#### **DEWATS** and stakeholder involvement:

# Lessons learnt from a national community based sanitation program

**BORDA**remen Overseas Research and Development Association

Stefan Reuter, Director

#### Content

#### **DEWATS** and stakeholder involvement

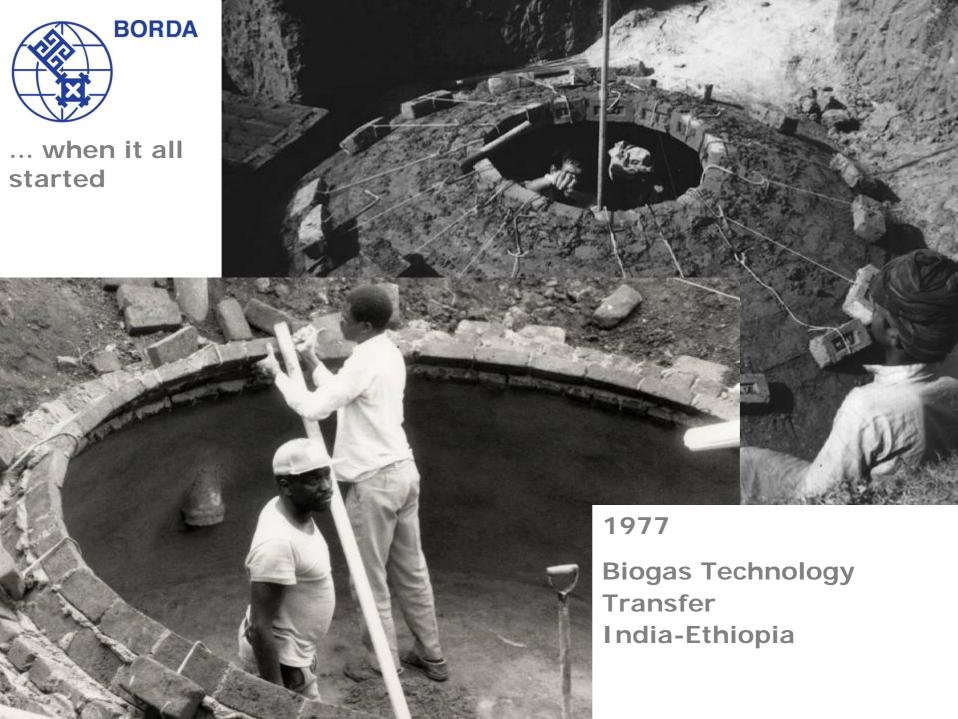
- ¬ BORDA
- ¬ DEWATS
- National CBS Program: Sanimas Indonesia
- Lessons Learnt
- Wanted!

# BORDA

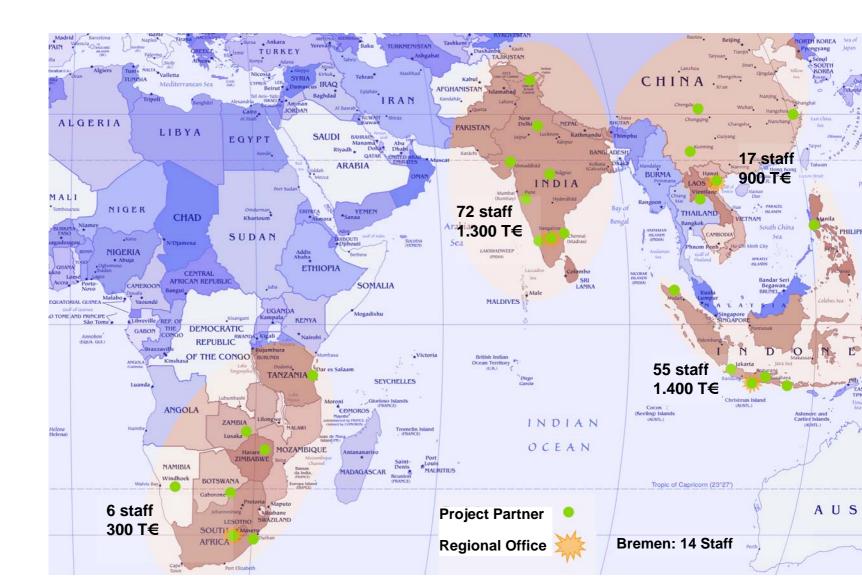
#### **Mission**



securing access to vital resources fostering an intact environment with renewable energy

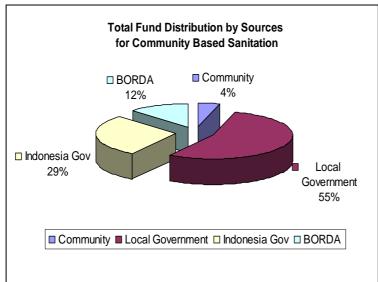


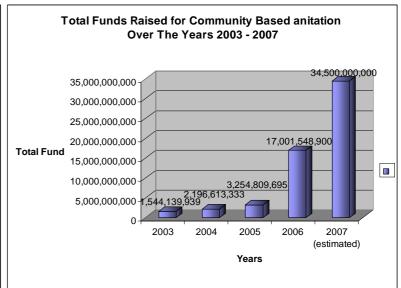
## ... and today



#### **BORDA** · Bremen Overseas Research and Development Association

	Community		Local Government	Indonesian Government	ВОІ	RDA	TOTAL	
	In-kind	In-cash	In-cash	In-cash	In-cash	Community empowerment	TOTAL	
2003	39,519,047	41,140,608	986,044,611	448,362,659* *(AUSAID)	29,073,015	0	1,544,139,939	
2004	51,862,138	32,930,750	1,008,879,459	552,825,658	350,115,329	200,000,000	2,196,613,333	
2005	92,920,325	43,797,388	1,687,126,349	856,783,181	299,182,452	275,000,000	3,254,809,695	
2006	502,912,023	292,912,881	8,330,124,000	4,900,000,000	1,175,000,000	1,800,600,000	17,001,548,900	
TOTAL	687,213,533	410,781,627	12,012,174,420	6,757,971,498	1,853,370,796	2,275,600,000	23,997,111,870	
2007	1,000,000,000	500,000,000	20,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	0	3,000,000,000	34,500,000,000	





#### Goal

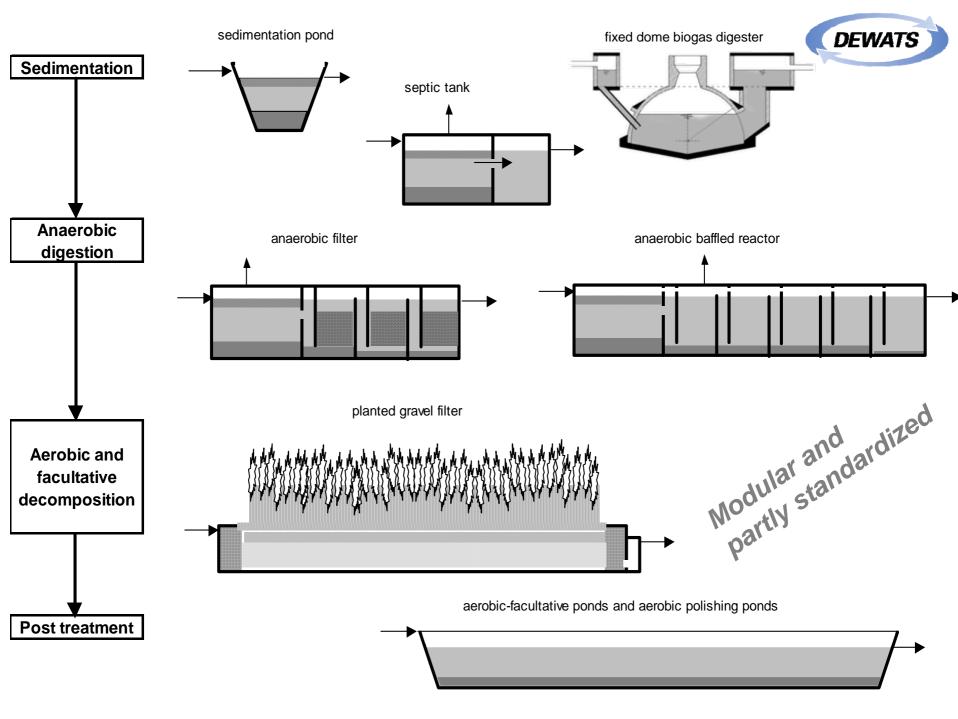


#### **Facilitate**

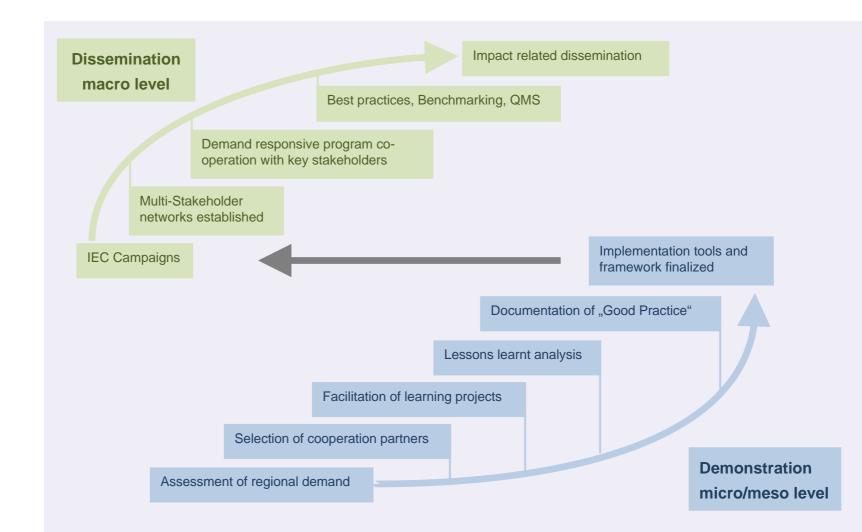
piloting & dissemination of basic needs services water, sanitation & energy to people in poor rural and urban areas that can be self-sustained

# **DEWATS**

Decentralised Wastewater Treatment Systems



## **DEWATS** implementation stages



# **Sanimas Indonesia**

A National Program for Community Based Sanitation (CBS)

### **Since 2003**



2008

#### **BORDA Indonesia Partner Network**

Together with a network of qualified local NGOpartner organizations, BORDA facilitates activities in the fields of:

- Decentralised wastewater treatment for SME
- ¬Community-Based Sanitation:
  - Community Sanitation Center (CSC)
  - Simple Sewerage System (SSS)
- Decentralised solid waste management
- -Sanitation mapping

#### **Waste Water-Facts for Indonesia**

- ¬ The archipelago: 225 Mio people live on 17.000 islands
- 2005: 150 Mio people live on main island Java
- Average population density 800 cap/km²;
   by 2005 about 60 % of population live in urban areas
- Centralized sewerage system in 7 cities for 1 Mio capita
- Main "treatment" of domestic wastewater: absorption pits
- Well water in all cities contaminated with E. coli
- ¬ 12.000.000 m³ domestic ww/ day in Java
- Approximately 75% of existing municipal sludge treatment plants don't function
- More than 100.000 Wastewater producing SME

## **CBS** fills the gap

0 n CBS-00110115 centralized systems Common on-site V e n a n e Cost

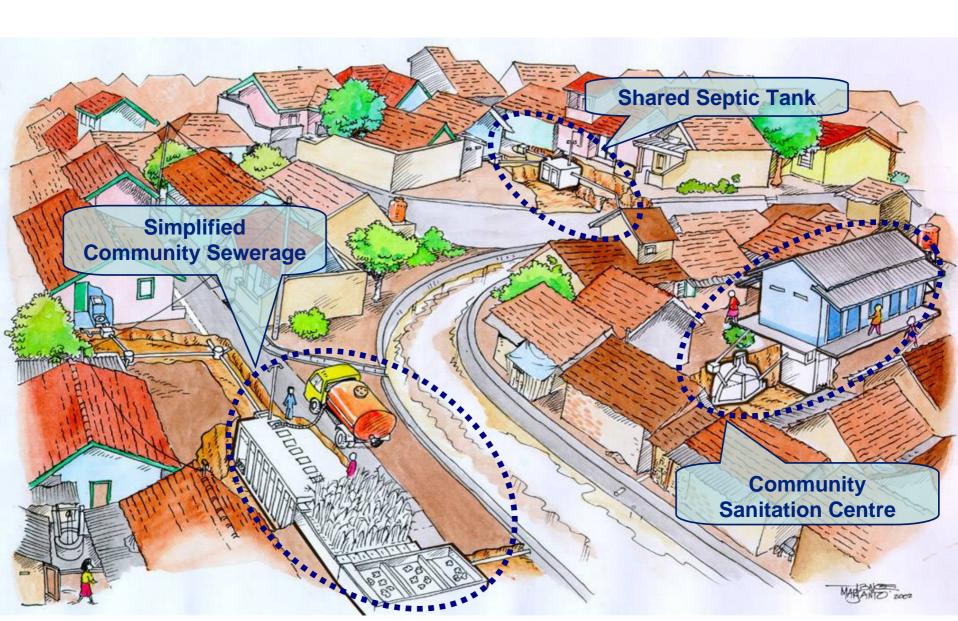
# Application of DEWATS within Community Based Sanitation (CBS)

#### Main CBS principles:



- Multi-source financing of primary infrastructure
- ¬ O & M fully financed by users
- Demand-responsive approach (DRA)
- ¬ Informed Choice
- Participatory Planning
- Professional Design & Workmanship
- O & M managed by users or local service providers

# **Main CBS options**



### **Participatory Planning**

#### Some practical tools & outputs

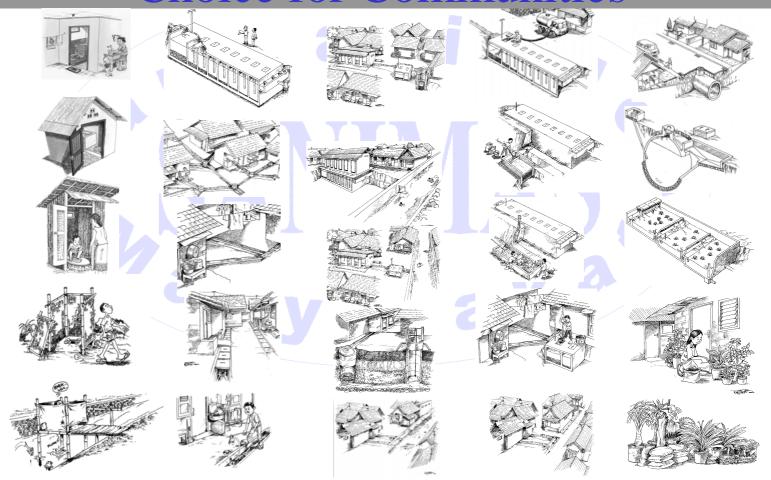
- Participatory Community Appraisal
- Participatory Community Mapping
- Wealth Mapping (Equity!)
- Informed Choice Catalogue (ICC)
- Community Action Plan: Contribution
- Community Action Plan: Training
- Community Action Plan: Construction
- Community Action Plan : O & M



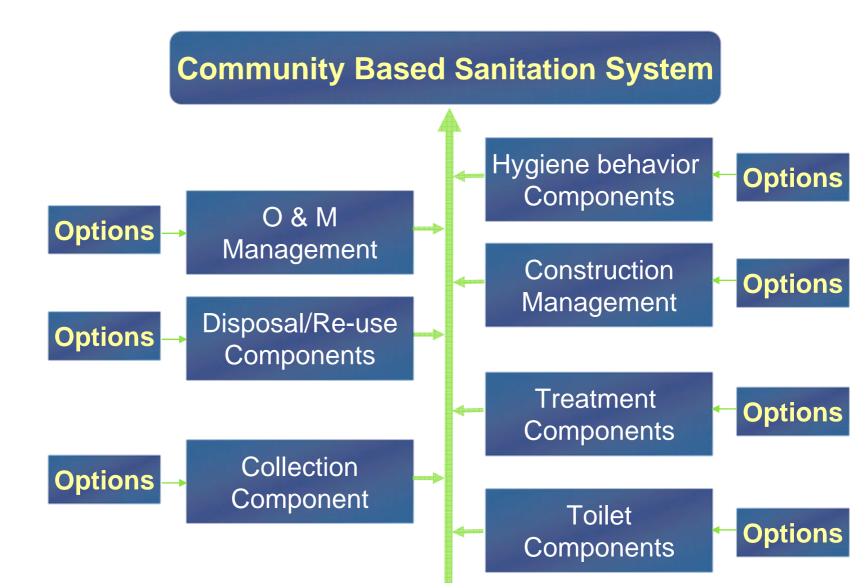




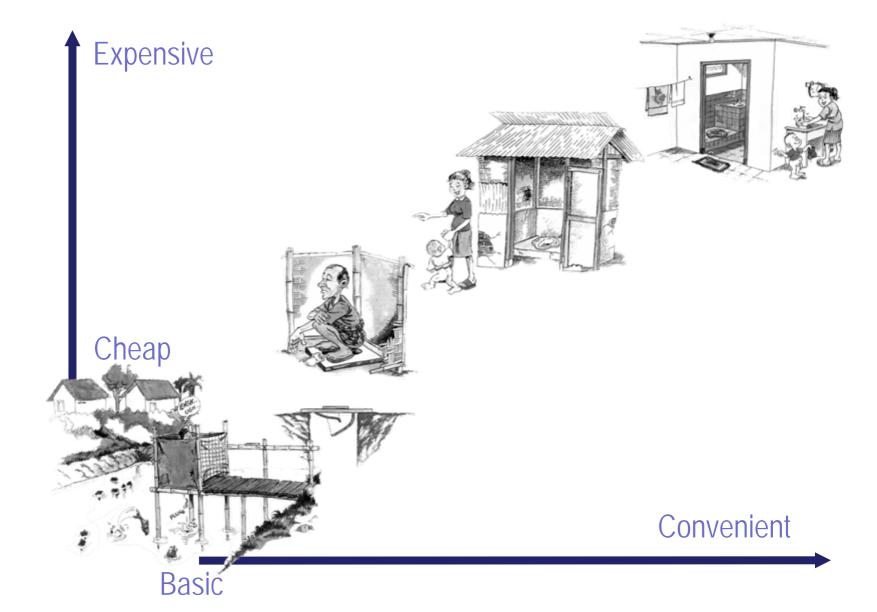
# Technical CBS-Options - Informed Choice for Communities



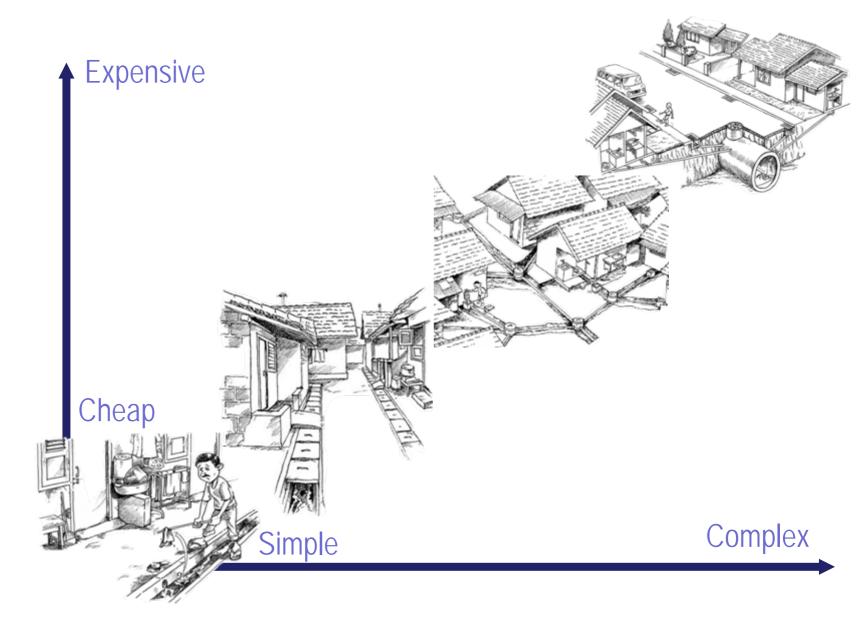
#### **Informed Choice: Selection Tree**



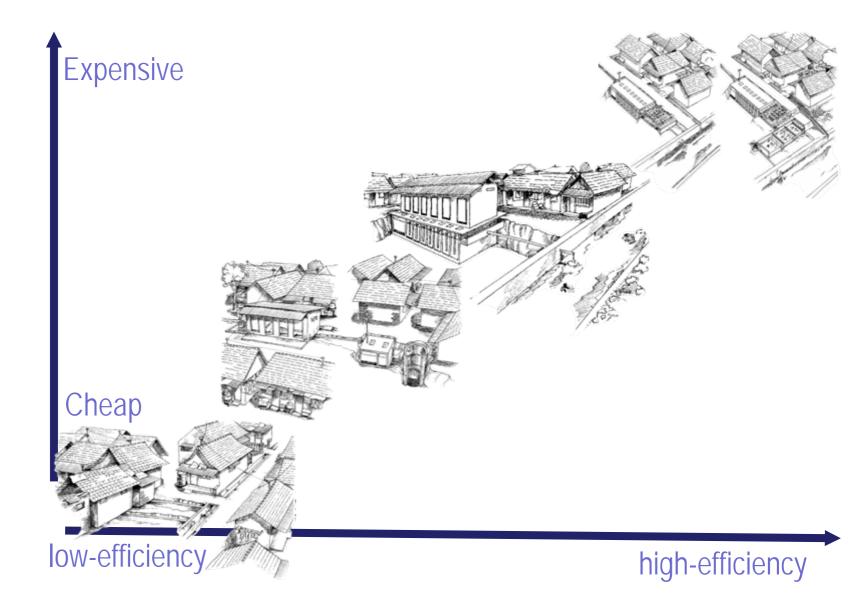
# **Component 1: Toilets**



# **Component 2: Collection**



## **Component 3: Treatment**



# Training and guidance for functioning O&M



# CBS Operation & Maintenance costs covered fully by user fees

#### Cost factors

- Repairs/Renewal of CBS infrastructure
- Person in charge of routine maintenance
- Electricity
- Water
- Miscellaneous

#### Fee payments

- ¬ Per use
- weekly fees
- monthly fees

# **Example**

DEWATS at SUKOHARJO Housing Area, Central Java, Indonesia

# **SUKOHARJO** Housing Area system profile

Households : 102

Waste Water Source: WC, bathing, washing, kitchen

WWTP : Septic Tank, Baffled Reaktor,

Anaerobic Filter, HGF, pond

capacity : 50 m<sup>3</sup>/day

Space : 140 m<sup>2</sup>

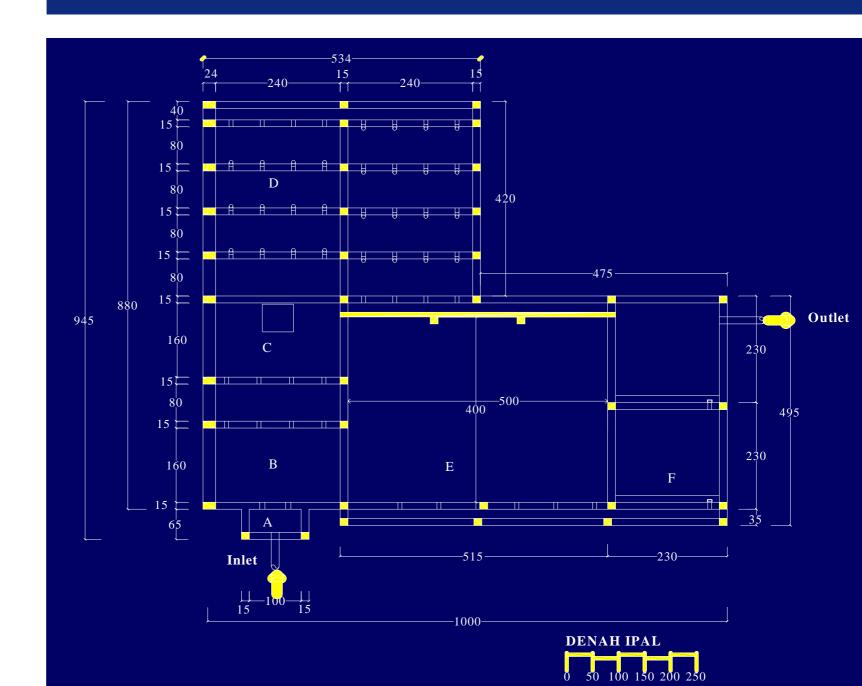
Capital costs : Rp 215,500,000 (~€20,000)

Operational costs : Rp 500,000/month (~€45)

Start of operating : 17 September 2002

Inflow BOD/COD : 190/350 mg/l

Outlet BOD/COD : 22/58 mg/l



### **Construction Process**

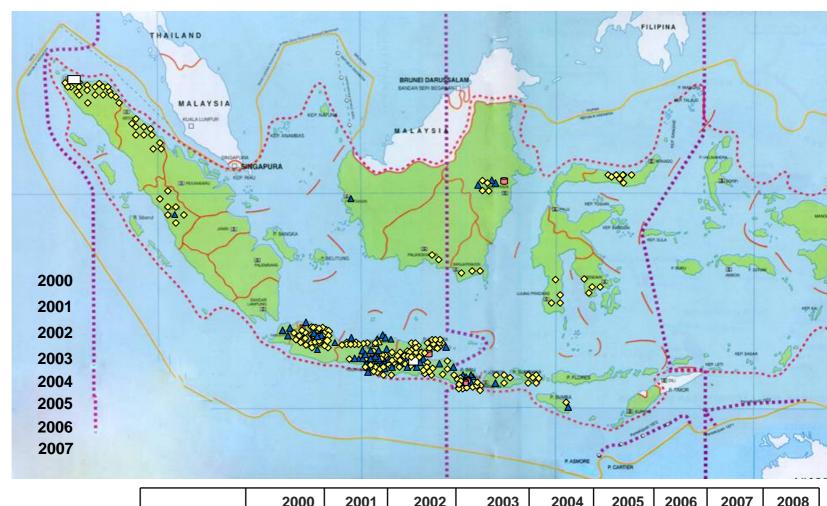








#### **BORDA** · Bremen Overseas Research and Development Association



		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
CBS	$\Diamond$	4	4	8	29	10	19	61	94	97
SME		1	9	17	6	8	13	4	20	19
DESWAM								5		2
STP								1	1	0

# **Key Achievements**

#### **Key Achievements**

- √ 60% reduction of hygiene and sanitation related diseases in intervention areas
- ✓ Improved sanitation facilities provided for over 100.000 inhabitants of low-income areas in over 100 mostly small- and medium cities
- ✓ Over 1000 implementing agents trained
- √ 100 % "hardware" and 50% "software" costs financed out
  of national/local Indonesian Gov. budget
- ✓ Over 250 sanitation experts (community facilitators, craftsmen, engineers etc.) work for the program/year
- ✓ Transaction costs for improved sanitation reduced to 70-100 \$ per capita
- ✓ Professional implementation network established
- ✓ Quality Management System developed that allows for further up-scaling in SEA countries

# **Lessons Learnt**

#### **Lessons Learnt**

- 1. Management of sanitation service providers
- "Operationalize result & impact based growth strategy early"
- 2. Community Participation
- "Effective community participation is no DIY approach"
- 3. Multi-Stakeholder framework
- "Co-operation structure and regulations must be defined"
- 4. Quality Management System
- "A practical QMS is basis for successful up-scaling"

#### **Lessons Learnt**

- 5. Cost-efficiency
- "Cost-efficiency enhances chances for independent up-scaling"
- 6. Health Impact Assessment
- "An efficient tool to verify baseline and impacts with communities"
- 7. Centralized vs. decentralized/on-site sanitation systems "Community/on-site sanitation will dominate for years to come"
- 8. Regulations urgently required
- "Lack of sector regulation enhances quick & dirty solutions"

# Wanted!

A systematic & concerted demonstration of tested DEWATS options "on scale" in small & medium cities

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A systematic & concerted demonstration of tested DEWATS options "on scale" in small & medium cities

- Decentralized sanitation package:
   SanMap, HIA, CBS, DEWATS-SME, QMS, IPLT
- Largest decentralized sanitation solution, but current coverage in target cities is less than 1% of households
- Integrated decentralized sanitation strategies of small/medium of towns await implementation
- Small/medium towns demand "open packages": manageable, sustainable and up-gradable, main platform-modules to be implementable in a limited timeframe
- Multi-million \$ investments for centralized sewerage & WWT systems will be limited to major cities and are hardly realistic options for urban low-income areas and SMEs

#### Wanted!

A systematic & concerted demonstration of tested DEWATS options "on scale" in small & medium cities

- Majority of existing residential areas in non-industrialized countries and new real estate developments do and will depend on on-site and decentralized sanitation systems
- Hygienic and environmentally sound handling & management of feco-sludges increasingly required in small and medium towns to avoid public health hazards
- Only a concerted comprehensive "real-scale" approach that combines multiple options "on scale" has a realistic chance of donor buy-ins and future mass-replications

# Thank you! reuter@borda.de



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