.70	Nb	0.000	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.002	Rb	0.770
Sb	0.020	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.480	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.007
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.005	Th	0.002	Ti	0.370
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.000	U	13.6	V	6.40	W	0.059
Y	0.006	Yb	0.000	Zr	0.007				

It is a moderately hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW200393

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	9690	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	9604
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5532
pH	6.8		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	21.7		

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	42.0	1.074	1.1	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2679	75.571	82.1
Na <sup>+</sup>	1190	51.762	53.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	405	8.432	9.2
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	281	23.109	24.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	477	7.817	8.5
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	407	20.309	21.1	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	5.69	0.092	0.1
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	5.96	0.136	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.31	0.031	0.0
				Br <sup>-</sup>	4.87	0.061	0.1
Sum		96.429	Error 4.7%		Sum	92.029	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 32.3

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.589	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.430	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	73.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	195
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	213	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.920	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.040	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.7
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	90.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	456				
Ag	0.011	As	1.22	Ba	62.0	Be	0.017	Bi	0.003
Cd	0.012	Ce	0.059	Cr	0.110	Cs	0.043	Dy	0.007
Er	0.004	Eu	0.005	Ga	0.007	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.000
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.020	Lu	0.001
Mo	6.09	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.015	Pr	0.004	Rb	5.62
Sb	0.022	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.44	Sm	0.005	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.005	Tb	0.001	Te	0.021	Th	0.005	Ti	0.280
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.001	U	127	V	5.50	W	0.190
Y	0.050	Yb	0.005	Zr	0.010				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW200395

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	8650 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	7276
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4319
pH	6.9	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	14.3	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.5	TIC	101
------	-----	-----	-----

**Cations**

	[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$		[mg/l]	$c_{\text{eq}}$ [mmol/l]	% $c_{\text{eq}}$
K <sup>+</sup>	37.7	0.964	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2035	57.405	80.0
Na <sup>+</sup>	955	41.540	58.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	271	5.642	7.9
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	182	14.967	21.0	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	517	8.473	11.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	273	13.623	19.1	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	8.04	0.130	0.2
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.81	0.110	0.2	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.21	0.028	0.0
				Br <sup>-</sup>	3.21	0.040	0.1
Sum	71.237		Error 0.7%		Sum	71.738	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	30.3
------------------	------

**Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co 2+	0.510	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.870	Fe 2+	12.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	174
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	170	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.720	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.070	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	11.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	70.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	371				
Ag	0.015	As	1.55	Ba	50.0	Be	0.020	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.012	Ce	0.030	Cr	0.100	Cs	0.034	Dy	0.002
Er	0.002	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.016	Gd	0.007	Ge	0.050
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.009	Lu	0.001
Mo	5.74	Nb	0.008	Nd	0.005	Pr	0.002	Rb	5.06
Sb	0.026	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.80	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.005
Ta	0.005	Tb	0.001	Te	0.062	Th	0.005	Ti	0.190
Tl	0.013	Tm	0.000	U	110	V	6.20	W	0.183
Y	0.020	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.012				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW200411

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6370 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7036
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4170
pH	7.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.1	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.7	TIC	45.2
------	-----	-----	------

<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>		
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	42.8	1.095	1.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1732
Na <sup>+</sup>	944	41.061	61.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	714
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	115	9.457	14.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	218
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	295	14.721	22.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	65.3
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.97	0.068	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.07
				F <sup>-</sup>	1.06
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.32
Sum	66.438	Error 3.1%	Sum	68.506	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	33.6
------------------	------

<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	7.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.158	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.810	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	244	Li <sup>+</sup>	135
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	18.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	120	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.660	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	15.8
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	10.00	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00						
Ag	0.007	As	0.480	Ba	34.0	Be	0.007	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.017	Ce	0.049	Cr	0.570	Cs	0.017	Dy	0.004
Er	0.003	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.015	Gd	0.008	Ge	0.100
Hf	0.005	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.001	La	0.017	Lu	0.001
Mo	9.95	Nb	0.009	Nd	0.013	Pr	0.002	Rb	6.44
Sb	0.024	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.69	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.041
Ta	0.003	Tb	0.000	Te	0.029	Th	0.001	Ti	0.090
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.000	U	124	V	5.80	W	0.210
Y	0.022	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.012				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW200413

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	13690 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	15635
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	9081
pH	6.8	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	29.2	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.5	TIC	63.3
------	-----	-----	------

Cations			Anions		
	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	79.2	2.026	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	4394
Na <sup>+</sup>	2040	88.734	59.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1167
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	245	20.148	13.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	298
Ca 2+	770	38.423	25.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	42.1
Fe 2+	1.64	0.059	0.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	4.05
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	6.16	0.141	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	3.66
Sum	149.567	Error 2.9%		Sum	153.956

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	29.5
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	10.00	Co 2+	0.697	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.20	Li <sup>+</sup>	107	Mn <sup>2+</sup>
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	150	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.660	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.080	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	23.5	
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	50.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	116			
Ag	0.019	As	0.350	Ba	38.0	Be	0.014	Bi
Cd	0.045	Ce	0.027	Cr	0.030	Cs	0.036	Dy
Er	0.006	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.012	Gd	0.014	Ge
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.002	La	0.013	Lu
Mo	6.98	Nb	0.009	Nd	0.007	Pr	0.003	Rb
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.32	Sm	0.008	Sn
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.001	Te	0.033	Th	0.007	Ti
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.002	U	127	V	3.80	W
Y	0.032	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.002			

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW200414

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	10830	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	8357
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4786
pH	7.4		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	10.9		

	Cations			Anions			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	60.6	1.550	2.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2534	71.481	87.2
Na <sup>+</sup>	1261	54.850	69.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	415	8.640	10.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	114	9.375	11.9	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	91.6	1.501	1.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	248	12.375	15.8	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	14.5	0.234	0.3
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	2.52	0.090	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.88	0.091	0.1
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	1.52	0.083	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	2.16	0.027	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.96	0.113	0.1				
	Sum	78.491	Error 4.4%		Sum	81.990	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 30.9

Trace elements [µg/l]								
Al <sup>3+</sup>	11.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	1.02	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.320	Li <sup>+</sup>	18	Mn <sup>2+</sup>
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.23	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.030	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	13.2			869
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	10.00	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	621	F <sup>-</sup>	43.0			
Ag	0.005	As	0.140	Ba	67.0	Be	0.001	Bi
Cd	0.010	Ce	0.068	Cr	0.030	Cs	0.019	Dy
Er	0.003	Eu	0.003	Ga	0.036	Gd	0.008	Ge
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.019	Lu
Mo	6.88	Nb	0.005	Nd	0.015	Pr	0.005	Rb
Sb	0.017	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.28	Sm	0.007	Sn
Ta	0.003	Tb	0.001	Te	0.025	Th	0.006	Ti
Tl	0.000	Tm	0.001	U	125	V	0.060	W
Y	0.028	Yb	0.005	Zr	0.023			0.068

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW25025

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1757 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1845
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1265
pH	7.4	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	4.0	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	18	TIC	67.3
------	----	-----	------

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	19.5	0.499	2.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	323	9.111	49.7
Na <sup>+</sup>	240	10.439	55.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	164	3.415	18.6
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	38.5	3.166	16.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	322	5.277	28.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	95.4	4.760	25.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	30.6	0.493	2.7
				F <sup>-</sup>	0.449	0.024	0.1
Sum	18.892		Error 2.9%	Sum	18.345		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	28.8
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.042	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.07	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	34.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	58.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	7.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.300	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	712
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.5								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	320	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sup>2-</sup>	430	Br <sup>-</sup>	900		
Ag	0.004	As	1.10	Ba	33.0	Be	0.004	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.007	Ce	0.014	Cr	0.350	Cs	0.094	Dy	0.014
Er	0.011	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.120
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.003	La	0.007	Lu	0.002
Mo	4.35	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.012	Pr	0.002	Rb	3.24
Sb	0.025	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.94	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.010
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.002	Te	0.006	Th	0.074	Ti	0.240
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.002	U	16.1	V	11.8	W	0.274
Y	0.065	Yb	0.014	Zr	0.005				

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW25054

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	503 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	507
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	379
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	1.6	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.9	TIC	34.3	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	8.10	0.207	4.0	Cl <sup>-</sup>	55.2	1.557
Na <sup>+</sup>	38.3	1.666	32.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	28.5	0.593
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	7.66	0.630	12.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	158	2.589
Ca 2+	52.9	2.640	51.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	12.4	0.200
Sr2+	0.286	0.007	0.1	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	0.640	0.007
				F <sup>-</sup>	0.118	0.006
Sum	5.154		Error 3.9%		Sum	4.956

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 16.8

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.022	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.510	Fe 2+	14.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	25.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.180	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.020	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	7.20
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	120	Br <sup>-</sup>	67.0				
Ag	0.006	As	1.13	Ba	35.0	Be	0.002	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.008	Ce	0.004	Cr	0.290	Cs	0.004	Dy	0.000
Er	0.001	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.008	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.002	Lu	0.000
Mo	1.49	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.003	Pr	0.000	Rb	0.670
Sb	0.020	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.230	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.032
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.003	Th	0.001	Ti	0.210
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.000	U	2.31	V	6.80	W	0.072
Y	0.002	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.005				

It is a slightly hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID WW25055

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	920 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	931
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	857
pH	6.9	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.8	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.7	TIC	117	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	7.60	0.194	1.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	40.7	1.148
Na <sup>+</sup>	71.3	3.101	28.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	34.2	0.712
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	29.9	2.459	22.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	533	8.735
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	102	5.090	46.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.010	0.000
				F <sup>-</sup>	0.257	0.014
Sum	10.861	Error 2.3%		Sum	10.617	0.1

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 37.4

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.026	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.400	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	10.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	29.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	23.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.230	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.030	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	474
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	2.70								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	120	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	240	Br <sup>-</sup>	113		
Ag	0.001	As	0.480	Ba	49.0	Be	0.002	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.023	Cr	0.140	Cs	0.006	Dy	0.003
Er	0.002	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.010	Lu	0.000
Mo	0.830	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.015	Pr	0.003	Rb	0.680
Sb	0.016	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.100	Sm	0.004	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.001	Te	0.008	Th	0.001	Ti	0.210
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.000	U	18.9	V	8.60	W	0.068
Y	0.027	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.011				

It is a hard Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Na<sup>+</sup>-Mg<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID WW25056

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	666 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	664
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	525
pH	7.3	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	1.8	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	2.7	TIC	51.5	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	10.00	0.256	3.7	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2.164	31.1
Na <sup>+</sup>	70.0	3.045	43.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	0.733	10.6
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	13.4	1.102	15.9	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	4.015	57.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	50.0	2.495	35.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.013	0.2
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	0.817	0.029	0.4	F <sup>-</sup>	0.010	0.1
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	0.326	0.012	0.2			
Sum	6.949	Error 0.0%		Sum	6.946	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 21.4

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.522	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.440	Li <sup>+</sup>	18.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00
Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.940	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.020	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	296	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	3.50		
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	380	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	11.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	230	Br <sup>-</sup>	119		
Ag	0.001	As	1.26	Ba	53.0	Be	0.001	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.006	Ce	0.016	Cr	0.100	Cs	0.004	Dy	0.002
Er	0.001	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.012	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.000	La	0.009	Lu	0.000
Mo	1.86	Nb	0.003	Nd	0.008	Pr	0.002	Rb	1.18
Sb	0.031	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.150	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.012
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.005	Th	0.002	Ti	0.460
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.000	U	1.97	V	1.10	W	0.825
Y	0.008	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.004				

It is a slightly hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID WW25575

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ( $25^\circ\text{C}$ )]	1281 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	1373
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1002
pH	7.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.6	

#### Sum-parameters [mg/l]

NPOC	2.3	TIC	75.0	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
K <sup>+</sup>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
12.2	0.312	2.2		Cl <sup>-</sup>	170	4.795
Na <sup>+</sup>	152	6.612	46.6	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	163	3.394
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	20.0	1.645	11.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	316	5.179
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	112	5.589	39.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	27.9	0.450
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	0.857	0.020	0.1			
Sum	14.184		Error 2.4%	Sum	13.844	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 26.1

#### Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co 2+	0.057	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.610	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	19.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	28.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	50.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.330	Pb 2+	0.050	Zn 2+	1.70
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	760	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	34.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	220	F <sup>-</sup>	159	Br <sup>-</sup>	327
Ag	0.063	As	0.940	Ba	217	Be	0.002	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.012	Ce	0.006	Cr	0.140	Cs	0.004	Dy	0.001
Er	0.000	Eu	0.005	Ga	0.005	Gd	0.003	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.004	Lu	0.000
Mo	1.50	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.003	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.35
Sb	0.022	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.830	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.013
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.005	Th	0.001	Ti	0.110
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.000	U	10.2	V	7.20	W	0.064
Y	0.005	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.003				

It is a hard Na+-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub>-Cl-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID WW27107

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	766 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	778
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	619
pH	7.3	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	2.1	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	4.1	TIC	62.7
------	-----	-----	------

**Cations** **Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	9.50	0.243	2.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	87.0	2.454	29.9
Na <sup>+</sup>	87.0	3.784	45.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	45.1	0.939	11.4
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	13.3	1.094	13.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	292	4.785	58.3
Ca 2+	64.3	3.209	38.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<0.010		
Fe 2+	0.310	0.011	0.1	F <sup>-</sup>	0.233	0.012	0.1
Sum	8.358		Error 1.9%		Sum	8.202	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	18.8
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	3.00	Co 2+	0.437	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1.10	Li <sup>+</sup>	18.0	Mn <sup>2+</sup>	209
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.890	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.080	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	277	Zn 2+	4.10
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	420	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	210	Br <sup>-</sup>	175		
Ag	0.001	As	1.61	Ba	85.0	Be	0.003	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.007	Ce	0.013	Cr	0.040	Cs	0.002	Dy	0.001
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.009	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.006	Lu	0.000
Mo	4.78	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.008	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.08
Sb	0.029	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.080	Sm	0.003	Sn	0.025
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.004	Th	0.002	Ti	0.140
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.000	U	15.6	V	2.80	W	0.175
Y	0.009	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.011				

It is a moderately hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-water.

Sample-ID WW41073

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	10490	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	9085
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5273
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	16.2		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	1.5	TIC	60.0	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% C <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% C <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	55.1	1.409	1.6	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2466	69.563
Na <sup>+</sup>	1234	53.676	61.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	651	13.554
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	144	11.842	13.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	230	3.769
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	411	20.509	23.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	37.4	0.603
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.46	0.102	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.50	0.082
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.06	0.026
Sum	87.595	Error 0.0%		Sum	87.607	0.0

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 33.0

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	7.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.386	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.520	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	715	Li <sup>+</sup>	110
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	367	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	20.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.590	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.020	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	10.00
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	130	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	151	F <sup>-</sup>	112				
Ag	0.006	As	0.590	Ba	41.0	Be	0.009	Bi	0.002
Cd	0.049	Ce	0.029	Cr	0.090	Cs	0.012	Dy	0.020
Er	0.014	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.013	Gd	0.005	Ge	0.090
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.004	La	0.012	Lu	0.002
Mo	6.60	Nb	0.004	Nd	0.011	Pr	0.003	Rb	7.66
Sb	0.018	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.88	Sm	0.006	Sn	0.019
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.002	Te	0.033	Th	0.099	Ti	0.380
Tl	0.006	Tm	0.003	U	91.9	V	3.50	W	0.097
Y	0.111	Yb	0.016	Zr	0.007				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41075

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	7860	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	9204
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	5404
pH	7.0		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	16.5		

Cations			Anions		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	50.7	1.297	1.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	2187
Na <sup>+</sup>	1290	56.111	61.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1010
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	163	13.405	14.8	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	212
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	394	19.661	21.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	49.4
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.38	0.077	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	3.56
				Br <sup>-</sup>	1.49
Sum	90.583	Error 3.9%		Sum	87.120

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO<sub>2</sub> 38.4

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	8.00	Co 2+	0.091	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.390	Fe 2+	263	Li <sup>+</sup>	142
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	13.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.370	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.030	Zn 2+	15.5
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	160	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	F <sup>-</sup>	472				
Ag	0.008	As	0.490	Ba	38.0	Be	0.007	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.010	Ce	0.073	Cr	0.770	Cs	0.011	Dy	0.024
Er	0.018	Eu	0.003	Ga	0.009	Gd	0.010	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.005	La	0.024	Lu	0.003
Mo	3.39	Nb	0.010	Nd	0.021	Pr	0.006	Rb	5.51
Sb	0.020	Sc	<1.000	Se	7.81	Sm	0.012	Sn	0.015
Ta	0.004	Tb	0.002	Te	0.021	Th	0.103	Ti	0.090
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.003	U	127	V	5.30	W	0.079
Y	0.131	Yb	0.023	Zr	0.003				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41076

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6820 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7571
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4527
pH	7.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.6	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	06	TIC	52.2	Anions		
				Cations		
K+	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			c <sub>aq</sub> [mmol/l]
K+	41.9	1.072	1.5	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1822	51.396
Na <sup>+</sup>	1026	44.628	62.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	835	17.385
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	114	9.375	13.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	249	4.081
Ca 2+	318	15.868	22.3	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	74.7	1.205
Sr2+	3.13	0.071	0.1	BO <sub>2-</sub>	3.34	0.078
				Br <sup>-</sup>	2.18	0.027
	Sum	71.037	Error 4.4%		Sum	74.216

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 36.7

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	6.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.031	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.730	Fe 2+	10.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	142
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.250	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn 2+	12.4
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	50.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	F <sup>-</sup>	832				
Ag	0.035	As	0.700	Ba	27.0	Be	0.008	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.010	Ce	0.025	Cr	3.08	Cs	0.011	Dy	0.022
Er	0.016	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.007	Gd	0.006	Ge	0.080
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.004	La	0.012	Lu	0.003
Mo	6.87	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.019	Pr	0.003	Rb	6.43
Sb	0.016	Sc	<1.000	Se	5.68	Sm	0.009	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.002	Te	0.013	Th	0.100	Ti	0.280
Tl	0.011	Tm	0.004	U	131	V	6.40	W	0.172
Y	0.112	Yb	0.014	Zr	0.006				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41180

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	6260 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	7018
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	4125
pH	7.0	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	10.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	03	TIC	38.3	Anions		
<b>Cations</b>						
[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]		% c <sub>eq</sub>	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	50.4	1.289	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1923	54.245
Na <sup>+</sup>	1014	44.106	66.5	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	502	10.452
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	68.3	5.617	8.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	181	2.966
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	304	15.170	22.9	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	31.6	0.510
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	3.39	0.077	0.1	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	4.34	0.101
Sum	66.298		Error 3.0%	Sum	68.330	0.1

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 41.0

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.019	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.350	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	5.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	261
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.170	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.090	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	16.2
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	20.0	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	F <sup>-</sup>	829	Br <sup>-</sup>	962		
Ag	0.019	As	2.46	Ba	37.0	Be	0.061	Bi	0.003
Cd	0.021	Ce	0.039	Cr	0.350	Cs	0.064	Dy	0.022
Er	0.018	Eu	0.003	Ga	0.012	Gd	0.009	Ge	0.060
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.010	Ho	0.004	La	0.021	Lu	0.002
Mo	12.6	Nb	0.004	Nd	0.023	Pr	0.005	Rb	4.68
Sb	0.003	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.57	Sm	0.007	Sn	0.011
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.002	Te	0.021	Th	0.098	Ti	0.090
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.003	U	54.4	V	38.2	W	0.581
Y	0.124	Yb	0.017	Zr	0.006				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41182

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	11150	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	13125
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	7623
pH	6.9		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	26.1		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	2.9	TIC	72.8
------	-----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	61.1	1.563	1.2	Cl <sup>-</sup>	3543	99.944	79.5
Na <sup>+</sup>	1738	75.598	58.3	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	943	19.634	15.6
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	185	15.214	11.7	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	370	6.064	4.8
Ca 2+	743	37.076	28.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	2.98	0.048	0.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	1.15	0.042	0.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.58	0.037	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	4.37	0.100	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	3.09	0.039	0.0
Sum		129.601	Error 3.0%	Sum		125.770	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.2
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>							
Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co 2+	0.967	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.600	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	8.00	Li <sup>+</sup>
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.24	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.060	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	14.4	
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	330	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	F <sup>-</sup>	36.0			
Ag	0.005	As	0.890	Ba	68.0	Be	0.002	Bi
Cd	0.194	Ce	0.678	Cr	0.150	Cs	0.013	Dy
Er	0.011	Eu	0.010	Ga	0.016	Gd	0.043	Ge
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.004	La	0.285	Lu
Mo	3.46	Nb	0.004	Nd	0.307	Pr	0.079	Rb
Sb	0.027	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.49	Sm	0.048	Sn
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.003	Te	0.029	Th	0.020	Ti
Tl	0.019	Tm	0.002	U	69.3	V	8.90	W
Y	0.113	Yb	0.009	Zr	0.014			

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41183

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	4640 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	5192
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	3106
pH	7.3	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	12.0	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	09	TIC	64.8
------	----	-----	------

	<b>Cations</b>			<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	35.4	0.905	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1167	32.920	65.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	548	23.836	48.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	593	12.346	24.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	90.2	7.418	15.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	300	4.916	9.8
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	335	16.717	34.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	6.61	0.107	0.2
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.12	0.048	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.30	0.016	0.0
Sum	48.937		Error 2.8%	Sum	50.323		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.0
------------------	------

	<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>							
Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.031	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	4.23	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	2.00	Li <sup>+</sup>
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	105	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	30.0	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.120	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.240	Zn <sup>2+</sup>
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	250	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	570	F <sup>-</sup>	31.0	
Ag	0.031	As	0.890	Ba	111	Be	0.002	Bi
Cd	0.019	Ce	0.011	Cr	0.320	Cs	0.008	Dy
Er	0.001	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.007	Gd	0.002	Ge
Hf	0.001	Hg	<0.010	Ho	0.000	La	0.007	Lu
Mo	3.86	Nb	0.003	Nd	0.006	Pr	0.001	Rb
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.800	Sm	0.002	Sn
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.005	Th	0.005	Ti
Tl	0.005	Tm	0.000	U	10.7	V	5.20	W
Y	0.016	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.010			0.069

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41184

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	5780 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	6275
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	3755
pH	7.1	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	14.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	12	TIC	68.3
------	----	-----	------

**Cations**

**Anions**

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	39.6	1.013	1.7	Cl <sup>-</sup>	1351	38.110	62.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	657	28.578	48.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	851	17.718	29.0
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	110	9.046	15.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	317	5.195	8.5
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	396	19.760	33.8	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1.19	0.019	0.0
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	2.58	0.059	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.73	0.022	0.0
Sum	58.473		Error 4.4%	Sum	61.081		

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	26.5
------------------	------

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	23.0	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.166	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.530	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	25.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	32.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	216	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.290	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	5.70
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	270	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	520	F <sup>-</sup>	39.0		
Ag	0.012	As	0.560	Ba	108	Be	0.007	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.018	Ce	0.055	Cr	0.280	Cs	0.015	Dy	0.008
Er	0.004	Eu	0.004	Ga	0.018	Gd	0.010	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.003	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.002	La	0.032	Lu	0.001
Mo	3.99	Nb	0.016	Nd	0.029	Pr	0.008	Rb	4.29
Sb	0.017	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.380	Sm	0.009	Sn	0.022
Ta	0.002	Tb	0.001	Te	0.013	Th	0.008	Ti	5.06
Tl	0.017	Tm	0.001	U	15.6	V	4.30	W	0.240
Y	0.033	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.013				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41188

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	2270 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	2356
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1514
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	5.3	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.6	TIC	55.8
------	-----	-----	------

<b>Cations</b>				<b>Anions</b>			
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	21.2	0.542	2.4	Cl <sup>-</sup>	468	13.202	56.9
Na <sup>+</sup>	266	11.570	50.9	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	251	5.226	22.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	36.6	3.010	13.2	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	267	4.376	18.9
Ca 2+	152	7.585	33.4	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	22.5	0.363	1.6
Sum	22.739		Error 2.0%		Sum	23.193	

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	27.4
------------------	------

<b>Trace elements [µg/l]</b>									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co 2+	0.092	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.380	Fe 2+	3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	35.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	143	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.180	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	915
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	3.80								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	200	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	440	F <sup>-</sup>	95.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	801
Ag	0.001	As	0.690	Ba	49.0	Be	0.010	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.010	Cr	0.050	Cs	0.007	Dy	0.003
Er	0.003	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.006	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.020
Hf	0.001	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.005	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.97	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.006	Pr	0.001	Rb	2.01
Sb	0.010	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.77	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.134
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.009	Th	0.008	Ti	0.190
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.001	U	6.36	V	6.70	W	0.205
Y	0.021	Yb	0.003	Zr	0.002				

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41189

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	2660 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	2951
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1843
pH	2.5	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	6.7	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.4	TIC	54.2	Anions		
				Cations		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			
K <sup>+</sup>	23.8	0.609	1.9	Cl <sup>-</sup>	606	17.094
Na <sup>+</sup>	333	14.485	45.4	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	320	6.663
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	48.7	4.005	12.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	272	4.458
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	189	9.431	29.6	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	23.4	0.377
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.07	0.025	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.12	0.014
H <sup>+</sup>		3.311	10.4			
	Sum	31.873	Error 10.7%		Sum	28.622

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 23.9

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.043	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.230	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	<3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	35.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	60.0	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.140	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.050	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	4.60
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	180	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2-</sub>	430	F <sup>-</sup>	82.0		
Ag	0.009	As	0.640	Ba	61.0	Be	0.003	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.009	Ce	0.015	Cr	0.690	Cs	0.005	Dy	0.004
Er	0.001	Eu	0.000	Ga	0.010	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.001	La	0.008	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.82	Nb	0.002	Nd	0.008	Pr	0.002	Rb	2.19
Sb	0.015	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.31	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.009
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.001	Te	0.012	Th	0.006	Ti	0.490
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.001	U	10.00	V	6.10	W	0.135
Y	0.014	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.006				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41190

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1730 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1738
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1097
pH	7.2	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.8	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.4	TIC	40.1	Anions		
				Cations		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]
K <sup>+</sup>	18.4	0.471	2.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	404	11.396
Na <sup>+</sup>	207	9.004	52.8	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	107	2.228
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	31.7	2.607	15.3	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	190	3.114
Ca 2+	99.0	4.940	29.0	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	14.1	0.227
	Sum	17.042	Error 0.4%		Sum	16.983

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 24.6

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	4.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.021	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.240	Fe 2+	<3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	32.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.110	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.030	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	681
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	4.50								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	160	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<50.0	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	470	F <sup>-</sup>	43.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	204
Ag	0.005	As	0.620	Ba	55.0	Be	0.007	Bi	0.001
Cd	0.007	Ce	0.006	Cr	0.940	Cs	0.005	Dy	0.001
Er	0.001	Eu	0.002	Ga	0.009	Gd	0.002	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.004	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.68	Nb	0.001	Nd	0.006	Pr	0.001	Rb	1.76
Sb	0.010	Sc	<1.000	Se	0.680	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.009
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.000	Te	0.006	Th	0.001	Ti	0.170
Tl	0.003	Tm	0.000	U	2.98	V	7.10	W	0.206
Y	0.007	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.003				

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID WW41191

Location alluvial aquifer, Swakop/Khan

Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	2510	EC, calc. [µS/cm]	3135
		Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1944
pH	7.2		
Total hardness [mmol/l]	7.2		

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.4	TIC	59.4	Anions		
				Cations		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			
K <sup>+</sup>	27.8	0.711	2.3	Cl <sup>-</sup>	659	18.590
Na <sup>+</sup>	352	15.311	50.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	322	6.704
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	61.7	5.074	16.6	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	276	4.523
Ca <sup>2+</sup>	188	9.381	30.7	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	27.1	0.437
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.34	0.031	0.1	Br <sup>-</sup>	1.43	0.018
Sum	30.514		Error 0.7%	Sum	30.290	0.1

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO<sub>2</sub> 26.4

**Trace elements [µg/l]**

Al <sup>3+</sup>	5.00	Co 2+	0.014	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	0.190	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	<3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	35.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.070	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.090	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	120	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	530	F <sup>-</sup>	86.0		
Ag	0.007	As	0.660	Ba	55.0	Be	0.001	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.007	Ce	0.023	Cr	0.480	Cs	0.006	Dy	0.002
Er	0.001	Eu	0.003	Ga	0.003	Gd	0.004	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.002	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.007	Lu	0.000
Mo	2.69	Nb	0.005	Nd	0.008	Pr	0.002	Rb	2.17
Sb	0.018	Sc	<1.000	Se	4.97	Sm	0.002	Sn	0.008
Ta	0.001	Tb	0.000	Te	0.007	Th	0.004	Ti	1.06
Tl	0.004	Tm	0.000	U	10.9	V	6.30	W	0.411
Y	0.009	Yb	0.002	Zr	0.007				

It is a very hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID	Swakomund	
Location	public water supply	
Elec. conductivity, EC [µS/cm (25°C)]	1717 EC, calc. [µS/cm]	1696
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	1115
pH	7.7	
Total hardness [mmol/l]	3.4	

**Sum-parameters [mg/l]**

NPOC	0.4	TIC	46.5	Anions		
				Cations		
	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	% c <sub>eq</sub>			
K <sub>+</sub>	12.2	0.312	1.8	Cl <sup>-</sup>	375	10.578
Na <sup>+</sup>	227	9.874	58.2	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	96.5	2.009
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	23.7	1.949	11.5	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	238	3.900
Ca 2+	96.0	4.790	28.2	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	17.9	0.289
Sr <sup>2+</sup>	1.29	0.030	0.2	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.910	0.021
				F <sup>-</sup>	0.535	0.028
Sum	16.974		Error 0.8%		Sum	16.834

**Uncharged species [mg/l]**

SiO <sub>2</sub>	25.5
------------------	------

Trace elements [µg/l]									
Al <sup>3+</sup>	43.0	Co 2+	0.068	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	9.67	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	64.0	Li <sup>+</sup>	60.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	4.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	1.54	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	1.91	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	83.0
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	110	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	Br <sup>-</sup>	558				
Ag	0.027	As	4.45	Ba	222	Be	0.028	Bi	0.006
Cd	0.052	Ce	0.077	Cr	2.31	Cs	0.140	Dy	0.011
Er	0.005	Eu	0.006	Ga	0.026	Gd	0.013	Ge	0.040
Hf	0.000	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.002	La	0.039	Lu	0.001
Mo	2.32	Nb	0.007	Nd	0.043	Pr	0.009	Rb	2.75
Sb	0.027	Sc	<1.000	Se	1.14	Sm	0.009	Sn	0.065
Ta	0.000	Tb	0.002	Te	0.009	Th	0.003	Ti	2.14
Tl	0.002	Tm	0.001	U	14.4	V	12.2	W	0.208
Y	0.046	Yb	0.004	Zr	0.007				

It is a hard Na<sup>+</sup>-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-Cl<sup>-</sup>-HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>-brackish water.

Sample-ID Walvisbay

Location public water supply

Elec. conductivity, EC [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (25°C)]	1106 EC, calc. [ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ]	1151
	Total dissolved solids, TDS, calc. [mg/l]	842

pH	7.9
----	-----

#### Sum-parameters [mg/l]

NPOC	10	TIC	52.6
------	----	-----	------

#### Cations

#### Anions

	[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>		[mg/l]	c <sub>eq</sub> [mmol/l]	%c <sub>eq</sub>
K <sup>+</sup>	15.0	0.384	3.2	Cl <sup>-</sup>	145	4.090	35.4
Na <sup>+</sup>	118	5.133	42.7	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	125	2.603	22.5
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	29.4	2.418	20.1	HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	270	4.425	38.3
Ca 2+	81.4	4.062	33.8	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	25.9	0.418	3.6
	Sum	12.009	Error 3.9%		Sum	11.554	

#### Uncharged species [mg/l]

SiO <sub>2</sub>	30.8
------------------	------

#### Trace elements [ $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$ ]

Al <sup>3+</sup>	2.00	Co <sup>2+</sup>	0.017	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	4.69	Fe 2+	<3.00	Li <sup>+</sup>	24.0
Mn <sup>2+</sup>	3.00	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	<10.00	Ni <sup>2+</sup>	0.360	Pb <sup>2+</sup>	0.000	Sr <sup>2+</sup>	379
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	19.8								
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	210	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	<5.00	BO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	480	F <sup>-</sup>	75.0	Br <sup>-</sup>	111
Ag	0.002	As	1.78	Ba	8.00	Be	0.000	Bi	0.000
Cd	0.020	Ce	0.000	Cr	5.19	Cs	0.021	Dy	0.000
Er	0.001	Eu	0.001	Ga	0.011	Gd	0.001	Ge	0.030
Hf	0.004	Hg	0.000	Ho	0.000	La	0.006	Lu	0.000
Mo	4.85	Nb	0.024	Nd	0.001	Pr	0.000	Rb	4.06
Sb	0.012	Sc	<1.000	Se	2.07	Sm	0.001	Sn	0.001
Ta	0.010	Tb	0.000	Te	0.006	Th	0.001	Ti	0.030
Tl	0.012	Tm	0.000	U	4.13	V	17.6	W	0.197
Y	0.003	Yb	0.001	Zr	0.023				

It is a hard Na+-Ca<sub>2+</sub>-Mg<sub>2+</sub>-HCO<sub>3</sub>--Cl-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>-water.